

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1894.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Home Institution Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and not Tributary to any Eastern Management. Established in Duluth in 1881.

BIG DULUTH

Store Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

Every Dollar's Worth of Winter Clothing is to be Sold, and Sold Now

The Half-Cut rates for our Men's and Boys' coats have given marching orders to the entire stock. Ulsters and Overcoats can't help but go quickly. The

\$10.00 ones are... \$5.00 \$20.00 ones are... \$10.00
\$12.00 ones are... \$6.00 \$25.00 ones are... \$12.50
\$15.00 ones are... \$7.50 \$30.00 ones are... \$15.00

There are a great many buyers within the last month who can testify to the great bargains to be had.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

The Boy's Reefers \$3.50, are now... \$1.75
The Boy's Reefers \$5.00, are now... 2.50
The Boy's Cape Overcoats \$4.00, are now... 2.00
The Boy's Storm Coats \$5.00, are now... 2.50

GREAT SALE OF PANTS.
GREAT SALE OF PANTS.
GREAT SALE OF PANTS.
GREAT SALE OF PANTS.

Our annual February Pantaloons Sale commences today! Every dollar's worth of them will be sold for lowest prices ever known. Any purchaser not pleased with purchase, bring it back and have your money refunded.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL

Complete and Trustworthy Outfitters for Men, Boys and Children.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES, Employers Liability,
District Managers, Elevator Accident,
London Guarantee & Accident Co. Workmen's Collective,
(LIMITED), Surety Bonds,
OF LONDON, ENG. Individual Accident
ORGANIZED 1888.

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Three 1820 Old Steel Rollers.
Three 1820 Old Steel Rollers, Butman Setting.
One 50 horse-power Locomotive Cut-Off Engine.
One 100 horse-power Hackney Engine.
One 40 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
One 20 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
All in first-class condition.
Also the old lower house building of the Hartman General Electric Co. at the foot of Fifth Avenue east, on lake front, and a miscellaneous lot of Piping and Steam Fittings, Pipes, Castings, Pumps, etc.
ENQUIRER

HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,
ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING



Imperial Flour.

READ what the leading Commercial paper of America recently had to say about Duluth flour:

"Flour was dull and unsettled on spring patents, as the Duluth mills are making the market for Minneapolis not only, but getting the trade, as they are able at that point to get better wheat than Minneapolis at less cost, while not making such a large percentage of patents as Minneapolis and hence a better and stronger flour, which is taking the place of the Minneapolis brands of older reputation at better prices." (N. Y. Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin.)

* Your Grocer Sells It. *

SPECIAL SALE

TROUSERINGS!

FOR THIS WEEK.

J.S. LANE, MERCHANT TAILOR,
430 SPALDING HOUSE BLK

LOST HIS HEAD

Vaillant, the Anarchist Who Threw the Bomb at the French Deputies, Was Executed Today.

He Paid the Penalty of His Outrageous Crime by Death Upon the Bloody Guillotine.

Vaillant's Courage Was Remarkable and He Placed His Head Under the Knife Without Assistance.

Instantly the Keen-Edged, Glistening Blade Descended and His Head Dropped Into the Basket.

PARIS, Feb. 5.—With a cry of "death to the bourgeoisie, long live anarchy," Vaillant, the anarchist whose name has been on the lips of Parisians ever since Dec. 9, when he threw the bomb in the chamber of deputies, paid the penalty of his crime.

The precautions taken by the authorities to prevent any anarchist demonstrations at the guillotine were perfect and many of the crowd that had gathered to witness the execution, finding that the guards prevented them from seeing anything of the guillotine, left the vicinity of Roquette prison, in which Vaillant was waiting the coming of the headsman, before the time it was expected that the execution would take place. Judge Lepine, before whom Vaillant was tried, arrived at the prison at an early hour, and shortly after M. Lepine, prefect of police visited the place de Roquette to see that every precaution had been taken to guard against a demonstration.

After the guillotine had been set up in the Place de la Roquette, but a few feet from the doorway of the prison, by the assistants of M. Deibler, the state executioner, the latter appeared and tested the machine of death. After examining the pulleys and finding that they worked all right, the knife was inserted. This knife, which was a foot wide, had a diagonal edge, one end being a foot longer than the other.

A Quiet Crowd.
At 6:45 o'clock the gaslight in the vicinity of the prison began to pale. It was estimated at this time that not more than 700 or 800 people were waiting to see the execution, but as it grew later the crowd slightly increased, and at the time the knife fell about 1200 people were present. Many persons were standing on the roofs of the houses from which a view of the guillotine could be had. There was none of the shrieking that usually marks an execution here.

At 7 o'clock twenty-five mounted guards advanced to the front of the guillotine. Muskets were slung across their backs and all carried loaded sabres in their hands. All the troops present straightened up as the little door in the gateway closed. There was a sign that the double doors would shortly swing open and allow the passage of Vaillant and his attendants. At 7:00 o'clock all the gas lamps were extinguished except the one nearest the guillotine.

At 7:10 o'clock Head Warden Brun, Judge Lepine, Register Horoch and District Police Commissary Evgonie entered Vaillant's cell to inform him that the time had arrived for the sentence which was to be carried out. The condemned man was sleeping when they arrived. He was awakened and told to prepare for death. He appeared to be surprised and began to reiterate the theories he advanced before the assize court. He declared that though it was easy to suppress him, it was impossible to suppress anarchistic ideas. "My body is nothing," he said, "compared with the progress of principles. I shall be revenged."

Vaillant Was Courageous.
Vaillant was perfectly calm, and displayed no fear whatever. The warden asked him if he would like to see the chaplain. "No," replied Vaillant, "I will not."

"Will you have something to drink?" asked the warden.
"No," replied Vaillant, "I shall have enough courage without that."

As a matter of fact the courage of the condemned man was remarkable, as the later incidents show. He was shackled by the executioner's assistants and then ordered to follow to the guillotine. He obeyed the order readily, and as he left the prison his form was upright. He walked as quickly as his shackles would allow, without leaning for support on the assistants, one of whom walked on each side of him.

As Vaillant appeared outside the prison, wearing only a shirt and trousers, everybody bowed their heads and the troops presented arms to salute him, who was looked upon as already dead. Chaplain Valadier, whose ministrations he had refused, stood outside the prison in order to be near should the prisoner change his

mind. His services, however, were not called for.

Vaillant advanced steadily. When about eighty yards outside the prison, he sprang forward a little to shout: "Death to the bourgeoisie, long live anarchy." As he shouted his last cry, his voice resounded over the whole square. When he had finished, he was about three yards from the plank on which his body was to be fastened. It has been customary for the executioner's assistants to push the condemned criminals against this plank, but as Vaillant reached it he sprang forward and placed himself against it.

The Knife Descended.
The plank dropped and in a shorter time than it takes to write it, Vaillant's neck slipped under the glistening knife, and the moment he was in position Deibler touched the spring. There was a flash as the heavy blade descended and the spectators saw a head and a bleeding stump of a neck drop into the basket placed behind the guillotine. The head turned around as it was severed from the body and dropped into the basket face up. A second later the plank twisted to the left, and the trunk was thrown into a large basket placed alongside of the guillotine to receive it.

Between the time of Vaillant's arrival at the guillotine and the closing of the basket containing his remains, scarcely more than twenty seconds had elapsed. Deibler, who has received many letters threatening him with death if he executed Vaillant, and who at one time wished to resign his position rather than to put the anarchist to death, appeared paler and more nervous than Vaillant.

By the time the execution had been performed the crowd had grown somewhat in numbers. Most of those who witnessed the execution were working people of the district, who had learned when they arose to go to their work that Vaillant would be put to death this morning. Had the news been known earlier, there is no doubt that an immense crowd would have been present. The usual mob that gathers to witness executions had been twice disappointed after waiting nearly all night, and so they missed the guillotining of Vaillant, not caring to sit or stand all night again on the chance of seeing him put to death.

Many Women Present.
Most of the men who saw the end of Vaillant wore blouses and peaked caps and the women, of whom there was not a few, wore the latest fashion. Within less than two minutes after the knife fell, Vaillant's body was placed in a van and was taken to the Ivery cemetery. The van was preceded by twenty mounted guards and followed by a similar number and a carriage containing the officials. The route to the cemetery was covered at a gallop.

The remains were ostensibly interred in that part known as the "turnip field," which is reserved for criminals who are guillotined. It is understood that after going through the form of interment, the body was delivered to the medical faculty for the purpose of dissection. While the body was being taken to the cemetery, the assistants of the executioner took down the guillotine and then with mops and buckets of water cleaned the flagstone of all traces of blood. Their work finished, they lingered for a time listening to the remarks of the crowd.

The courage of Vaillant was highly lauded. One woman was heard to say: "Poor little Sidi!" referring to Vaillant's daughter, who had unavailingly appealed to President Carnot to pardon her father. The silence that prevailed during Vaillant's walk from the prison door to the guillotine was very remarkable, but this was probably due to the fact that the spectators were respectable working people and not the riff-raff that usually assemble to witness the putting of a fellow being to death.

VAILLANT'S DASTARDLY CRIME.

He Threw a Bomb in the Chamber of Deputies.
PARIS, Feb. 5.—The crime for which Vaillant today paid the penalty with his life was committed in the chamber of deputies on Dec. 9 last. At about 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the day, while the chamber was discussing an election case, Vaillant, who was sitting in one of the galleries set apart for the spectators, threw a bomb toward the floor of the house. The bomb exploded just as it left the miserant's hand and he was among the number injured. About fifty persons were hurt by the explosion.

Deputy Abbe Lemire was the worst injured of all those struck by the flying nails with which the bomb had been loaded and for some time it was thought that he would die. The Count de Lanjais was also seriously wounded. A majority of the injured were occupants of the galleries. The consternation that followed the explosion may be better imagined than described.

A writ was made by the visitors to get out of the chamber, but the gardes, who are always on duty in the lobby, caused the doors to be shut and allowed no one to leave the building. It was due to this coolheadedness that the arrest of Vaillant was made. As he attempted to leave the building he was detained by a gendarme, who thought he was displaying too much anxiety to get away. His arrest followed. He was taken to the hotel Dieu where his wounds were treated.

After a time he made a full confession of his crime. He said that he went to

Continued on page 2.

THE LIE WAS PASSED

Exciting Scene in Judge Tutill's Court at Chicago Just After Court Adjourned on Noon.

Prosecuting Attorney Bottom and Attorney Donohue, One of Coughlin's Lawyers, Had a Sensational Dispute.

One Called the Other a Liar and For a Time it Looked Like a Fight.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—An exciting scene, almost culminating in a fist encounter between Public Prosecutor Bottom and Daniel Donohue, junior counsel for the Coughlin defense, occurred in Judge Tutill's court room immediately after the close of the morning session. The judge had retired and the jury was being marshalled by the guards preparatory to leaving for their hotel.

Michael O'Connor, a police officer and Cronin suspect, had left the witness stand after a sensational cross examination. In it he had admitted that by order of Chief of Police Brennan he had for two weeks travelled in citizens clothes and worked on a petty larceny case called for trial. The prosecution indirectly accused him of putting in his time preparing to testify for Coughlin.

A newspaper man asked the prosecution after adjournment if Chief Brennan had detailed O'Connor. Mr. Bottom said yes. It started the row. Attorney Donohue across the table heard the conversation and said: "You should not say that before the jury."

An altercation quickly followed, the sidewalk lawyers got excited, used harsh words and glared at each other. Donohue virtually said Bottom was a liar. The jury and guards stopped, the newspaper men formed a ring and the prisoner drew close to his defenders ready for any trouble.

Suddenly Judge Tutill came upon the scene. In a voice trembling with indignation and excitement he shouted: "I fine you \$50 for contempt, Mr. Donohue." The lawyer protested he had not called Bottom a liar and demanded an investigation. Court was re-convened and each lawyer made a heated statement.

"He would not dare to call me a liar outside the court room," thundered Bottom with flashing eyes.

"I have nothing to regret and don't take back a word," was the defiant reply hurled back by Donohue.

The court reversed his judgment.

NOMINATED BY GROVER.

Another Batch of Appointments Sent to the Senate.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The president sent today to the senate the following nominations:

August Zebrung, of Ohio, to be collector of customs for the district of Cuyahoga, Ohio.

John R. Walker, of Missouri, to be western collector of the United States for the eastern district of Missouri.

Joseph O. Shelby, of Missouri, to be western collector of the United States for the western district of Missouri.

To be registers of land offices: Edward B. Evans, of Iowa, at Des Moines, Iowa; John D. Bryan, of New Mexico, at Las Cruces, N. M.; Robert M. Veatch, of Oregon, at Roseburg, Oregon.

To be receivers of public moneys: Simpson S. Reynolds, of Kansas, at Wakeeney, Kan.; Moses R. Degroff, of Missouri, at Springfield, Mo.; James P. Ascare, of New Mexico, at Las Cruces, N. M.; Vincent L. Snelling, of Oregon, at Lake View, Ore.

Postmasters: Wisconsin, James Conklin, Madison; Thomas Jenkins, Plattville. Withdrawn: Wm. H. Thompson, postmaster at Blue Rapids, Kan.

BAD FIRE IN SAVANNAH.

Guano and Grocery Warehouses Burned Causing Loss of \$500,000.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 5.—A disastrous fire started this morning at 10 o'clock in the guano warehouse of Wilcox Gibbs & Co. and from there spread to the Savannah Grocery company's 6-story brick building, which was totally consumed. The store of the Savannah Grocery company was worth \$150,000. It was insured for \$130,000.

The fire next extended to M. Fess's wholesale grocery (three stories) and that is now burning. The stock is worth \$150,000; insurance \$125,000. The building belongs to Wilcox Gibbs & Co. and is valued at \$100,000; insurance \$80,000. The guano warehouse is valued at \$100,000. It is still burning.

William Tilton was run over by the hook and ladder truck at the fire and dangerously hurt. The fire is now under control.

The fire proves to be the largest since the great conflagration of April, 1889. The loss this afternoon is estimated at nearly \$500,000. The weather being very cold the fire was hard to get at.

Peckham's Nomination.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The senate committee on judiciary took no action on the case of Wheeler H. Peckham, nominated to be associate justice of the supreme court, but permitted it to go over until a special meeting tomorrow morning at 10:30.

A Horseman's Suicide.
RICHMOND, Ind., Feb. 5.—Dr. F. A. Bolar, a veterinary surgeon and well-known horseman, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself through the heart. He died instantly. Cause unknown.

Guilt of Murder.
ROCKFORD, Ill., Feb. 5.—The jury in the case of Hart, on trial for the murder of his two sisters on Sept. 5, brought in a verdict finding the defendant guilty and fixing his punishment at death.

FEBRUARY,

The Meaning of the Word.

We don't want our friends to think us pedantic; we certainly are not running a kindergarten, but the name of the month interests us. We just found out that it is derived from the Latin word "februus"—to purify by sacrifice. That applied to us during the month of January, because we purified and sacrificed our stock previous to opening our Great Spring purchases of

White Goods, Wash Goods, Sheetings, Embroideries, Linens, etc.

FEBRUARY,

Finds us beginning our eighth year in Duluth with a magnificent stock of New, Seasonable Goods.

Embroideries.

Silk Dep't.

From the Alps

To America.

We are just patriotic enough to use, and want to use, everything we possibly can of the production of our country. The Yankees (may their tribe increase) have succeeded in making nearly everything that can be made of cotton, wool, flax and silk, but there's a few Old World industries that don't flourish here yet. One of these is the art of embroidery. To do this you must be a Swiss and live in Switzerland. We can't bring over the Alps, but here's the

The extent of the use of these fabrics in any country is said to be a sure indication of the prosperity of the people. In no nation of the world is the quantity of these consumed as in the United States. To supply a demand so great and a taste so varied calls for a vast investment of capital and a close study of the wants of our trade.

MONDAY IN OUR

Silk Dep't.

We will open New Satin Duchess Rhadamers, Peau De Soles, Surahs, Faille Francaises, Rainbow Silks, Colored Satins in all the newest colors. But the most important article in our Silk Department Monday will be the opening of our

Great Purchase of

China Silks.

100 pieces 22-inch China Silks, light, dark, colored and black grounds with the most beautiful assortment of flower and figure patterns you ever saw.

The Price **50c**

50 pieces 24-inch China Silk, elegant quality, entirely new designs.

The Price **75c**

We Have

Hamburg Edges Narrow
Hamburg Edges Medium
Hamburg Edges Wide
Hamburg Flouncings
Hamburg Skirtings
Hamburg Allovers
Hamburg Insertions.

We Have

Nainsook Edges Narrow
Nainsook Edges Medium
Nainsook Edges Wide
Nainsook Flouncings
Nainsook Skirtings
Nainsook Allovers
Nainsook Insertions.

We Have

Swiss Edges Narrow
Swiss Edges Medium
Swiss Edges Wide
Swiss Flouncings
Swiss Skirtings
Swiss Allovers
Swiss Insertions.

We Have

Hamburg, Swiss and Nainsook Edges and Insertions in Sets.

We Have

Colored Embroideries in all the new colors for Children's dresses. We are vain enough to say ours is the only complete line in the city.

Not Only Have We

Secured a handsome line of the above but we have been fortunate enough to have secured another immense lot of Manufacturers' REMNANTS OF WHITE EMBROIDERIES, EDGES AND INSERTIONS.

LOT 1 consists of narrow and medium widths, worth in a regular way \$2 to 10c, sale price

5c
LOT 2 consists of medium edges and insertions worth 15c for

8c
LOT 3 consists of medium and wide edges and insertion worth 18c for

10c
LOT 4 consists of wide widths worth 20c for

15c
LOT 5 consists of wide widths worth 35c to 50c for

20 Per Yard
5 Immense Lots 5

Of Skirtings and Flouncings.
LOT 1, only 39c, worth 65c.
LOT 2, only 49c, worth 75c.
LOT 3, only 59c, worth 95c.
LOT 4, only 69c, worth \$1.00.
LOT 5, only 89c, worth \$1.75.

The above have to be seen to be appreciated.

NOVELTY

Dress Goods.

50 odd pieces left over from our winter season formerly sold for \$1.25, \$1.15 and \$1.00 all go at

The Price **75c**

French and English Dress Patterns all go at

Half Price.

PANTON & WATSON

WEST DULUTH ITEMS

Mike Doyle Assaulted a Lewis Man on the Street Saturday and Was Fined This Morning.

Republicans Meet at Labor Hall This Evening and the Democrats at Their Headquarters.

The Ball of the Local Militia Companies Will Take Place Tonight at Scott's Hall.

Mike Doyle, an ardent supporter of Jenson, made himself a striking figure in politics Saturday afternoon on the corner of Central avenue and Fourth street by planting his fist in the eye of an inoffensive young man named Thompson. The latter was a Norwegian and was diligently persuading his countryman to vote for Lewis when Doyle stepped up and interrupted the conversation by asking Thompson if Jenson was not all right.

A few words passed between them, when without any provocation whatever, Doyle played off with his right and landed in Thompson's eye. The assailant was at once arrested, taken to headquarters and held until bail was posted this morning. Doyle appeared before Judge Himebaugh this morning, pleaded guilty and was fined \$10 and costs.

Political Meetings Tonight.
The Republicans will hold a mass meeting tonight at Labor hall, the Democrats at the party quarters, Central avenue. Adam Beale and a brass band are advertised as special attractions.

The Militia Ball.
The militia ball takes place tonight at Scott's hall and there is promise of a big crowd in attendance. Over 150 tickets have been sold in advance and the committee on arrangements is confident of success in every particular. The West Duluth string orchestra will furnish music and supper will be served by Caterer Stewart.

West Duluth Falls.
John Dobney, of Bay Mills, spent Sunday in West Duluth among friends. Mrs. P. F. Smith left Saturday for Ironwood, Mich., to visit relatives. Miss Nellie Clippert is reported to be dangerously ill with typhoid fever.

J. H. Thompson, of Stillwater, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Edwards, of Second street south.

The firm of Mitchell & McClure sold a valuable team in the bay on Saturday afternoon.

Most of the West Duluth policemen will attend the annual ball of the department at the St. Louis this evening.

Rev. Walter preached at the Presbyterian church yesterday morning.
Mrs. Blumenthal and daughter, of Minneapolis, are guests of Mrs. L. Johnstone, of Sixth avenue.

Mrs. Emil Olund sang "Ashamed of Jesus" as an addition to the church music at the Congregational church last evening.

AN UNEXPECTED MOVE.
New Turn in Brayton Lives Attempt to Oust Northern Pacific Receivers.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 5.—An unexpected turn was taken in the attempt of Brayton Ives to oust the receivers of the Northern Pacific railroad, in the United States court this morning. The court had decreed that the receivers should be removed and Silas W. Pettit, counsel for Brayton Ives, after filing the replication to the answer of the receivers asked for an order of reference, appointing two masters, one at Chicago and one at New York, to take testimony in case.

Perhaps such an array of prominent legal talent never gathered at the United States court than filled the court room this morning. There were present, also, many prominent railroad officials of the city. All of the receivers of the Northern Pacific, Thomas F. Oakes, Henry C. Rouse and Henry C. Payne, were present. Brayton Ives will not appear. He was represented by Silas W. Pettit, and J. P. Harper, John C. Spooner, W. Nelson, Crowell of New York; James H. Hoyt, of Cleveland; James McNaught, of New York, and George E. Miller, of this city, represented the receivers. President Roosevelt, of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company, was represented by Mr. Turner, the counsel of the company, of New York, and G. W. C. Winkler and James G. Flanders, of this city.

In the replication Ives simply acknowledges the service and states that all of the charges made in the petition asking for the removal of the receivers will be proven. The order of reference asking for the appointment of masters in chancery at Chicago and New York, accompanied the replication. Mr. Pettit in the presentation stated that he asked this, that the case might be disposed of more speedily. There were many witnesses he expected to summon, and who were outside of the jurisdiction of the court and could not be brought to Milwaukee.

He was willing to have the testimony taken at whatever time the counsel for the receivers might designate. If the court saw fit to appoint but one master, he was content to have the court decide whether he should sit at Chicago or New York and suggested that the present master, A. L. Cary, was a very proper person for the appointment.

John C. Spooner made an argument against the appointment of masters, saying the receivers wanted Mr. Ives to prove his charges in open court. This afternoon Mr. Pettit will argue for the appointment of masters.

Once More Denied.
Rome, Feb. 5.—The representative of the United Press in this city recently sent a denial of the reports that Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, had been summoned to Rome. Today Cardinal Rampolla, papal secretary of state, authorized the United Press to again deny the report.

Harwood, representative of the people—Adv.

For Colds,

Coughs,
Croup, Influenza, and
Bronchitis,
use

AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL

the best
of all anodyne
expectorants.
Prompt to act,
Sure to Cure

WHEAT DROPPED TODAY.

The Market Was Easy and Closed Very Dull and Heavy.

The wheat market opened easy and weak at 10 o'clock, and continued to decline until 10:30 a. m. There was a very good demand from the mills for track wheat and wheat to arrive, and there was good trading early in rounds lots of wheat. The trading in futures was confined to May until just at the close, when some wheat was sold. The market was dull, slow and easy, with slightly declining tendency up to noon, and in the afternoon prices declined somewhat. The close was very dull and heavy at the decline on end and the 10:30 decline on futures. Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard wheat, 62½¢; February, 61¢; May, 61½¢; July, 61½¢; No. 1 northern wheat, 61½¢; No. 2 northern wheat, 61¢; No. 3 northern wheat, 60½¢; No. 4 northern wheat, 60¢; No. 5 northern wheat, 59½¢; No. 6 northern wheat, 59¢; No. 7 northern wheat, 58½¢; No. 8 northern wheat, 58¢; No. 9 northern wheat, 57½¢; No. 10 northern wheat, 57¢; No. 11 northern wheat, 56½¢; No. 12 northern wheat, 56¢; No. 13 northern wheat, 55½¢; No. 14 northern wheat, 55¢; No. 15 northern wheat, 54½¢; No. 16 northern wheat, 54¢; No. 17 northern wheat, 53½¢; No. 18 northern wheat, 53¢; No. 19 northern wheat, 52½¢; No. 20 northern wheat, 52¢; No. 21 northern wheat, 51½¢; No. 22 northern wheat, 51¢; No. 23 northern wheat, 50½¢; No. 24 northern wheat, 50¢; No. 25 northern wheat, 49½¢; No. 26 northern wheat, 49¢; No. 27 northern wheat, 48½¢; No. 28 northern wheat, 48¢; No. 29 northern wheat, 47½¢; No. 30 northern wheat, 47¢; No. 31 northern wheat, 46½¢; No. 32 northern wheat, 46¢; No. 33 northern wheat, 45½¢; No. 34 northern wheat, 45¢; No. 35 northern wheat, 44½¢; No. 36 northern wheat, 44¢; No. 37 northern wheat, 43½¢; No. 38 northern wheat, 43¢; No. 39 northern wheat, 42½¢; No. 40 northern wheat, 42¢; No. 41 northern wheat, 41½¢; No. 42 northern wheat, 41¢; No. 43 northern wheat, 40½¢; No. 44 northern wheat, 40¢; No. 45 northern wheat, 39½¢; No. 46 northern wheat, 39¢; No. 47 northern wheat, 38½¢; No. 48 northern wheat, 38¢; No. 49 northern wheat, 37½¢; No. 50 northern wheat, 37¢; No. 51 northern wheat, 36½¢; No. 52 northern wheat, 36¢; No. 53 northern wheat, 35½¢; No. 54 northern wheat, 35¢; No. 55 northern wheat, 34½¢; No. 56 northern wheat, 34¢; No. 57 northern wheat, 33½¢; No. 58 northern wheat, 33¢; No. 59 northern wheat, 32½¢; No. 60 northern wheat, 32¢; No. 61 northern wheat, 31½¢; No. 62 northern wheat, 31¢; No. 63 northern wheat, 30½¢; No. 64 northern wheat, 30¢; No. 65 northern wheat, 29½¢; No. 66 northern wheat, 29¢; No. 67 northern wheat, 28½¢; No. 68 northern wheat, 28¢; No. 69 northern wheat, 27½¢; No. 70 northern wheat, 27¢; No. 71 northern wheat, 26½¢; No. 72 northern wheat, 26¢; No. 73 northern wheat, 25½¢; No. 74 northern wheat, 25¢; No. 75 northern wheat, 24½¢; No. 76 northern wheat, 24¢; No. 77 northern wheat, 23½¢; No. 78 northern wheat, 23¢; No. 79 northern wheat, 22½¢; No. 80 northern wheat, 22¢; No. 81 northern wheat, 21½¢; No. 82 northern wheat, 21¢; No. 83 northern wheat, 20½¢; No. 84 northern wheat, 20¢; No. 85 northern wheat, 19½¢; No. 86 northern wheat, 19¢; No. 87 northern wheat, 18½¢; No. 88 northern wheat, 18¢; No. 89 northern wheat, 17½¢; No. 90 northern wheat, 17¢; No. 91 northern wheat, 16½¢; No. 92 northern wheat, 16¢; No. 93 northern wheat, 15½¢; No. 94 northern wheat, 15¢; No. 95 northern wheat, 14½¢; No. 96 northern wheat, 14¢; No. 97 northern wheat, 13½¢; No. 98 northern wheat, 13¢; No. 99 northern wheat, 12½¢; No. 100 northern wheat, 12¢; No. 101 northern wheat, 11½¢; No. 102 northern wheat, 11¢; No. 103 northern wheat, 10½¢; No. 104 northern wheat, 10¢; No. 105 northern wheat, 9½¢; 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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Feb. 5.—An extensive area of high pressure
covers the southern part of the country, the
isobars gradually sloping down toward the
Rocky mountains region from central Wyoming
to the Canadian border. The weather is generally
clear and calm. The temperature is in the
lows, the wind is light and variable.

Forecast for Duluth, Minn., Feb. 5.—
The temperature at 7 a. m. to-day,
14 degrees above zero; maximum 22 degrees
above zero; minimum 12 degrees below zero
(occurring yesterday morning).

DELUETH, Feb. 5.—Local forecast until 5 p. m.
tomorrow: Fair, warmer; light winds; no
precipitation. Tuesday: Partly cloudy;
light winds; no precipitation. Wednesday:
Partly cloudy; light winds; no precipitation.
Thursday: Partly cloudy; light winds; no
precipitation. Friday: Partly cloudy; light
winds; no precipitation. Saturday: Partly
cloudy; light winds; no precipitation. Sunday:
Partly cloudy; light winds; no precipitation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Forecast till 5 p. m.
tomorrow: Fair, warmer; light winds; no
precipitation. Tuesday: Partly cloudy;
light winds; no precipitation. Wednesday:
Partly cloudy; light winds; no precipitation.
Thursday: Partly cloudy; light winds; no
precipitation. Friday: Partly cloudy; light
winds; no precipitation. Saturday: Partly
cloudy; light winds; no precipitation. Sunday:
Partly cloudy; light winds; no precipitation.

TO THE VOTERS OF DULUTH.
This is the last opportunity that
the Herald will have to address its readers
before they will be called upon to vote
for mayor and aldermen. This is a duty
that is of the very first importance. It
is a duty that should not be neglected
and it is likewise a duty that should be
discharged after careful consideration
and with an eye solely to the advance-
ment of the city's interests.

It matters more to the average citizen
what sort of a man is mayor and what
description of men are aldermen than
who is president of this republic. The
mayor and aldermen have control of the
expenditures of the city, and if they are
committed to a policy of extravagance
and prodigal expenditure the citizen will
quickly discover the fact when he goes
to the county treasurer's office to pay his
taxes. The nation might have a deficit
of \$50,000,000 a year and he would hardly
be aware of the fact. These facts demonstrate
the importance of electing the very best men to
the municipal offices, so that business sense
and integrity may prevail in the man-
agement of municipal affairs.

A strong and capable mayor can do
much to guide the course of the common
council. This being the case, there can
be but one decision in the pending con-
test upon the part of every one who de-
sires a good government. Between the
two men—both as regards their training
and their records in this community—
there is such a wide difference that no
citizen can be undecided in making his
choice. Capt. Lewis is in every qualifi-
cation for the office so infinitely superior to
his opponent that he can be no dis-
pute as to the wisdom of selecting him as
the next mayor of Duluth. The Herald
feels assured that the citizens will so
decide tomorrow.

Great care should be taken in select-
ing the aldermen. They will have it
within their power to largely advance
the interests of the city or to do great
injury. The people of the various wards
are no doubt well acquainted with the
candidates seeking their suffrages. They
know their antecedents and their present
environments, and they are therefore
able to choose intelligently from the list
of candidates those who are best qual-
ified to serve their interests. It has been
demonstrated that the faults and imper-
fections of municipal government in
America proceed from partisan rule.
Wherever any one political party has
complete sway the evil exists. A strong
minority is therefore desirable, because
it will be a check upon the dominant
party, restraining the temptation to be-
come rapacious and corrupt.

In choosing aldermen, therefore,
The Herald would urge that no
attention be paid to their party labels.
Frequently you will dis-
cover upon your own party's ticket a
few wardheelers and spoilsmen. Al-
liance to your party does not demand
that you support such men. You will
do a service to your party as well as to
the citizens generally by defeating them.

The Financial Status.
According to Henry Clews' weekly
financial review the success of the loan
placed by Secretary Carlisle can hardly
be said to have had any stimulating
effect upon the investment markets. It
is not likely to cause any parting with
other securities, for the new bonds do
not yield a sufficiently tempting rate of
interest. So far as the bonds go into
the hands of banks, it will not be as an
investment, but for the gradual resales
to various forms of financial in-
stitutions, whose funds are now
largely idle in the banks, and
who cannot put their money into cor-
porate stocks or bonds. So that the loan
will scarcely be, in any appreciable
sense, an element of competition with
securities actively dealt in on the stock
exchange. One valuable effect will be

to largely restore the distribution of the
national stock of money to its usual re-
servoirs and uses. The treasury will have
its cash reserves and balances restored to
their usual safe working volume;
which will be a very welcome help to
confidence in the national finances; and
the banks will be relieved of the large
useless superabundance of money with
which they are now burdened and from
which their interest earnings are suffer-
ing. So far, the loan means a large
restoration of the normal conditions of
the circulation; which will be a step
towards recovery in other directions.

In the stock market, Mr. Clews says,
interest seems to be confined, for the
moment, almost entirely to small in-
cidents connected with individual stocks.
The main feature is still the continued
fixed underlying tone of firmness in
prices, which resist all speculative at-
tacks and yield nothing to momentary de-
pressions of tone. The reason for this, na-
mely, the relatively high supply of se-
curities on the market—receives confir-
mation from experience. The exces-
sive supply coming from the over-
construction of new railroad
lines eight to twelve years
ago has evidently been distributed into
permanent resting places; and the
new issues supplied by the virtually non-
existence of the last five years have
scarcely sufficed to meet the ordi-
nary demand for investment; and
hence the present relative proportions
between supply and demand may be re-
garded as unusually conservative. Un-
der these circumstances, and with such
abundant facilities for carrying stocks
through six to twelve-month loans on
moderate terms, the present indisposi-
tion to sell finds full explanation.

The continued uncertainty as to what
congress may finally do in respect to the
tariff and the income tax keeps business
at large in a very dull and hesitating
position. The Wilson bill, with the in-
come tax provision attached, now goes
to the senate, where its fate will soon be
foreshadowed. Whether defeated or
successful, the final disposal of the meas-
ure will bring great relief by ending sus-
pense. The continued extensive resump-
tion of factories and works closed for
months past, show that manufacturers
have become sensible of the close
exhaustion of stocks in many branches
of trade, and that they now feel it safe
to make provision for the later wants of
the spring season and for the fall trade.
There seems to be no doubt that the
country, especially in the interior, has
now fairly entered upon a process of re-
covery; but its progress must be ex-
pected to be slow. So far, however, this
recovery is only partly expressed in
the markets of New York, where the
prevailing pessimism seems to frighten
interior buyers out of their disposition to
increase their purchases.

Mr. Jensen's Record.
Mr. Jensen's pusillanimous char-
acter is well illustrated by his course in
regard to the newspapers. Because they
oppose him, he says they are controlled
by corporations. When he accused The
Herald of being controlled by the Duluth
Gas and Water company, his state-
ment was promptly challenged. An
offer was made to permit him to see the
official list of stockholders of The Her-
ald, and he was challenged to point out
any stockholder who has one cent's worth
of stock in the gas and water company,
or in any other public or semi-public cor-
poration.

Did Mr. Jensen accept this offer or
did he attempt to produce the slightest
proof of his original statements? Not at
all. Mr. Jensen lied about
The Herald, when he endeav-
ored to persuade his audience
that The Herald opposed him because
it is controlled by the gas and water
company, and knowing that he lied he
declined to take up the Herald's chal-
lenge to substantiate the statement.

The Herald opposes Mr. Jensen be-
cause he is an oily-tongued demagogue,
devoid of political principle, and a cow-
ardly maligner of those who will not
endorse his candidacy. He has been a
political trimmer-rigger all his life, when
he was not using for personal gain the
workings of whom he professes such
an ardent affection. A few years ago
he was a Republican, then he de-
veloped into a Populist and was
found denouncing Democracy in the
bitterest terms. Now he
has accepted a Democratic nomination.
In fact he has been "everything by fits
and starts, and nothing long." He
would be a Republican again tomorrow
if by doing so he imagined he could aid
himself politically.

How then can any dependence be
placed in such a man? Could he be
trusted in the mayor's chair one moment?
The Herald thinks not, and it is confident
that the people will tomorrow en-
dorse its opinion of Mr. Jensen's re-
cord by an overwhelming majority.

F. B. Chew, one of Duluth's leading
Democrats, who is at present in Wash-
ington, said to a correspondent Friday:
"As a Democrat I am against all fusion
with the Populists. I think our Duluth
Democrats have made a mistake in doing
it." That is what many Democrats
think, and consequently they are sup-
porting Lewis.

With Capt. Lewis as mayor and a
good council at his back, Duluth can
look forward to a first-class city admin-
istration.

The editor of the Winona Herald now

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD: MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1894.

starts his articles with a Biblical text.
This is rather an imitation of a strange
freak of the late Elliot F. Shepard, but
it will probably please before the people
of Winona something that they should
see.

Congressman Sibley, of Pennsylvania,
sent his resignation recently to the gov-
ernor, and a few days later recalled it.
The question has arisen whether an ab-
solute resignation of this character can
be recalled? It seems rather improb-
able.

The St. Paul News says: "Duluth is
in the preliminaries of a mayoralty elec-
tion. It's not enough there to throw
the ice of the Arctic zone." It may be hot
down, but when the votes are counted to-
morrow evening the Demo-Pops will
conclude it is decidedly chilly.

The Sheboygan, Wis., Review, Dem.,
noting Senator Davis' comparison of
President Cleveland with Don Quixote
rushed to the defense of Quixote and
says he was not such a bad fellow after
all. But is this complimentary to Grover?

The Republican meeting at the
Temple tonight will draw a crowd that
will pack the opera house from pit to
dome. Standing room will undoubtedly
be at a premium and those who desire
seats should go early.

The St. Paul Globe is trying to
"square" itself with Duluth, owing to the
indignation created by its outrageous at-
tack upon the city's credit. The Globe
has found out how it feels to monkey
with a buzz-saw.

The Jacksonville, Fla., Law and Order
league, has started an anti-race fight
movement. This seems to be a genuine
case of locking the stable door after the
horse has been stolen.

"Pede's Busted," did you say, Doc?
Well, he will be tomorrow night if he
bets his pile on Jensen.

Forker is the only living governor of
Ohio since 1876 who has not become
financially embarrassed.

Do not fail to vote tomorrow. Make
Capt. Lewis' majority as large as pos-
sible.

Ten industrial establishments re-
opened last week to one that shut down.

Remember the Lewis meeting at the
Temple tonight. Do not miss it.

Go to the polls tomorrow and swell
Capt. Lewis' majority to 1500.

Only.
She was only a typewriter girl,
leading her young life away,
With a click-click, clicking click,
And getting one dollar a day.

She was only a typewriter girl,
Working the wheels of fate,
With a click-click, clicking click,
As the burden of her song.

She was only a typewriter girl,
And weary the some she said,
With a click-click, clicking click,
But she loved her work.

The Practical Lover.
I've been in love a score of times
And written scores of fervent rhymes
To the sweetest girl I ever met,
But though the dear ones would not deign
As much as to behold them,
I've of my verses had some use,
I've to the papers sold them.
—New York Herald.

La Vaque for State Auditor.
Cloquent Fine Press: According to The
Herald "Mr. LaVaque has been auditor
of St. Louis county for two terms, and
gave excellent satisfaction"—ergo, he is
the man the Republicans want for state
auditor. The Herald forgets that that
could be said for any number of county
auditors, by changing the name
of the county. However, we have no
reason good or bad to advance against
Mr. LaVaque's candidacy, and failing to
get a candidate nearer home, we may
see fit to throw our vast influence into
the scale for the St. Louis man's.

A Critical Situation.
Life: Young Editor (reflectively): If
I don't publish this poem Grace has
written she will have nothing more to
do with me, and if I publish it, I shall
probably lose my position.

The Lumber Business.
Detroit Free Press: She—My father
is a lumberman in the northern part of
the state.
Young lawyer—And I'm one down
here; my single has been hanging out
for a year.

Up to Date.
Indianapolis Journal: Country aunt—
How did you like the fairy story I sent
you, Ethel?
City child—Oh, the style is good
enough, but the ending is so old-
fashioned. People don't get married
and live happy ever after in stories now-
adays.

The Difference.
Detroit Free Press: Judge—I shall
sentence you to twenty years for wreck-
ing that train.
Prisoner—I presume, judge, if I had
wrecked the whole lot, you would
have been glad to have dined with me at
my palatial residence.

The Real Prize Ring.
Philadelphia Times: Possibly the
roped arena may represent a serious
battle, but any girl knows the kind of an
engagement the real prize ring stands
for.

Notice.
The Duluth Cash grocery delivers at
Woodland Monday, Wednesday and
Friday; Lakeside Tuesday, Thursday
and Saturday; Duluth Heights Fridays.
See the special bargains in groceries of-
fered by the Duluth Cash grocery in to-
day's paper.

Reserved seats for Henry Watterson's
lecture opens tomorrow morning at 9 a.
m. at store of Duluth Music company.
The sale will be large.

GEORGIE PLAYS HAVOC.

The "Plait" looked real nice, but his Pa
was Rusted.

dear editor—ever time wat i want 2 du
sumthin real nice so that evri i will b glad
at me, then i got 2 work and du sumthin
was nuff evri i want at me.

on tasda this is wat hapined.
man iil was talkin an i was squeezin
the cats tail, wen ma sed 2 me,
georgie, wy dont u tri 2 make us ov yure
time an not tes the cat.

yes, sed iil, wy dont i draw sum plecter
or make a washinton plait, i sed,
wy, sed iil, just take a chiny plait an cut
out parts ov postig stamps an put them
on.

yes, sed ma, an tri 2 du sumthin original.
wy, sed ma, go up in yure own room an
du it, so that sister iil wont help u.

i went up in nat room with mifl plait
an was gone 3 cut out the postig stamps
wen i clost, i sed i wanted me 2 i origi-
nall i will b. i went make a washinton plait
either.

so i sed 2 the draw wate pa and ma
keep their mout, an i cut out the plecter
or garfield an all them men wat has their
pics on bank stamps, an i cut out all the
plait wen i clost, i sed i wanted me 2 i origi-
nall i will b. i went make a washinton plait
either.

the plait i sed i wanted me 2 i origi-
nall i will b. i went make a washinton plait
either. i put it away so
i wood see it, cos i wanted 2 surprise
evri i an let them see how original i was.

at super ma sed 2 pa.
jozier, i think r boy is gone 2 b better.
wel, i am glad ov dat, sed pa, an i laid
his hand on mifl head.

yes, sed ma, he has been very busy 2 du
his work. i sed i wanted 2 surprise
evri i an let them see how original i was.

yes, sed ma, he has been makin a stamp
plait.
i got it an let me see it, sed pa,
so i went an got the plait and put it on the
table, thinkin how pleased they al wood b.

an i sed, i think i shoud 2 surprise
evri i an let them see how original i was.
wat those plecter out ov, he sed,
they aint stamps, i sed, ma, puttin
on her glasses.

sure they 2 stamps, i sed,
postig stamps, sed ma.
wy no, i sed, postig stamps is a chestnut,
this is a original. i sed i wanted 2 surprise
evri i an let them see how original i was.

an i sed, i think i shoud 2 surprise
evri i an let them see how original i was.
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evri i an let them see how original i was.

THESE SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS ARE MONEY-MAKERS FOR THOUSANDS.
EVERYBODY SHOULD USE THEM.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Herald Wants,

Popular Because Effective.

One cent a word; 75 cents a line per month.
No advertisement taken for less than 15 cents.
Payments must be made in advance.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FREE.

All persons wanting situations can use The
Herald want columns for three insertions free
of charge.

This does not include agents or employment
offices.

Persons advertising in these columns may have
several advantages: First, their references; wages
or salary; and second, they will be given a check to enable them to get
answers to their advertisements. All answers
should be properly enclosed in envelopes.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE.

WORK OF ANY KIND BY A MAN TOTALLY
DISABLED. World's fair references; wages
or salary. Call or address Nurse, Engage-
ment, Fifth street, basement.

A YOUNG GIRL WANTS A SITUATION TO
assist in housework. Call at 515 East
Fourth street.

WANTED—POSITION BY A LADY AS
cook, bookkeeper or general office help.
Good references. References furnished if re-
quired. Address C. J. Herald.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING, DRESSMAK-
ing and also crocheting. Address 11 E. 1st
st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A SALESMAN, 30 to 40 years
old, weekly can be made with our goods in
any locality, will prove it for \$100. Salary
and commission as you prefer. The results of a
few hours' work often equals a week's wages.
Address "MANUFACTURER," P. O. Box 535,
Boston Mass.

WANTED, A RELIABLE PERSON IN
every town or city in the U. S. to dis-
tribute circulars and take up signs. No ex-
pense or meddling. Cash paid. Address with
stamp W. H. Muller Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—MEN OF FAIR ADDRESS OUT
of employment to know they can make
big money at work for us here in the city. Call
at once. The Singer Manufacturing company,
625 West Superior street.

SALESMEN TO SELL BAKING POWDER.
We put our goods in these Retail Plans,
800 mail and express, or commission. Chi-
cago. Write for particulars. Address: W. H. Muller
Company, 625 West Superior street, Chicago.

TWO GOOD HUSBANDS, SALARY AND
commission to sell goods on installment.
723 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

FURNISHED ROOMS, THE LOWELL, 23
East Superior.

WANTED, A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-
work. Second street east.

WANTED, A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO
general housework. Apply at 1414 East
First street.

A GIRL WANTED AT 415 WEST FOURTH
street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-
work. One who speaks English. Apply
1521 East 3rd street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-
work. Small family. Apply 1509 East
Center street.

WANTED—LADIES TO DO WRITING AT
home. Will pay from \$10 to \$25 per week.
Send self-addressed stamped envelope for reply.
Marion Fontaine, general manager, room 310, 25
Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

ROADMEN WANTED.

SIX OR EIGHT GENTLEMEN CAN FIND
employment with small family, terms
reasonable. Apply 267 Third avenue west.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

A GOOD FINE CLAIM RELINQUISHMENT
or minutes. Address O. G. H., 1891 Super-
ior street west.

FOR SALE, FURNITURE OR BOARDING
house, with lease interest, location strictly
first class. Address E. S. Herald.

JUST RECEIVED, CARLOAD DRAFT, DE-
livery and driving horses at Downie's Liv-
ing.

For Sale or Rent.

The building located at 106 West Michigan
street, now occupied by the Duluth Electric
Light and Power Company, with central steam
heating apparatus.
For further information enquire at
HARTMAN ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.
Room 3, Exchange Building.

LOST.

LOST—FINE GOLD LOCKET WITH
initials "W. F." Finder will be rewarded
by returning same to E. F. Wilmet, at Wieland's
store.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—LOT OR HOUSE AND LOT.
Second or third street west, Second dis-
trict, call at 10 a. m. 25, Irving Sloan Block.
Twenty-sixth avenue west.

WANTED, TEAM OF HORSES FOR THE
rest of the winter. Address G. S. Herald.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

LAKE SUPERIOR STEAM DYE WORKS.
Mrs. A. Foster, proprietor. First-class
dyeing and cleaning of every description guar-
anteed. Office: 410 and works 224 West Su-
perior street.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS,
watches, jewelry, etc. Standard
gold and silver. Business strictly confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON
bonds, wages, house hold furniture, pi-
sonal property, on short notice and a lower rate
than you can possibly get it else where. Inquire
of Wm. Hocken, manager, Duluth Mortgage
Loan company, room 420, Chamber of Commerce
building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND
jewelry. G. A. Klein, only licenced pawn-
broker in Duluth, 17 West Superior street.

ARCHITECTS.

TRAILBLAZER & FITZPATRICK ARCHI-
tects. Rooms 911 and 913, Terry building.
Duluth, Minn.

ELECTRIC NEEDLE SPECIALIST.

SUPPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, ETC., DE-
stroyed by electricity without injury; only
positive and permanent remedy known. Mrs.
Julia L. Hunter, Third floor, room 37, Masonic
Temple, Duluth.

ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT—HOUSES.

RENT YOUR HOUSES, PLATS AND STORES
of Alexander & Snyders, 216 W. Superior at
1st.

FOR RENT—30 EAST THIRD STREET.
central; steam heat; special rate. See
Shorewood, Terry building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

WANTED GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE-
work. Family of two. No. 8 Seaton ter-
race.

FURNISHED ROOM, 221 WEST FIRST
street.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED ROOMS,
steam heat and bath. 122 East First
street.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—THE STOCK FARM AT EAST
Superior containing 420 acres; 320 acres
now under cultivation. Buildings and appur-
tenances suitable for stock or milk farm. Ap-
ply to Henderson & Hooper.

PERSONAL.

MARRIED LADIES—SEND 10 CENTS FOR
"Infallible Safeguard" (no medicine, no
deception) just what you want. Ladies' Bazar,
Kansas City, Mo.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN,
Midwife. Full graduate of German college
of homeopathic medicine. Caring and vaccinating
done. 609 East Third street.

M. E. CHAMBERS, CITY AUCTIONEER.

Will sell at auction Monday, Feb. 5, at 2 p. m.,
corner First avenue east, a line of groceries,
new, square coffee, rolled oats in barrels and
half barrels, baking powder, rice, candies,
canned fruits, beans, canned salmon, lobster,
canned tomatoes, cocoa, butter and many other

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1894.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

Buyers of Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Shades, Crockery, Stoves, Lamps And House Furnishings

You will find that our mammoth new store can supply your wants as no other can. While the hard times have forced many other dealers to allow their stocks to run very low, we have kept ours up to the needs of a rapidly growing place like Duluth.

Manufacturers and jobbers have been hard up during the winter and we have turned over to them our cash, and have received in return such values as we never got before.

These Goods Are Now Being Displayed

On our floors at Prices proportionate to those at which we bought them, and if you are a shrewd buyer must interest you.

Credit to Everybody!

Our Easy Payment Plan

Commands the respect and attention of all. It enables people in every circumstance of life to completely, comfortably furnish a home, and pay for the furnishings in small weekly or monthly remittances which are no drain upon their finances, and leads to the possession and enjoyment of comforts they would not otherwise obtain.

FAIR, SQUARE AND EQUITABLE.

Smith,
Farwell &
Steele Co.,
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS,
226 and 228
West Superior Street,
DULUTH, MINN.

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Three 1620 Old Steel Boilers.
Three 1620 Old Steel Boilers.
One 50 horse-power Rice Automatic Cut Off Engine.
One 100 horse-power Buckeye Engine.
One 50 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
All in first-class condition.
Also the old power house building of the Hartman General Electric Co. at the foot of Fifth avenue east, on lake front, and a miscellaneous lot of Piping and Steam Fittings, Pumps, shafting, Pulleys, etc.
ENQUIRE

HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,
ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING



The chief diet of all civilized nations consists of bread. On that article of food they can subsist longer than on any other. It is of primary importance that the flour used in your bread should be of the best. If you use you get the best flour in the world, as it makes BETTER and more wholesome bread than any other. Tell your Grocer you will take no substitute.

T. B. HAWKES & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.

FEBRUARY MAGAZINES

ALL THE DAILY AND WEEKLY PAPERS.

Only Complete Stock of Office Supplies in the City.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,
323 West Superior Street.



We Are
Selling gentlemen's fine furnishings at the very lowest notch. Ladies' Union Suits made to order. We are agents for Dr. Jagers and Stuttgart All Wool Goods.

CATE & CLARKE,
333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

NEW ORLEANS EN FETE

The Last Day of the Mardi Gras Festivities Will End in a Blaze of Glory.

A Brilliant Pageant and Bewilderingly Beautiful Ball Tonight Preceded by a Series of Taps.

Comus Will Rule the Night and His Pageant Will Wind Up the Street

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—The weather today is bright and it is an ideal carnival day. Absolutely no indications of rain. It's the second and last day of the Mardi Gras festivities, and it will end in a blaze of glory this evening with a brilliant pageant and a bewilderingly beautiful ball. The crowds today began to gather early on the streets. Rex and his retinue appeared first on St. Charles' avenue and the thousands who gathered on either side of that broad thoroughfare early in the forenoon lessened the crush in the business part of the city.

But Canal street was nevertheless alive with humanity, and every street jutting into the main boulevard was packed with happy sightseers. Promiscuous masking had been falling somewhat into disrepute, but there was nevertheless a considerable portion of the population of the city in grotesque garments and hideously bedizened faces on the streets through the morning.

The early trains and Mississippi river steamers brought to the city this morning hundreds of strangers who could not get here before, and they helped to swell the attendance of out of town people to still greater proportions, not inferior to those of other years. The hotels today are taxed to their utmost capacity.

Rex and his gorgeous retinue appeared just before noon near Lee circle on St. Charles' avenue. His majesty this year chose literature as the subject for his illustrations and his pageant consists of nineteen elaborately decorated floats. The day procession is necessarily more costly than those of night, because they do not have the benefit of calcium lights and a background of darkness to bring into full relief their most beautiful features.

The parade today is one of the handsomest which has ever been treated by subjects. All the great authors of England, France, Germany and Italy and mythology have been drawn on, for the most brilliant illustration of the most striking climax of nineteenth century literature. The parade passed through a series of street scenes on Canal street which were specially vivifying.

Rex will disappear during the afternoon, but he will appear again in the evening. The Comus ball takes place at the French opera this evening and will be preceded by a series of elegant tableaux. Comus will rule the night and his pageant will bring the series of street displays to a magnificent close.

A TRAFFIC IN BODIES.
Surprising Condition of Affairs Has Been Revealed in Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 6.—The investigation of the transaction of Undertaker Judson has revealed a condition of affairs which has surprised and mystified the special committee of the county board. What proved to be a startling revelation resulted from yesterday's visit of the committee to Calvary cemetery.

The theory of the committee based upon this case and the statements of the sexton regarding other cases are true, a wholesale traffic in bodies has been carried on for some time. On Jan. 29, according to the record as sworn to by Judson, the body of Theodore Schunetter was buried. When the body came to be exhumed, by order of the committee, it was found to be that of a woman. Who she is, where she came from or when she died is a mystery to the committee. The body was frightfully mangled.

Doctors Sifton and Burgess, of the Wisconsin Medical college, swore positively that but one woman had been operated upon at their school. So far as could be determined, the body in the coffin was that of a very handsome woman. She was of excellent figure, rather tall, rather of dark complexion and evidently belonged to an entirely different sphere from that of the common pauper.

A NOTED COUNTERFEITER.
Like Bullis Will Probably Go to Prison for Twenty Years.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 6.—Like T. Bullis, the noted counterfeiter whose capture here has been announced, is surely booked for the penitentiary for a term of twenty years. Bullis has evaded the treasury secret service and Pinkerton detectives several times, notably in Pittsburgh and Denver, where officers have captured his confederates while the crafty leader always escaped.

John Denny, a companion of Bullis, has confessed the whole affair and officers have secured the aid of a party of two men in making the counterfeit coin. The mixture used by Bullis was made of lead, tin, antimony, bismuth and ground glass. The coins made from it have as true a ring to them as any turned out by Uncle Sam.

Yacht Florence Arrived.
NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—The schooner yacht Florence, which a dispatch from Detroit reported wrecked and driven in charge of Capt. G. H. Brooks, after a delightful trip with all well. The party was much surprised to hear of the wrecked report. The yacht left Holland, Mich., on Sept. 30 and will leave Wednesday for Biloxi.

MISTAKEN FOR NATIVES.

British West Indian Troops Fired Upon by French Forces.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—A dispatch from Sierra Leone says a detachment of British military police encamped in the Sofa country were recently fired upon by a French force. The British returned the fire and killed six of the French force. Several of the attacking party were captured.

It was only a short time ago that a force of British, consisting of members of the West India regiment and a detachment of the military police, the latter under command of Capt. Lenly, was fired upon by a French force under the command of Lieut. Maritz, near Warina, who it was subsequently explained, they mistook for natives.

Then Lenly, Lieut. Liston and Broughton, a sergeant and twenty-six privates were killed. The British at once responded to the fire and shortly afterwards the French retired. Lieut. Maritz was wounded and was captured by the British. He explained that the attack was a mistake on his part, he thinking that the British were natives.

The attack was made in the early morning, before the sun had fairly risen, and in the dim light the members of the West India regiment, who were negroes, were thought to be Sofas and their officers Arabs. Lieut. Maritz subsequently died. It is thought his wounds were buried with military honors by the British.

TRAGEDY IN PITTSBURG.

Charles Messner Shot His Stepmother and Killed Himself.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 6.—Charles Messner, aged 21, shot and seriously wounded his stepmother, Mrs. Kate Messner, aged 67, in her apartments on the South Side, at 10 o'clock last night and then killed himself.

Messner was working on a farm near Chiswick, this county, but temporarily in town looking for other work and stopping at the Hotel Richmond. He had a revolver on the third floor, had lost a \$20 bill, Messner's stepmother accused him of getting here before, and they had a quarrel. He went into the front room and getting a revolver from out of his best clothes, returned and saying to his sister, "Good bye, Josephine," shot his stepmother in the jaw. She fell in the arms of her husband.

The Messner shot her again in the back of the head. He then stepped to the doorway and fatally shot himself, staggering into the hall where he fell. The day procession is necessarily more costly than those of night, because they do not have the benefit of calcium lights and a background of darkness to bring into full relief their most beautiful features.

NARROWLY MISSED HANGING.

A Negro Rapist Almost Lynched by an Indiana Mob.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—A special to the Herald from Indianapolis says: Frank Hall, the negro who narrowly escaped lynching yesterday at Lebanon was brought here by a narrow squeak for his life, and ten deputies. He will remain here for a few days and will then be transferred to the prison north to enter his twenty-one years of penal servitude.

He is the coolest negro ever charged with so foul a crime. Speaking of the mob, he says it was a narrow squeak for his life, and that but for the fact that he aided the sheriff in fighting his way through the courthouse yard, he would have been swung. Hall confidently expects to be pardoned in a year or two.

When brought here Sunday night for sale, yesterday he claimed that he did not know the woman he was accused of assaulting, but last night he slandered her most foully, saying that he stopped at her house by appointment and that she charged him with the crime to revenge herself in a quarrel. He says that he would never have entered the plea of insanity, but he had no other alternative of saving his life, and he thought by pleading guilty he would be given a light sentence.

MEMBERS HELD LIABLE.

Important Decision by the Supreme Court of Missouri.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—A special to the Herald from Jefferson City, Mo., says: The supreme court yesterday determined a case of general importance. In February, 1892, the United Masonic Benefit association of Missouri became insolvent and the state insurance department undertook to wind up its affairs. The death claims had been allowed to accumulate until the assessments amounted to as high as \$140.

A call was made on the members to make good the liabilities of the concern and in a few days thereafter the organization went down. The members refused to pay. Under the by-laws a member did not lose his rights to benefits for non-payment of dues until a lapse of thirty days. The court holds that each member was a party to the contract and must be held liable. This is the ruling of a majority of the court.

The membership of this organization extends all over the state and is supposed to be very large.

AN UNSAVORY RECORD.

The Silhouette Artist Who Elope With an Indiana Girl.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Harry Sackett, who eloped with Miss Davenport from Elkhart, Ind., and who is now in jail at Topeka, Kansas, is quite well known in Washington by reason of his artistic talent of a silhouette artist. He has a wife and three children in this city, it is said, who were left in anything but comfort, and who are being cared for by the reformatory and father.

Sackett for two years or more piled his vocation on the Potomac river excursion boats, but owing to his unsavory character, was compelled to leave them, and afterwards left the city. The first news of him after his departure was the escape at Elkhart.

PAID A LAST TRIBUTE.

Thousands of People of All Classes and Conditions Attended the Funeral of George W. Childs.

The Church Was Crowded to the Door and Thousands Clamored in Vain for Admission.

Beautiful Floral Wreaths and Emblems Decorated the Edifice—The Remains Borne to the Tomb.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 6.—The body of George W. Childs was this afternoon consigned to the tomb. Beloved by those who knew him and respected by all men, thousands paid a last tribute to the philanthropist by attending his funeral. They represented all classes and conditions of persons. The banker, the distinguished literateur, the railroad president and the workman sat side by side in St. James Protestant Episcopal church, of which Mr. Childs was so long a vestryman, and were alike deeply affected as they listened to Bishop Potter's eulogy of "A Great and Good Man." There were but few tearful eyes in the assemblage.

Previous to the church services, which began at 1 o'clock, Bishop Potter, Potter of New York and Rev. Dr. Joseph N. Blanchard, the latter the rector of St. James church, conducted a brief private service for the immediate family in the Childs' mansion. Long before noon the vicinity of Twenty-second and Walnut streets, the Childs residence being on the southeast corner with St. James church diagonally opposite, was thronged with a crowd eager to gain admission into the latter edifice.

The auditorium has a seating capacity of about 1000 and the greater portion of the space was reserved for the family, the immediate friends, the employees of the Public Ledger and various delegations. When these had been seated the public was admitted and the church was quickly crowded to the doors. Several thousand persons clamored in vain for admission, and they had to be content with viewing the cortege as it wended its way to the cemetery.

The services were conducted by Bishop Potter, Bishop Scarborough, of New Jersey; Bishop Ori W. Whitaker of Pennsylvania; Rev. Dr. Blanchard and Rev. Dr. Wm. B. Bodine, rector of the church of the Saviour. The funeral procession was met at the church entrance by the bishops and clergy, and a surprised choir of twenty-seven boys and nine men. With the choir, the lead and Bishop Scarborough intoning the "sentences" of the beautiful but simple burial service of the Church of England, the procession moved to the main altar. The casket, which was covered with black cloth, bore a silver plate upon which was inscribed:

GEORGE W. CHILDS.
Born May 12, 1825.
Died Feb. 5, 1894.

The pall bearers who followed the casket were: J. Pierpont Morgan, John S. McLean, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Hon. Chauncey M. Depew, Gen. Horace Potter, J. Pierpont Morgan, Hon. John Bigelow, Frederick D. Grant, Hon. John Bigelow, Ernst Pratt, Rev. Dr. Johnson, Gen. Felix A. Grant, Charles B. Mayer, P. Wilbur, Dr. James Macalister, Frank Thompson, Judge Henry Green, Judge Craig Biddle, Frederick Fraley, Henry C. Pratt, John Lombard, Wm. Ferdinand J. Dreyer, George C. Thomas, William M. Singler, L. Clarke Davis, Richard C. Dale, Clement A. Griscom, William McKean, Eugene Delano, Isaac H. Clothier, Charles E. Warburton, Joseph M. Wilson, Richard M. Cadwalader, Joseph G. Morgan, Rev. Dr. H. H. Russell, Col. M. Richard Muckle and Col. William Wayne.

The casket was placed in front of the choir and the choir chanted the burial anthem, after which Rev. Dr. Blanchard read the lesson beginning with "Now is Christ risen from the dead," the hymn, "Jesus Lives" was sung with solemn effect and then Bishop Potter delivered an address upon the manifold virtues of the departed.

When the choir had sung the hymn "My God, My Father," the creed and prayer were intoned by Rev. Dr. Bodine. The hymn "Jesus Lives" was the next hymn and Bishop Whitaker closed the services by offering a pathetic prayer and pronounced the benediction. "Hark, Hark, My Soul" was the recessional.

The cortege then proceeded to Woodland cemetery where interment was made in the Drexel mausoleum. The brief services at the grave were conducted by Bishops Potter and Whitaker and Rev. Dr. Blanchard. The interment was announced to be private, but over 2000 persons entered the cemetery and crowded around the vault. The interment of Mr. Childs' remains beside the body of his intimate friend, Anthony J. Drexel, was a fitting final to the lives of both men. Mrs. Childs has not decided, however, that this shall be the final resting place for her husband.

The Ledger employees and many of the distinguished attendants marched in a body to the church from the Ledger office. The latter was closed from noon until 3 p. m.

The floral tributes, of which scores were received, were placed in the rear of the casket and in many instances of most ornate design. By midday and before the doors of the church were opened the hundreds in charge had distributed them with noteworthy taste about the altar and the chancel, so that to the right and to the left there was a bank of flowers while the center of the chancel was a pure white.

The pulpit to the right was hung with three immenses of floral tributes, the wreaths were of orchids and asparagus blooms, banked with palm and tied with broad heliotrope ribbon. At the side of the pulpit and rising quite a distance above it in striking contrast with the wreaths was the token sent by the employees of the Ledger composing room, a large cross of red carnations, the lower arm bearing a crown of immortelles.

In the rear and to the left of the altar was the floral piece sent by the other Ledger employees, a broken wheel, surmounting an open volume, resting upon a pillow. The spokes of the wheel were of roses, white carnations and hyacinths and the book below was of white carnations, divided by a band of violets. Inscribed on top of the page were the words: "Public Ledger." The bank of flowers on which the wheel and book rested was composed of roses, white carnations, hyacinths, sweet alyssums, callas and marigolds.

Several banks of flowers were especially pretty: on a pillow of carnations roses, easter lilies, hyacinths and maiden hair ferns, was inscribed "Rest," with deep, dark violets. Another floral bank from the International Typographical union included roses, easter lilies and lilies of the valley. There was also a star of roses, ferns and lilies of the valley and also a number of wreaths and sprays in which, violets, pansies, orchids and lilies of the valley were lavishly employed. After the services these flowers were distributed among the city hospitals.

MOURNERS FROM WASHINGTON.

They Left in a Special Train This Morning for Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The second section of train No. 42, to which was attached the private car of General Manager P. M. Prevost, tendered by the Pennsylvania railroad for the accommodation of those who desired to attend the funeral of George W. Childs, left here this morning at 8:35 o'clock.

Those on board were Vice President M. Lawlor and Secretary-Treasurer F. H. Paddett, representatives of Columbia Typographical union; C. M. Pepper, Chicago Tribune; August Denoth, of the Childs club; H. C. McFarland, O. O. Stealey, Louisville Courier Journal; E. G. Dummell, New York Times; R. W. Gilmer, editor of Century Magazine; Miss Butler, Philadelphia Ledger, and Miss Maury, Maj. John M. Carson, the Washington correspondent of the Public Ledger was in charge of the train. The party will return to Washington about 6 o'clock this evening.

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CAPT. LEWIS ELECTED.

The Surface Indications Show That Capt. Lewis Will Have a Big Majority For Mayor.

Chairman Willcuts, of the Republican Committee, Claims That He Will Have Two Thousand Majority.

A Large Vote Is Being Polled and Probably Will Run Far Over Eight Thousand.

Capt. Ray T. Lewis will be the next mayor of Duluth. That can be set down as certain, and it is only a question as to the size of the majority. L. M. Willcuts, chairman of the Republican committee, said this afternoon: "You can quote me as saying that if surface indications count for anything, Lewis will be elected by at least 2000 majority." The Jewswold men have not given it up but have lost their air of confidence.

The vote will run over 8000. At 9 o'clock this morning one third of the vote of the city had been polled and at noon over half as nearly as could be estimated. In the precinct at Lakeside at 11 o'clock 104 votes out of 109 had been cast. At 2:30 o'clock in the Fourth precinct 253 votes were in out of 352. In the Fourth precinct of the fourth ward, 306 out of 556; first of the Third, 368 out of 644; in the first of the Fifth, 238 out of 436; in the second of the Fifth, 394 out of 533; in the third of the Fourth, 156 out of 232. At the West End the vote is heavy and went in early.

In regard to the aldermanic result it is hard to make any reliable predictions. Howard and Hale will be elected in the First. In all the rest the result will be close.

NOT THROUGH YET.

Annual Meeting of the Missabe Road in Progress This Afternoon.

The annual meetings of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad, the Bewa-bik, Mountain Iron, Adams and other mining companies were in progress today, but the officers absolutely refused to give anything out up to 6 o'clock, saying that "they were not through yet."

The Adams Mining company elected as directors: J. B. Cotton, D. T. Adams, P. L. Kimberly, W. J. Olcott and A. D. Thomson.

At the Great Northern Mining company's meeting the directors elected were: Len Merritt, W. J. Olcott, J. B. Cotton, J. T. Culbertson, N. B. Merritt, Marcus Simpson, G. L. Robbins, T. A. Merritt and E. R. Bruce. The officers elected were: President, W. J. Olcott; vice president, Marcus Simpson; secretary, E. H. Hall; treasurer, N. B. Merritt.

The Shaw Iron company elected as directors: Len Merritt, W. J. Olcott, J. B. Cotton, E. T. Merritt, A. D. Thomson and N. B. Merritt. The officers elected were: President, W. J. Olcott; vice president, Alex. McLaughlin; secretary, A. H. Hall; treasurer, N. B. Merritt.

BALDWIN AND HAUGEN.

They Pleaded Today on Behalf of Duluth and Superior Harbors.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—[Special to The Herald.]—Representatives Baldwin and Haugen had a hearing before the river and harbor committee today. They requested the appointment of a commission for deepening the harbors of Duluth and Superior, as already planned for by resolutions introduced in congress, and asked that the appropriation recommended by the engineers for this purpose, amounting to \$200,000, be granted. They stated that at least 33 per cent could be saved by giving the men who owned the dredges continuous contracts.

Mr. Haugen told the committee that the tonnage of the two harbors had last year amounted to over 6,000,000 tons, and would this year amount to 10,000,000 tons and that \$237,336 could be profitably expended in improvements at Duluth, and \$157,736 at Superior, while \$122,026 would be required to complete existing projects at Duluth and \$157,736 at Superior.

BRAYTON IVES' MOVE.

He Wants Testimony Taken on Allegations Against Receiver Oakes.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 6.—Brayton Ives' attorney, S. W. Pettit, of Philadelphia, this morning presented in the United States court an epitomized statement of certain allegations contained in the petition for the removal of Receivers Oakes, Payne and Rouse, allegations upon which he thought testimony should be taken.

Mr. Pettit said that the mismanagement of the Northern Pacific by President Oakes would look like misfortune instead of fraud, unless the testimony on such mismanagement be taken in connection

You Don't Get The News.

A MONTH 60c A MONTH

The Evening Herald.

THE PEOPLE'S PAPER,

Is fearless and independent and stands first among the evening papers of this country. It is by all odds

The Best Advertising Medium

—IN—

Duluth!

THE DULUTH TRADING COMPANY, INC., DULUTH, MINN.

And if your ad. is not in it you are making the biggest business mistake of your life.

The Evening Herald

THE EVENING HERALD
—HAS—
THE LARGEST CIRCULATION
OF ANY PAPER IN BURLINGTON

Your business languishes because you advertise in dead newspapers that are read by people who are dead and don't know it. The newspaper for you is

THE EVENING HERALD,
A Live Newspaper,
Read by Live People


Read by Live People

You do not advertise enough. You are asleep and want your business to run itself. A standing advertisement in


The Evening Herald

Commands confidence. The man who for a year lives in one community and leads a respectable life will grow in the confidence of the people. On th

A MONTH 60c A MONTH

If You Don't
 Take 

THE
 EVENING



HERALD

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DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
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Daily, per year..... \$7.00
Daily, per three months..... 2.00
Daily, per month..... .60
Weekly, per year..... 1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN., Feb. 6.—The barometer is highest over the south Atlantic states and lowest to the north of Montana.

No rain or snow has been reported during the last twenty-four hours, and fair weather prevails this morning.

The temperature has generally risen except to the north of Montana, where it has fallen 10 degrees. It is 10 to 15 degrees higher than yesterday in the lake region and middle Missouri valley, and 10 to 20 degrees higher in the Rocky mountain plateau regions.

The highest temperature recorded is 36 degrees above zero at Memphis, and the lowest zero at Huron, South Dakota.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 20 degrees above zero; maximum 22 degrees; minimum, 14 degrees above zero; (occurring yesterday morning).

DULUTH, Feb. 6.—Local forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Fair; colder Wednesday evening; southerly winds.

JAMES KENNEL, Local Forecast Officer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Forecast till 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Duluth: Fair; followed by cloudy in northern portion; southerly winds; slight changes in temperature; probably followed Wednesday evening by colder. For Minnesota: Partly cloudy; cooler in northern portion tonight; variable winds.

The Lumber Industry.

The annual statistical number of the Mississippi Valley Lumberman has been issued, and as usual it is very complete, probably more so than in previous years.

Like all other industries, the lumber business suffered from the general financial and commercial depression during last year, and this is reflected in the decreases in the production of lumber in the district covered by these statistics.

In previous years the report covers the production at the mills in the Mississippi valley from Brainerd to St. Louis, in the St. Croix valley, the Chippewa valley, the Wisconsin valley, at La Crosse, in the Ashland and Duluth districts and along the St. Paul & Duluth, the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, the Wisconsin Central and the "Soo."

It covers the lumber produced in Minnesota and in Wisconsin as far east as the Wisconsin river, with so much lumber as is made east of that point on the "Soo" and on the Wisconsin Central. The Wisconsin valley makes the eastern boundary of the Mississippi valley district, as it is called for convenience, and it is this district that is herewith represented as fully as is possible to make a review of this character.

The figures show that during the season of 1893 there was a large decrease in the production of lumber in this district. The aggregate cut is found to be 3,812,115,613 feet of lumber against 4,380,314,516 feet in 1892, a decrease of 568,199,902 feet from the preceding year. This decrease is a little over 26 per cent of the cut of 1892 and was due largely to the depressed times and to a great extent to the fact that at the meeting of the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen's association last August it was decided to curtail the cut of 1893 25 per cent. There was also a decrease in the number of shingles made by 458,208,500 and in the number of lath made by 144,488,472. The cut of shingles was less than that of any preceding year since 1887. The cut of lath of 1893 was larger than any preceding year except 1892.

There was but one portion of the Mississippi valley district in which there was an increase in the production of lumber last season. The cut in the portion above Minneapolis exceeded that of last year by 23,937,037 feet. This was due, however, to the cut of the Northern Mill company's mill at Brainerd, which was not included in last year's cut. The decrease in the cut at Minneapolis was 79,721,469 feet. The decrease at Duluth was small. In 1892, the cut here was 319,394,000 feet, while last year it was 341,899,727 feet, showing a decrease of 7,594,203 feet. The number of shingles made here decreased 20,855,475, but the cut of lath increased 7,378,925.

The most interesting part of this review to manufacturers will be the table of stocks, and there is no doubt but what they will be scanned eagerly by every manufacturer and wholesaler in the Northwest. The condition of trade at present is such that the status of stock should be known as near as possible.

Dec. 1, 1893, finds the manufacturers and jobbers with only 126,531,429 feet more of lumber on hand, 77,335,820 more shingles and 60,756,200 more lath on hand than they had Dec. 1, 1892. This increase in the stock of lumber on hand is practically the same as the increase of the stock in 1892 over that of 1891, but when it is taken into consideration that there was over one-half a billion less of lumber cut during the season of 1893, this surplus of stock is proportionately larger.

There are but five points in the district that show a decrease in the amount of stock on hand and they are Minneapolis, St. Paul, the Black River along the Wisconsin Central railway and along the Soo road. The stock on hand in the Duluth district is as follows: Lumber, 175,900,000 feet; shingles 47,544,250 feet;

lath, 20,656,050. As compared with Dec. 1, 1892, the stock shows the following increases: Lumber, 15,097,000 feet; shingles, 18,300,000; lath, 5,109,050. Some statistics are given in the proposed log cut this winter. It is not surprising in view of the present business depression, that the totals show a heavy decrease from last year. When it is remembered that bank clearings in the country during January, 1893, and December, 1892, were the heaviest on record of recent years, reasons for the almost perpendicular drop shown this year as compared with a year ago are very plain.

The Bank Clearings.

Bradstreet's this week publishes the bank clearings at the principal cities of the country during January. It is not surprising in view of the present business depression, that the totals show a heavy decrease from last year. When it is remembered that bank clearings in the country during January, 1893, and December, 1892, were the heaviest on record of recent years, reasons for the almost perpendicular drop shown this year as compared with a year ago are very plain.

Total clearings at fifty-nine cities for the month of January this year aggregate \$1,029,847,093, a decrease of 32 per cent from the corresponding month of 1893, and from the total of December, 1893, the heaviest on record. Compared with January, 1892, the falling off is slightly less, 28 per cent, and with 1891 the decrease is even more moderate, 18 per cent. As indicating the depression at the financial center of the country, it is seen the decrease at New York from January a year ago is over 30 per cent, while outside of New York the decrease is a little more than 20 per cent.

In spite of the widespread depression it is worth mentioning that nine out of the seventy-four cities having comparisons with a year ago show increases. Most of these increases are south—Norfolk, Fort Worth, Dallas, Savannah and Jacksonville. The most notable increase is that shown by Indianapolis, about 7 per cent. In the East, Birmingham, N. Y., alone shows a gain. In the Southwest, Topeka and Emporia, Kan., report increases. With these exceptions the tendency toward decrease has been most pronounced, the larger and more important cities, as a rule, showing larger decreases.

Among larger Eastern cities which in addition to New York show decreases are Boston, 18 per cent; Philadelphia, 27 per cent; Baltimore, 7 per cent; Providence, 21 per cent; Pittsburgh, 16 per cent, and Buffalo, 14 per cent. In the central West, Chicago's total declined 21 per cent; the total at St. Louis 8 per cent; Cleveland, 27 per cent; Detroit, 30 per cent, and Louisville, 22 per cent. In the Northwest, Minneapolis reports a decrease of 31 per cent; St. Paul, 43 per cent; Milwaukee, 47 per cent, and Omaha, 40 per cent. The decrease at Duluth is very small. In the far West, Denver's decline is most noticeable, nearly 50 per cent. San Francisco shows a loss of 22 per cent. In the South, New Orleans' January total fell off 13 per cent.

Why Not Dickinson?

The Mapleton, Minn., Enterprise refers to the rumor that Judge Dickinson, now a resident of Duluth, will be a candidate for United States senator and says: "It is said that Judge Dickinson will be a candidate for the United States senate to succeed Senator Washburn. There are very few men of Mr. Dickinson's ability and character in the state. A mistake was made in not re-electing him to the supreme court, for which the people alone are to blame, and if they desire to make recompense they will see that he is elected to the senate. Such a move would be pleasing to his many friends and admirers in this part of the state at least."

When The Herald interviewed Judge Dickinson about a week ago on this subject he declared that he was not a candidate in any sense for senator and did not want the office. This statement should be in the judge's favor. It would be a novelty to elect an United States senator a man who did not seek the position and especially one of Judge Dickinson's well-known ability and high character. He has a host of friends all over the state who would no doubt rally to his support, should Duluth present him as a candidate for senator.

And why should not the next senator come from this section of the state? Both the present senators are from the Twin Cities. St. Paul and Minneapolis combined have two senators and two representatives in congress. This is not fair to the rest of Minnesota, and it will not be astonishing if the people of Minnesota conclude that Senator Washburn's successor shall be some man outside of Ramsey and Hennepin counties. There has been a persistent effort for several months past to create a boom for Mr. Washburn's re-election, but it has fallen flat. There is no sentiment of any account in his favor. The people have not forgotten the circumstances surrounding his nomination over ex-Senator Sabin and the influences that produced that result, and therefore it is not strange that they decline to endorse him at this time.

Such being the case, why should not Duluth strive to secure the senatorship? The people throughout the state, outside of the two largest cities at least, have a friendly feeling towards the city, and a candidate from Duluth could secure strong support. There may be plenty of good senatorial timber here besides Judge Dickinson, but with his extensive acquaintance throughout the state, his popularity, his well known ability and

character he would undoubtedly be particularly strong.

The noteworthy fact is developed in the annual report of the New York State Board of Charities that during the ten years from 1883 to 1893 the expenditures for charitable objects have doubled, showing an increase nearly four times greater than that of the population of the state. The reports from year to year show a constant increase both in the amount expended and in the number of beneficiaries, and the year 1893 is no exception, there being an increase of over \$2,000,000 in expenditures and of nearly 1000 in the number of beneficiaries as compared with the preceding year.

The attention of President Cleveland should be drawn to the fact that there is a pretender to the throne of Samoa. He might attempt to put him on the throne and induce him to make Queen Liliuokalani his consort. This would be a great double coup that would startle the universe.

There are rumors that another paper is to be started in Carlton. The village already has all the papers it can support, and the result will demonstrate this truth.

Capt. Lewis' election was conceded by the Democrats at noon. It is only a question of majority now. The larger the majority the better.

The polls will remain open until 7 p. m. There is still plenty of time to vote if you have not attended to that duty.

If you have not voted yet, go to the polls at once and vote for Capt. Lewis for mayor and two good men for aldermen.

It is the Same Man.

Two Harbors Iron Men. Can the report be true that the Duluth Democrats have endorsed Jens J. Jansdow, the Populist candidate, for mayor? If so, it is hardly probable that this is the same Jensdow who, in a speech in this village three years ago, gave Democracy so thorough a drubbing. We don't recall his words, but rather his attitude. He was weak and nervous, and his hand shook so he could not feed himself, but now that shaking has disappeared and she sits quite steadily. After food does not distress her at all and she is not nervous, but on the contrary is quiet and very comfortable.

Do not give up the ship! Many a wrecked constitution might be saved if but a stout heart was in command. If you have been suffering and tried all kinds of remedies without benefit, take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will restore you to sound and vigorous health. It is purely vegetable and perfectly harmless. Dr. Greene, its discoverer, can be consulted at his office, 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city, free of charge. If you are loaded with slugs, eleven of which struck Williams in the neck, nearly blowing the head from the body.

In running away from his pursuers, hands and feet, after resistance, was handcuffed. A mob of negroes at once assembled and were bent on lynching Graham. The officers stuck to their man, and after a desperate struggle with the would-be lynchers landed him in jail.

His Head Blown Off.

A Gambler Named Billie Graham Killed a Negro.

Houston, Tex., Feb. 6.—Sunday night Louis Williams, a negro who runs a saloon and gambling joint, quarreled with another gambler named Billie Graham. Last night, as Williams was looking out of his door, Graham slipped up in the dark and fired on him with a shotgun, loaded with slugs, eleven of which struck Williams in the neck, nearly blowing the head from the body.

In running away from his pursuers, hands and feet, after resistance, was handcuffed. A mob of negroes at once assembled and were bent on lynching Graham. The officers stuck to their man, and after a desperate struggle with the would-be lynchers landed him in jail.

No Cause for Excitement.

Mississippi Valley Lumbermen: The Duluth papers are agitated and excited over the newspaper report that Congressman Baldwin is trying to get Secretary Smith to order a sale of some of the pine on the Red Lake reservation. Brethren of the Duluth press fret not your anxieties over this matter. There are hundreds of sturdy young men down in "Gory" yet who have got to take turns in coming up to Minnesota to determine the exact amount of pine there is on the reservation. Only the fourth or fifth job lot have been ordered up on this errand and it is too soon a job to be thrown away by ordering a sale on the first half dozen estimates.

To Hold a Conference.

Grand Master Sargent to Meet the Northern Pacific Recruiters.

TERRA HATRE, Ind., Feb. 6.—Grand Master Sargent of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen telegraphed to headquarters this morning that he would meet with the recruiters of the Northern Pacific at Milwaukee tomorrow. The understanding here is that this conference will be held to try to get the receivers to modify the wage schedule.

If the receivers do not do so, the brotherhood chiefs will ask Judge Jenkins to dissolve the injunction which restrains them from submitting to the men for a vote the question of accepting the schedule or quitting work.

A Whole Family Poisoned.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—A newspaper of Posen states, that a Hebrew family named Malanovic, consisting of thirteen persons, has been poisoned at Antonopol. Several arrests of persons suspected of the crime have been made.

The Herald is the paper for the people. Subscribe for it.

"DON'T GIVE UP THE SHIP."

Noble Advice From a Great Man.

Words Which Will Last Forever as a Moral Lesson.

Oh! If More Would Only Weigh Well Such Experience.

When Capt. Lawrence told his men not to give up the ship, he little knew what a valuable lesson he was teaching to the world. How many times we become discouraged and despondent and are ready to give up in despair, when with a little more pluck and perseverance all might yet be well. A good example of a man who was determined to fight to the end, is Mr. Joseph Gold, of Northfield, Vt., whose experience is certainly most interesting.

"Five years ago," said Mr. Gold, "I had a severe case of typhoid fever which prostrated me terribly. My limbs swelled to twice their natural size, and nobody thought I would recover. I got through it, but was left in a very bad condition; weak, nervous and debilitated. I was determined to get well, however, if possible, and I used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

"We have used this wonderful remedy in our family for some time, and do not think we could get along without it. We have an old lady in our family who is now 80 years old, and who takes it regularly three times a day. She was very weak and nervous, and her hand shook so she could not feed herself, but now that shaking has disappeared and she sits quite steadily. After food does not distress her at all and she is not nervous, but on the contrary is quiet and very comfortable.

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THESE SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS ARE MONEY-MAKERS FOR THOUSANDS. EVERYBODY SHOULD USE THEM.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Herald Wants,

Popular Because Effective.

One cent a word; 75 cents a line per month. No advertisement taken for less than 15 cents. Payment must be made in advance.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FREE.

All persons wanting situations can use The Herald want columns for three insertion free.

Parties advertising in these columns may have answers addressed in care of The Herald and will be given check to enable them to get answers to their advertisements. All answers should be properly enclosed in envelopes.

FREE.

WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED SEWER, work by the day. Address C 36, Herald office.

WANTED—WORK AS SECOND GILL, work. One who speaks several languages. Address C 29, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXPERIENCED NURSE. Address C 19, Herald.

WANTED—A BOY/AGE 18 YEARS, WOULD like to learn the baker's trade. Address C 41, Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN AS WAITER, EXPERIENCED, either day or night or for a few hours daily; will take constructing meal tickets as part salary. Address H. G., No. 118 West Second street, city.

WORK OF ANY KIND BY A MAN TOTALLY destitute. World's fair tickets; wages no object. Address D 96, Herald.

COMPETENT NURSE WISHES ENGAGE health and nervous, and her hand shook so she could not feed herself, but now that shaking has disappeared and she sits quite steadily. After food does not distress her at all and she is not nervous, but on the contrary is quiet and very comfortable.

A YOUNG GIRL WANTS A SITUATION to assist in housework. Call at 195 East Fourth street.

WANTED—MEN OF FAIR ADDRESS OUT of employment to know they can make big money at work for hire in the city. Call at the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company, 625 West Superior street.

CAKESMEN TO BAKING POWDER. We put our goods in glass bottles. 200 month and express or commission. Chicago Baking Powder Co., 167 Van Buren street, Chicago.

TWO GOOD HUSTLERS, SALARY AND commission to sell goods on instalment. 713 West Superior street.

WANTED GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Family of two. No. 6 Seaton terrace.

WANTED, A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework. Apply at 141 East First street.

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ONE CENT A WORD!

TO RENT—HOUSES.

RENT YOUR HOUSES, FLATS AND STORES of Alexander & Spence, 216 W. Superior st.

FOR RENT, NICE THREE-ROOM COTTAGE, newly papered, on Tenth avenue east and Third street, for \$5 per month. The above is newly furnished, complete, with carpets, heating, folding bed, new sewing machine, dishes, a quantity of fruit, etc., which is for sale, extremely cheap, as parties are going to Australia in a few weeks. The above cost between \$50 and \$100. Address Box 914, Duluth.

FOR RENT—35 EAST THIRD STREET. A central; steam heat; special rate. See Sherwood, Torrey building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS, THE LOWELL, 21 East Superior.

FURNISHED ROOM, 121 WEST FIRST street.

LARGE WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat and bath. 122 East First street.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—THE STOCK FARM at EAST Superior containing 120 acres; 320 acres now under cultivation. Buildings and improvements suitable for stock or milk farm. Apply to Mitchell & Co., Duluth.

PERSONAL.

MARRIED LADIES—SEND 10 CENTS FOR "Ladies' Friend" (no medicine). No question! Just what you want. Ladies' Friend, Kansas City, Mo.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN, Midwife. Full graduate of German college of accouchement, cupping and vaccination course. 609 East Third street.

M. E. CHAMBERS, CITY AUCTIONEER.

Will sell at auction Friday, 2 p. m., Feb. 10, 1894, at Spencer block, 31 East Superior street, corner First street, a lot of goods, including: new, second-hand, rolled oats in barrels and half barrels, baking powder, auto, caudles, canned beans, tinned salmon, lobster, cases sardines, cocoa, butter and many other goods too numerous to mention. Goods slightly damaged by water or otherwise. The trade will do well to attend this sale as goods will be sold in lots to suit. M. E. Chambers, Auctioneer.

PLUMBING.

W. W. McMillan COMPANY. HEATING AND PLUMBING. 25 West Superior street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE MOST RESPECTABLE LICENSED ABSTRACTOR FOR SUPERIOR AND DOUGLASS COUNTY with the WISCONSIN REALTY ABSTRACT CO., 210 Pacific Building, Duluth. Geo. E. Nesbitt, Secy.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER.

J. Flynn to C. A. Barker, lots 3 and 4, Block 70, Crocker, \$1,000.

J. P. Wolf to C. R. Lawson, lot 91, block 10, \$1,000.

H. Armstrong et al to White & Farrant Lumber company, lands in sections 24 and 35-49, \$400.

Total \$2,500.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R'y.

DIRECT LINE TO

Boston, Nk,

Montreal, Buffalo,

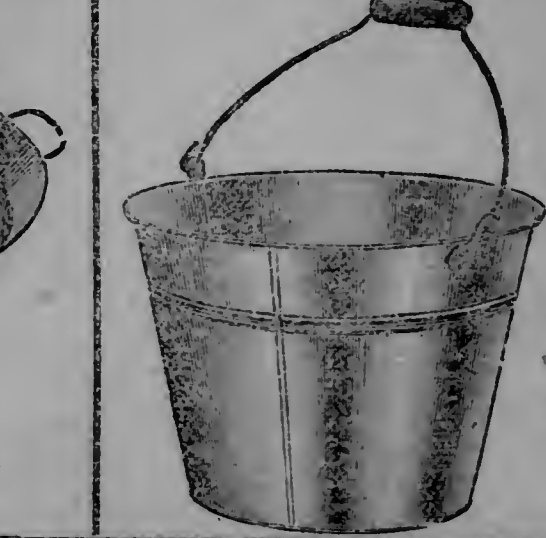
ONE CENT A WORD!

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE No. 76, A. F. & A. M. Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 5, 1894. Work, First degree. W. E. Covey, W. M., Edwin Moore, secretary.

TONIC LODGE No. 126, A. F. & A. M. Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 21, work, M. M. degree. J. K. Persons, W. M., H. W. Chesdale, secretary.

100



ORDER LIMITING TIME FOR FILING CLAIMS
STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of Charles E. Metz, doing business under the firm name of Carter & Metz, Inventor.

On reading and filing the duly verified petition of George M. Smith, assignee of the above named inventor, at Duluth, in said county, to the court, tith the proofs of debt, heretofore filed with said assignee, have been destroyed by fire and that the said proofs of debt are necessary and also that a large portion of the property of the said inventor has been destroyed by fire and that it is desirable that a partial dividend be paid to the creditors of said insolvent.

It is therefore ordered, that all creditors of said insolvent desiring to participate in the distribution of the assets of said insolvent, be and they are required to file their proofs of debt with the said assignee at Duluth, in said county and state, on or before the first day of March next, in default of any creditor said insolvent filing such proofs of debt, he shall be forever required, that he be debarred from sharing in the assets of said insolvent.

It is further ordered, that this order be published in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily issue of the Duluth Evening Herald, in said county and state, in said county and state, and a copy of this order be served by the clerk of said court, on each creditor of said insolvent.

Dated February 27, 1902.

By the Court,
D. M. EXNER, District Judge.

Feb 28 - 1902

SEIGELER'S
DULUTH'S
PRACTICAL FURRIER,
Established 1887. Makes and repairs all kinds of FUR GARMENTS. Sockless Scaques reduced and reduced on the premises. FLUSH COATS.
209-211 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

TEMPLE OPERA HOUSE.

Four Nights, (Commencing Tuesday, Feb. 6,

FANNY

DAVENPORT.

Supported by Melbaaron Macdowell, in
Sardor's

"CLEOPATRA."

N. B.—Owing to length of play certain
seats promptly at 8 p. m.
Sells ready Saturday.

If you wish to drink a choice
Glass of Lager call 44

Glass or Lager can for
Fitger's Beer.
Wholesome, Palatable and Nourishing

CURE YOURSELF!
—C7935—

G. G. S.

Timely sale and reliable cure for **GONORRHEA, CLEET, LEUCORRHEA,** and other discharges, whether old or new. A speedy cure of the most obstinate cases. **GUARANTEED NOT TO GIVE BACK.** **GUARANTEED NOT TO GIVE BACK.** **GUARANTEED NOT TO GIVE BACK.**

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1894.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Home Institution Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and not Tributary to any Eastern Management. Established in Duluth in 1881.

The BIG DULUTH

Store Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

PAY YOUR ELECTION BETS

WITH THE WORLD RENOWNED Knox Hats!

We are Exclusive Agents.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL

Complete and Trustworthy Outfitters for Men, Boys and Children.

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$200,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	20,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Three 1600 Oils Steel Rollers.
Three 1500 Oils Steel Rollers, Bottom Settling.
One 50 horse-power Rice Automatic Cut-Off Engine.
One 100 horse-power Rice Engine.
One 50 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
One 50 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
All in first-class condition.
Also the old power house building of the Hartman General Electric Co. at the foot of Fifth avenue east, on lake front, and a miscellaneous lot of Piping and Steam Fittings, Pumps, Shafts, Pulleys, etc.
ENQUIRE

HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,

ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING

MENDENHALL & HOOPES, District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co. (LIMITED), OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1889.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds,
Individual Accident

Look Here!

When you want household goods moved, packed for shipping or storage, or your safe moved

AT ABOUT HALF PRICE,

Call on the

DULUTH VAN COMPANY,

OFFICE 206 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Trunks to Any Part of City 25c.

FEBRUARY MAGAZINES

ALL THE DAILY AND WEEKLY PAPERS.

Only Complete Stock of Office Supplies in the City.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

SIMS UNDER ARREST.

The American Protective Association Lecturer Arrested at Appleton, Wis., on His Way to Kaukauna.

He Was Going From Oshkosh With Two Hundred Followers and Serious Trouble Was Feared.

Danger That This Is But the Prelude to a Fierce Battle Between the Rival Camps.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—A special from Appleton, Wis., says: Sims, the American Protective Association lecturer, was arrested here last evening on his way to Kaukauna on a civil warrant sworn out by Humphrey Pierce, the mayor of Appleton.

Some time ago gave a lecture at Kaukauna, which resulted in a riot, and has chased out of town. He gave notice that he would return, and at night started from Oshkosh with about 200 of his followers and the Arion band for Kaukauna. At Kaukauna the Catholics prepared to receive him and his crowd in such a way that some stones, but so far as known, only one man was hit and he suffered but a slight contusion of the skin over one of his eyes.

It is feared that last night's work is but the prelude to a fierce battle between rival camps of fanatics. Before his departure, Sims said that he did not propose to be kept from speaking in Kaukauna and that with 2500 good and true A. P. A. men he would return to deliver the lecture intended for the ears of the Kaukauna people.

WILL TEST THE LAW.

Indiana's Anti-Prize Fight Law Said to be Void.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—A special to the Sun from Chicago says: Martin Costello, who was sentenced to serve two years in the Indiana penitentiary on a charge of riotous conspiracy, for having engaged in a glove contest before the Columbian Athletic club, at Roby, and fled to Canada, has voluntarily returned to the city and will deliver himself to the Hoosier authorities.

The case will now be carried to the Indiana supreme court, and as to the opinions of eminent jurists that body will deliver to Governor Matthews a body blow by declaring that the law passed by the legislature is unconstitutional. In this event boxing will be legal, and the governor will be powerless in the future to prevent glove contests within the borders of the state.

THE RED CROSS SOCIETY.

Report on the Work Done Between October and January.

NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The American National Red Cross has just issued a mid-field report for the terms between October, 1893, and January, 1894. It contains a very interesting informal report of the Sea Island relief, given in a letter to Mrs. Christensen, of Brookline, Mass. There is also a list of subscriptions for the past three months.

In a letter to Mrs. Christensen, Clara Barton says: "We have on hand \$6933 in cash, 3000 pounds of meat, 40 bags of grits here and 250 barrels in Charleston, 100 barrels of flour, no medicines, no nourishing food in any quantity for the sick."

HANGED BY A MOB.

The Deserved Fate of a Villainous Wretch in Michigan.

EWING, Mich., Feb. 7.—Signe Hatteli, the 8-year-old daughter of Peter Hatteli, was criminally assaulted Monday night by Andrew Pikkarainen, a Russian Finn of Bruce's Corners, five miles east of here, while the child's parents, who keep a boarding house, were away from home. Two other men witnessed the outrage but were afraid to interfere as Pikkarainen is large, powerful and ugly. The brute was arrested yesterday, and last night the jail was broken open by a mob and the assailant was taken out and hanged.

Killed at Park Rapids.

PARK RAPIDS, Minn., Feb. 7.—David Durgin, of this place, while cutting down a tree in the woods yesterday morning was struck on his head by a falling limb which crushed his skull in a terrible manner, causing death in a few hours.

Murdered His Child.

BUFFALO, Minn., Feb. 7.—James G. Nugent, who shot and instantly killed his daughter, aged 14, Monday evening at his home, near Maple Lake, had been drinking, and the girl crossed his will in some way. Nugent is an old soldier and a brother of John C. Nugent, the well-known politician.

Convicts Escaped.

VELASCO, Tex., Feb. 7.—All the convicts on the Retrieve plantation, forty in number, escaped yesterday. Hoodlums are on their track. The convicts are mostly negroes and were at work under the lease system.

LINCOLN OUT OF POLITICS.

Says the Republican Prospects are Brighter Than For Years.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 7.—In conversation with a reporter today, ex-Secretary of War, Robert T. Lincoln, said: "You know, or at least I will tell you so you will know, that I am out of politics and that I am attending strictly to private affairs, but I will give you my views on the political outlook. The prospects for the Republican party are brighter than they have been for many years. It is too bad the party should have had its future blighted by the deplorable state the country is now in, but this state of affairs is what will insure the success of the party all over the country. I do not believe the Wilson bill will pass the senate as the bill now stands. It has no features to recommend it to the upper house of congress."

In Lincoln's words I say nothing on the Hawaiian question. He believed, however, that congress would do what was right in the premises. Regarding the probable candidates of the Republican party in 1896, he said: "I think the nomination lies between three men—Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, ex-representative, Harrison and Governor McKinley, of Ohio."

THE DEMURRER DENIED.

An Editor of an A. P. A. Paper Fined \$500 for Libel.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 7.—Judge O'Rourke, this morning, in the case of Editor Bidwell, of the American Eagle, decided not to sustain the demurrer of Smiley N. Chambers, that the libelous publication did not libel Bishop Rademacher, and assessed \$500 against the editor of the paper.

The latter at once entered a motion to appeal the case to the supreme court. Bidwell published an article in his A. P. A. paper making a sensational attack on the Catholic orphan's home.

THE ELECTION AT TOWER.

Mayor Shephard Re-elected and Campaign Municipal Judge.

TOWER, Minn., Feb. 7.—The city election here yesterday was a quiet affair. The only fight made was on municipal judge, to which office Campaigne was elected over Scott by a vote of 145 to 127. W. N. Shephard is re-elected mayor and J. A. Fetter and Andrew Hawkins were elected aldermen.

In the battle for \$80 and the championship of Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin S. V. White, of West Superior, was known as the champion of the American Revolution to speak at the centennial of the Vermont range, in fifty-two seconds at the opera house Monday evening.

Price of Spirits Raised.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—A special from Peoria, Ill., says: Orders have been sent out to whiskey trust headquarters raising the price of spirits 2 cents a gallon, and preparations are being made to set the price of houses at work at their highest capacity.

Three Industries Resumed.

HORN BEACH, N. Y., Feb. 7.—The Hollow Cable Manufacturing company of this city has resumed work after a long idleness. They say orders have increased 100 per cent. The Rockland Silk mill, one of the largest in the country, and the Preston Brick company resumed today.

French Naval Inquiry.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—The sub-committee of the naval commission has adopted the proposal made by M. Lockroy that the commission be asked to divide itself into four sections, in order that separate inquiries may be made into the central naval administration, arsenals, accounts and naval construction. It is expected that the inquiry will last six months.

Sixty People Drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 7.—Advises from Japan state that the Japanese steamship Korvo Marec is missing and is believed to have been wrecked with the loss of her crew of forty-three and twenty passengers.

Gen. Greeley to Speak.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Gen. A. W. Greeley, the distinguished Arctic explorer, has accepted the invitation of the Pennsylvania society of the Sons of the American Revolution to speak at the annual banquet to be held at the Duquesne club, Pittsburgh, on Washington's birthday.

An Attack on England.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—The Siecle today contains a violent article against England. The writer says that Great Britain has acted in Newfoundland, Egypt, Madagascar, the Solomon and Siam as though the world belonged to her. It adds that the time for an explanation from Great Britain is approaching.

Charged With Murder.

SANTA ROSA, Cal., Feb. 7.—Mrs. Elizabeth Bryan and Mrs. Mary J. Fowler, of Petaluma, were lodged in jail here today, charged with the murder of their sister, Mrs. Nancy Mcagher, John Bryan, the 16-year-old son of Mrs. Bryan, was also arrested charged with complicity.

A Pioneer Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 7.—James Heron, secretary of the Wells-Fargo company, died yesterday. He was a member of the party from Commodore Sloat's squadron, which raised the American flag at Monterey in '45.

A Bank Burglarized.

FINDLAY, Ohio, Feb. 7.—Burglars entered Mace Brothers' bank at Delshire at an early hour this morning, blew open the safe and secured over \$5000 in cash. No clew.

Ocean Steamships.

New York—Arrived: Massilia, Marcellus.

Algers—Arrived: Fulda, New York, and proceeded for Genoa.

Never Have Nests.

New York—American. Generally speaking the St. Paul Pioneer is a bright paper. It is a little off, however, when it says that "the cuckoos are feathering their nests." The cuckoo and the blackbird are said by ornithologists to be the only two birds that never have nests.

MARSHALL IS NAMED.

Cutler J. Marshall Has Been Appointed Collector of Customs at Duluth to Succeed C. F. Johnson.

Maj. Baldwin Discusses Yesterday's Election in Duluth and Again Defends His Iron Ore Speech.

Called on the President and Attorney General Today to Urge of Autremont and Bede's Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—[Special to The Herald.]—Upon recommendation of Maj. Baldwin, Cutler J. Marshall, of Duluth, will today be appointed collector of customs for the port of Duluth, to succeed Charles F. Johnson, whose term has expired. Cutler J. Marshall was born in Nova Scotia in 1894, forty-five years ago.

He came of American stock, but during the last century his ancestors left the colonies and re-located in Nova Scotia. His father was a farmer and a man of considerable prominence in the province. At one time he was collector of customs for the port of Guysboro, which gives the son who will fill a similar position in Duluth both a hereditary and practical knowledge of the requirements of such a position.

The subject of this brief sketch spent all his days on the farm and attended the common schools of the province until he was 19 years of age, when he went into the fish business in Cape Breton. He left there in 1880, coming direct to Duluth. During his thirteen years residence here, he has been a wholesale grain and commission merchant and has also done a good business as a real estate agent. Mr. Marshall is an enthusiastic, consistent, uncompromising Democrat from choice and from principle. He belongs to the rank and file of that party and has never held office before.

Representative Baldwin, speaking of the Duluth election yesterday, said today: "I do not see why a national question should be made the issue of a municipal campaign. Duluth heretofore has always claimed the superiority and cheapness of mining on the Mesaba range over other ranges. When this excitement is over, I think I can fairly say that my tariff speech was a better advertisement for Duluth than the stock argument of Republican speakers in a Duluth municipal campaign."

Maj. Baldwin called on the president and the attorney general today, it is said for the purpose of urging the appointment of Mayor d'Autremont as United States district attorney and J. Adam Bede for United States marshal.

MUST BE RELEASED.

Insane Patients Committee Under the New Law to be Discharged.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 7.—[Special to The Herald.]—The trustees of the insane hospitals today passed a resolution instructing the superintendents to notify probate judges of the committees from which patients were committed under the new law to take the patients out of the asylums. Similar notices will be sent to friends, and in case of refusal or neglect to do so after a reasonable time, the superintendents are instructed to set the patients at liberty.

The board holds it would be unjust, inequitable and illegal to ask the counties in which the asylums are located to bear the expense of re-examination and recommitment as suggested by the attorney general today. There are 400 patients illegally committed now in the asylums.

A BIG INVITATION.

Congressmen and Families Invited to Duluth and Superior.

A Washington special says: Capt. McDougall, of Duluth, as vice president of the National Lake Carriers' association, has extended an invitation to members of both houses of congress and their families to make a midsummer excursion through the lake chain to Duluth as soon as congress adjourns. He gives the choice of more than two vessels leaving such port on such day as the excursionists may select. While on the excursion they will be the joint guests of the cities of Duluth and Superior and lake carriers' association. The object is to give the members of congress a just comprehension of the magnitude of the lake trade and the necessity of liberal appropriations in behalf of Duluth harbor.

Railroad Man Dead.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 7.—O. N. Smith, traffic manager of Seaboard air line, well known in railroad circles, died this morning at his home in Portsmouth, after a lingering illness.

"House" Janeway in Gotham.

A writer in the New York Daily America thus refers to a former resident of Duluth: "I met Hugh Janeway, the big ex-football player, in the imperial leather room yesterday. He tells me that he is preparing a series of articles on 'College Athletics and Athletes' for a leading magazine. 'House' is surely capable, as he is one of the best authorities in college sports in the country."

THE MISSABE ELECTION.

Rockefeller's People are in Control—The Officers Elected.

The statement that the Merritts are out of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines is verified by the result of the election yesterday of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway. The directors elected are: A. D. Allibone, N. B. Merritt, A. D. Thomson, W. J. Olcott, J. B. Cotton, Alex McDougall, S. R. Payne, H. C. Merritt, D. M. Philbin. The presidency has not been filled but the other officers elected are: vice-presidents, A. D. Allibone and Alex McDougall; secretary, S. R. Payne; treasurer, A. D. Allibone; general counsel, George Wellwood Murray; attorney, J. B. Cotton; general manager, D. M. Philbin. Alfred Merritt declined an election as president.

The directors and officers elected by the mining companies were as follows: Adams: President, W. J. Olcott; vice president, A. D. Thomson; secretary, E. H. Hall; treasurer, N. B. Merritt; directors, A. D. Thomson, J. B. Cotton, D. T. Adams, W. J. Olcott, P. L. Kimberley. Mountain Iron: President, W. J. Olcott; vice president, J. B. Cotton; secretary, E. H. Hall; treasurer, N. B. Merritt; directors, W. J. Olcott, J. B. Cotton, N. B. Merritt, E. H. Hall, A. D. Thomson, Marcus Simpson, K. D. Chase, E. T. Merritt, Alex McDougall.

Biwabik: President, W. J. Olcott; vice president, Alex McDougall; secretary, E. H. Hall; treasurer, N. B. Merritt; directors, Alex McDougall, H. C. Merritt, K. D. Chase, Moses E. Clapp, N. B. Merritt, J. B. Cotton, W. J. Olcott, Marcus Simpson, A. D. Thomson. The Great Northern and Shaw elections were reported yesterday. W. J. Olcott, who is president of all the companies, will manage the mines. He was Mr. Rockefeller's representative on the Gogebic. He will remove here from Bessemer, Mich., his present location.

THEY OBJECT TO RATES.

Commissioners Hearing the Moorhead and Crookston Case.

The chief item of importance at the capitol yesterday was the hearing in the Moorhead and Crookston wheat rate case, held before the railroad and warehouse commission, with an imposing array of counsel and of well known railroaders.

The case was instituted last fall by the Hon. Halvor Steenerson, of Crookston, who represented the desire of his constituents to have the Great Northern's rate on wheat from Moorhead, Crookston and like points to Minneapolis reduced from 10 cents to 12 cents, on the ground that the existing tariff was excessive and susceptible of just reduction.

Owing to numerous delays, the case did not come up until yesterday, when the commission began the taking of testimony. The witnesses called on behalf of the complainants were A. Gutrie, a railway contractor of St. Paul and formerly division superintendent of the Great Northern; W. A. Scott, general superintendent of the Omaha; Col. William Crooks, until recently actively identified with the right of way and tax department of the Great Northern and originally the builder of several pieces of Great Northern track; S. P. Folsom, an old settler; C. B. Yale, claim agent of the Great Northern; and W. H. Fisher, of the Duluth & Winnipeg.

Inasmuch as the company claims that the cost of the line and the cost of operation are such as to make it impossible to carry traffic at a rate less than that already in effect, the inquiry was largely along the line of the cost of construction. Attorney General Childs appeared for the commission and the Great Northern was represented by Vice President Clough and General Counsel Grover. The matter will take several days.

AFTER THE ELECTION.

Page Morris Comments on the Result—Fred Ryan's Chair Draped.

A reporter heard Judge Page Morris commenting on the result of the election this morning in this wise: "All honor to those Democrats who rose above party consideration and voted for the general welfare of the city. This is a victory of the people and a fitting answer to the insults of a man whom they had honored far beyond his deserts and appreciation by electing him to represent them in congress, insults given not in supporting the Wilson bill, for he might conceive it to be his duty, but for his remarks in explanation thereof. This election, too, was a rebuke given by the self-respecting Democrats to the disgraceful methods employed to influence the result, not by Mr. Janeway himself, but by his so-called friends, official and otherwise."

Fred Ryan's sympathizing friends, who also have offices in the same building with the Duluth Ice company, draped his chair in mourning this morning and labelled it "Our Fred." Upon the wall over his desk was hung a copy of Bede's Budget, also draped in mourning. Poor Fred worked hard all day long in the Fourth ward, and effectively, too, for the Republicans had the smallest majorities in that ward, but Fred's men came a long way from winning.

Some wag draped the Democratic headquarters' sign in mourning last night and no one has had the nerve to remove it today.

Bad Railway Accident.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—A dispatch from Campagne, 52 miles northeast of this city, states that a train which left Paris at 11 o'clock last night, was derailed at that place about midnight. It is reported that seven persons were killed and twenty more or less injured. The train was bound for points in Belgium.

Republican Parade.

The Republicans will have a grand parade tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in celebration of yesterday's great victory. The parade will be formed at the city hall and will be under the direction of J. C. Howard and J. E. Cooley as chief marshals, with J. A. Gray in charge of the West Duluth people who will march up to the city hall accompanied by their band. The City and another band will also furnish music for the parade.

Ups and Downs

Occur in Business as well as in the other affairs of life. In the way of their application the UPS (in prices) cling persistently to the other fellows and the DOWNS belong of right to us.

We Have The Goods.

Every item we name is a bargain. You can never say that you were lured to disappointment by any Printer's Ink above the signature of

PANTON & WATSON.

For Tomorrow

We Will offer the following

Bargains:

New Spring China Silks at

50c

Skirting Embroideries

Manufacturers' Remnants at 39c, 49c, 59c, 69c and 89c; worth 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.50.

Embroidery Edges

Manufacturers' Remnants. They have sold as fast as we can measure them during the past few days. The prices are only 5c, 8c, 10c, 15c and 20c. If there is a piece amongst them that is not worth double you can have it for nothing.

New Linens, New Sheetings, New Outing Flannels, New Wash Goods.

SPECIAL

We Will offer for tomorrow 50 dozen

Pure Linen Damask Napkins at

\$1.19

High priced houses would consider them cheap at

\$1.75.

Panton & Watson

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Feb. 7.—The barometer has generally fallen
all at reporting station, with a slight rise in
the Middle Mississippi valley and Northern
Rocky mountain plateau region, where the
pressure has decreased three-tenths of an inch.
County weather reveals this morning, with
cloudy valleys, with light rain at Duluth and
Indianapolis. It is also cloudy to the north
of Duluth. Elsewhere fair weather prevails.

The temperature has risen 10 to 20 degrees in
the Middle Mississippi and Ohio valleys and
over Lake Erie and Eastern South Dakota.
Elsewhere it has remained nearly stationary.
It is decidedly warmer than the average in all
districts.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today,
5 degrees above zero; maximum 10 degrees;
minimum, 5 degrees above zero.

DULUTH, Feb. 7.—Local forecast until 8 p. m.
tomorrow: Continued warm, cloudy and un-
settled weather, followed Tuesday evening by
cold; southwesterly wind.

JAMES KENNELLY,
Local Forecast Officer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Forecast till 8 p. m.
tomorrow: Fair, Wisconsin generally fair,
except probably light rain or snow in southeast
portion; slight changes in temperature, with
partial clearing followed by cooler air, western
portion, with light rain; for Minnesota:
generally fair and probably preceded by snow
in extreme northwest portion; cooler to-
morrow, probably followed by rising temperature
Thursday; westerly winds becoming variable.

Republican Throughout.

The election of Capt. Ray T. Lewis as
mayor of Duluth by a majority of 3025 is
a grand victory for those who worked
and voted for an honest and economical
city administration. The verdict of the
people was pronounced in an emphatic
manner against the Demopop combination,
and the Populist candidate was re-
pudiated by a vote that leaves no
doubt as to the popular feeling on this
point. While the result is to a large
extent a declaration in favor of the best
man for the office, it is also undeniably
a victory for the Republicans in Duluth.
Many Democrats, unable and unwilling
to swallow the Populist dose, both voted
and worked for Capt. Lewis, but still it
must be admitted that from a Republican
standpoint it was a great party triumph.
The large vote was drawn out to a con-
siderable degree by the desire to give
a majority against the Demopop candidate
that would emphasize the protest of Du-
luth against Maj. Baldwin's vote in con-
gress on the iron ore question. In this
protest numerous Democrats joined
heartily.

The result of the aldermanic contests
was surprising in many instances. While
hardly any one doubted that a majority
of the Republican nominees for
aldermen would be elected, no one was
prepared for a clean sweep. There were
several excellent men on the Demo-
cratic ticket and it was believed that
some of them would be elected, but a
Republican victory was in the air and
they were carried down to defeat with
the rest of the ticket. It is
cause for congratulation, however, that
on the whole the Republican ticket was
an excellent one and that its election en-
tirely will ensure a good council for the
coming year at least. The council will
include many first-class business men
whose influence will undoubtedly have
a good effect upon the conduct of the city's
affairs.

Taxation of Incomes.

The subject of an income tax as a
means of raising revenue has probably
excited more opposition than any other
feature of the Wilson bill, both among
the Republican and Democratic mem-
bers of congress. It is said that the
United States is the only civilized coun-
try in the world which has not some kind
of an income tax and in this connection
some extracts from the recent report of
J. C. Monaghan, United States consul at
Cheminu may be interesting. He says
that in Saxony incomes of less than
\$71.10 are not taxed, and in Prussia
all incomes under \$214.20 are exempt.

The system is so regulated that peo-
ple of small means pay only from 1/2
to 1 per cent of their incomes while the
rich pay never more than 3 per cent. In
Prussia an income of \$214.20 is taxed 1/2
per cent and the largest tax on any in-
come is a per cent. In Saxony a person
with an annual income of \$119 pays a
yearly tax of 23 cents—one-fifth of one
per cent. A person with \$716 income—
four times the above—pays \$7.14 per
annum. Thus it will be seen that a per-
son with an income four times as large
as the first class tax pays a tax thirty
times as large. Double the income again,
make it \$1432, twice \$716, and the tax is
not twice \$7.14, but \$22.27, more than
three times \$7.14. Double again and we
get an income of \$1404 with tax again
more than double, \$57.41.

The tax when promulgated was ad-
justed with a view of making people with
large incomes pay large amounts. Why
the tax stopped at 3 per cent and did not
go higher is not stated, but it was prob-
ably because of the fear that capital
might be frightened out of the country.
The total number of persons taxed on
incomes last year in Saxony was 1,398,
686. The aggregate of their incomes
was estimated at \$343,909,23. The
revenue was \$1,565,711.

Of the whole number of persons taxed

to per cent had incomes under \$5,200.
Everything that comes yearly on the
credit side of a man's account is taxed.
If a man owns a house and lives in it, he
is taxed on the rent he would pay, a
fair amount being regarded as rent and
consequently as part of his revenue; so
also products of his own labor used in
his own family. This is true of farmers
as of manufacturers, though perhaps not
so easy to distinguish or determine.

The Navy's Requirements.

The American navy has reached such
proportions that there will soon be more
vessels than crews. The navy has now
pretty near the maximum enlisted
strength allowed by law, and there are
nine ships that will be ready for com-
mission in a few weeks, that cannot be
manned without several others being
laid up, unless congress meanwhile au-
thorizes an increase in the number of
sailors. That men could be obtained if
the department had authority to enlist
there is no question. "The pros-
pect for such authority being granted is
not bright, and it is possible that to man
such vessels as the Columbia, crews will
have to be transferred from others of
less importance.

There are still quite a number of
wooden vessels in service and they may
possibly be put in ordinary to allow the
new cruisers to be put in commission.
There are now rather more than 11,000
officers, seamen, marines, and appren-
tices in the navy, a force utterly inade-
quate to man the navy, battleships and
cruisers. Though it is scarcely prob-
able that all the vessels of the navy will
be in commission at once except in time
of war there would be no trouble
about raising all the men needed, yet in
peace there should be enough vessels of
every class in service to make the of-
ficers and men thoroughly familiar with
all types from the battleship to the tor-
pedo boat.

The Boston Transcript believes that if
we are going to have a navy we ought to
face the expense frankly and freely, and
its view is correct. We might as well be
without ships as without men to man
them. How great are the requirements
of a modern fleet will be perceived when
it is stated that the Columbia calls for
450 men. Little by little armies and
navies grow even in the most peaceable
countries. Though Uncle Sam is desir-
ous of living at peace with all mankind,
he still keeps 40,000 fighting men in his
pay in the army, navy, marine corps and
revenue marine.

The New York World has come out
strongly for the confirmation of W. H.
Peckham as a judge of the United States
supreme court. So that influential paper
takes its position alongside of President
Cleveland and against Senator Hill in
the pending fight between the snappers
and anti-snappers. This may mean
much in the future politics of New York
state. Evidently the World does not
think it worth while any longer to at-
tempt to patch up a truce between the
contending Democratic factions in New
York state. The probability, however,
is that Mr. Hill will be able to defeat the
confirmation of Mr. Peckham.

Henry Clews points out that to evade
the decision of the judiciary committee
of the house, to the effect that the pro-
ceeds of bond sales under the resump-
tion act of 1875 should only be appro-
priated for the redemption of greenback
currency, it will only be necessary to
place the avails of the sale of the \$20-
000,000 bonds in the treasury to be held
as part of the \$100,000,000 gold reserve.
This will then release a corresponding
amount now held in that reserve fund,
which Secretary Carlisle will be at
liberty to use for any payments required
by the government.

A correspondent of the Pioneer Press
writes: "The new Soo canal has a depth
of twenty-one feet, and as the harbor of
Bayfield, Wis., and channel leading
thereby have as great a depth, may not
these facts give Bayfield a new and im-
portant start, seeing that it will take
several years to improve the harbor of
Duluth to an equal depth?" The St. Paul
Pilot need not worry about Duluth's
harbor. It will be deepened in time to
take care of the vessels of twenty feet
draught.

"Mental intelligence is of no use what-
ever when it comes to girls skating,"
says a superficial New Yorker, to whom
a Boston paper retorts: "Every Boston
girl knows better. It is well understood
here that in the psychological elimina-
tion of fear on congealed surfaces there
is an immediate increment of physi-
ological perpendicularity.

Not the least of the causes contrib-
uting to the enormous majority of Capt.
Lewis was the deep indignation caused
by Mayor d'Auteourt's communication
regarding the American Loan and Trust
company and the accompanying attempt
of the Democratic organ in St. Paul to
besmirch the high financial reputation
of Duluth. It made hundreds of votes
for Lewis.

The Boston Transcript thinks that the
suggestion that the French cruiser
Chanzy has been named after Chan-
cey M. Depew evidently comes from some
one who believes the ship was built to
"talk."

An exchange says: "The problem that
confronts all attempts to bring about re-
form in municipal government in the
United States is how to bring together

all good men to elect the men best fitted
to manage the affairs of cities in the in-
terest of their citizens." Duluth appears
to have solved the problem yesterday, on
the majority at least.

The idea of a wise sociologist is that a
certain very rich man who lets his money
investments pile up in accumulated
wealth, while he lives on about \$10 a
week, is "a burden to the community."
He might become a great blessing in
hard times by spending his income at
least in buying things if only to give
away.

"It is doubtful if Jewswold's majority
runs over 800, still it is within the range
of possibilities," said the St. Paul Globe
on Monday. This prophecy is made
still more ludicrous than it then appeared
by the election returns published today.
The Globe should go out of the predic-
tion business or hire a new prophet.

Senator Mills is reported to be opposed
to the Wilson tariff bill as it passed the
house and will seek to make some radical
changes. Does he not know that such
some Duluth Democrats have called
it an act treason against the party?

The workmen repudiated the Popu-
list candidate, who pretended he was
such a "friend of the workman." At
they did not estimate his friendship at
even 50 per cent of the value he placed
on it.

A cyclone relief committee in Iowa
has appropriated \$4000 of the funds for
salaries, and now the outraged citizens
are appropriately engaged in blowing
them up.

The deadlock in the Mississippi legis-
lature has been broken, and J. J. Mc-
Laurin, of Rankin county, will succeed
Gen. Walball as United States senator.

Populism is not a favorite with Du-
luthians this year. The Pops were
nearly wiped out of existence yesterday.

There were several good men on the
Democratic aldermanic ticket but they
were swept out of sight in the tidal wave.

There were enough votes left over to
elect half a dozen more Republican
aldermen.

Even the most enthusiastic Republi-
cans were surprised at the clean sweep.

Mr. Jewswold's false charges against
The Herald had a boomerang effect.

This is Duluth's answer to Maj. Bal-
dwin's vote in favor of free iron ore.

Nearly 90 per cent of the registered
vote was polled yesterday.

A budget of abuse is a poor campaign
document.

New Mexican Etiquette. A young man
should never draw a gun in the presence
of a lady.

Know From Experience. In Chicago—He:
Don't you think, dearest, that the Rev.
Dr. Bromide is the best man to marry
us? She: I think so, dear. I have
always had him.

The Original and Only Genuine. Cleve-
land Leader: A man who gave
his name as "John Smith," his resi-
dence as "nowhere in particular," and
his age as "doubtful" was arrested last
night.

A Vulgar Fellow. Puck: Cholly: A man going to cut
that fellow Hardhead; he's too vulgar.
He smokes a pipe. Miss Pinkie: I
have heard that that is the height of
style. It's English, you know! Cholly:
Yas, but Hardhead says he doesn't
smoke a pipe because it's English, but
because it's cheap.

A Happy Suggestion. Brooklyn Eagle—Fred: I haven't
seen you dancing once tonight. Miss
Blackway (pretty, but Bostonsney): No,
I don't approve of the practice of hug-
ging in public. Fred: Oh, see, ab-
solutely you mind taking a stroll into the
conservatory with me?

Desired Repose. Puck:—Caterer: A man who morning
Don't give me any coffee this morning,
my dear. Mrs. Caterer: Why, I never
knew you to refuse coffee before! Cat-
erer: Well, I am going to church, and
I am afraid it might keep me awake!

An Important Difference. To make it apparent to thousands, who
think that they are ill, that they are not
affected with any disease, but that the
system simply needs cleansing, is to
bring comfort home to their hearts, as a
cognitive condition is easily cured by using
Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the
California Fig Syrup company.

Cheap Rates to California. The Northern Pacific railroad has put
into effect a series of low round trip
rates to California points. Tickets are
good until April 30, 1894, and are good
for stop over under certain conditions.
These rates will enable those desiring
to do so, to spend the winter in Southern
California or to visit the midwinter fair
to be held at San Francisco. This latter
return to Duluth will be second only
to the World's fair just closed and will
repay a visit as it will exhibit the re-
sources and capabilities of California.
St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth to
San Francisco and return to Missouri
river, \$80.50, and to Los Angeles and re-
turn to Missouri river, \$92.

For further information apply to
Charles S. Fee, general passenger and
ticket agent, St. Paul, Minn.

\$5,000,000 worth of California fruit was
sold East this year. If you want to
know where raised, and how to travel
cheaply and comfortably, address
CALIFORNIA BUREAU OF INFORMATION,
Room 1138 Guarantee Loan Building,
Minneapolis, Minn.

The Herald is the paper for the peo-
ple. Subscribe for it.

Like All Other Blood Diseases, Are
Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have been suffering for several years with
hives, and have tried everything I could
hear of, from friends, or ordered by physicians,
but nothing cured. In fact I

Seemed to be Getting Worse
Finally I read about hives being cured by
Hood's Sarsaparilla, and decided to try this
medicine. Before half a bottle was gone I was
almost cured, and now, being on the second bot-

tle, I am entirely cured and take great pleasure
in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla to all
who suffer from this distressing affliction.
Hood's Sarsaparilla has also helped me in
many other ways."
MRS. S. A. MORROW, Doud's, Iowa.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Bilious
ness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the condi-
tions of a certain mortgage made, executed and
delivered by James L. Dow and Mary E. Dow,
his wife, to the County of St. Louis, Missouri, in
favor of William M. Prindle, mortgagee, dated
February twenty-fourth, A. D. 1891, and re-
corded in the office of the register of deeds in
the county of St. Louis, and state of Missouri,
on the twentieth day of February, A. D. 1891,
at three o'clock and forty-five minutes in the
afternoon in book sixty-one (61) of mortgages
on page nine hundred and ninety (90), and which
said mortgage was thereupon duly assigned to
Ann E. Morry, assignee of said mortgage, and
whereas, the said Ann E. Morry, assignee of said
mortgage, on the first day of March, A. D. 1891,
at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in book thirty-two
(32) of mortgages on page thirty-three (33), of
the said register of deeds, and by the said
mortgagee, and the said Ann E. Morry, assignee
of said mortgage, and the said James L. Dow
and Mary E. Dow, to be kept and performed,
and whereas, default has been made in the con-
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IT WAS A LANDSLIDE.

Capt. Ray T. Lewis Elected Mayor of Duluth by a Majority of Over Three Thousand.

Every Republican Candidate for Aldermen Elected by a Good Majority—The Vote in Detail.

Biographical Sketches of the Mayor and Sixteen Aldermen Who Will Soon Step Into Office.

If John J. Lewis or any of his supporters were ever deceived for a time into believing they were in it when the returns began to come in last evening, it was a terrible landslide and Capt. Lewis goes into the office of mayor with the greatest Republican majority ever piled up in Duluth. All over the city in every section the result was the same. Only one precinct did not carry—

the Third of the Fourth ward—and that by only 9 votes. In the Sixth ward which was depended on by J. Lewis, the majority rolled up for Lewis was, the Democratic talk last evening indicates anything. There will be no more Democratic-Populist union in Duluth. Leading Democrats have made up their minds that it would be for more creditable to put up a straight party candidate and make a fight on party lines than to attempt to carry a man through by the methods used in this canvass.

Capt. Lewis Speaks.
At the Republican headquarters a large crowd gathered to hear the returns and later in the evening as numbers increased there was an awful crush. Capt. Lewis, Mr. J. Davis and others were there receiving the reports. With the arrival of the first enthusiasm began and as the majority rose higher the crowd was wild with glee. Capt. Lewis was called upon for a speech.

He expressed his appreciation of the enormous vote given him and declared that this landslide was but a forerunner of the one to be rolled up for the Republicans in 1896. He said that in the conduct of municipal matters he would promise a business like administration and would give a government for Duluth without regard to station or nationality. At the council chamber there was an enormous crowd. The band played and Alderman Cox was the signal for a wild burst of applause. He announced that the City band would soon be on hand and it was and the march began.

The March Around Town.
When the returns at the city hall showed a majority of over 2700 for Capt. Lewis with two more precincts to be counted from the crowd could restrain itself no longer but made a rush for the start and lined up behind the band for a march down Superior street. The band played "Y. M. C. E. Star Spangled Banner" and the other old campaign pieces and the crowd went on, shouting the measures with cheers and songs.

The street was one black mass of men and boys. Down Superior street to the Spaulding market the procession kept a brief halt was made, and then up Fourth avenue west and Third street, to the home of the successful candidate for mayor. After a serenade here the enthusiastic celebrators proceeded on their way back down to Superior street and gradually dispersed to their homes.

Vote on the Majority.
The total vote of the city was 7765 out of a registration of 10,224, nearly 90 per cent. This is an unusually large percentage and was probably due to the fine weather. Capt. Lewis received 6395 and J. Lewis 3270. The vote on the majority was as follows:

First Ward.
Lewis, 125; J. Lewis, 10; Total, 135.
Second precinct, 107; J. Lewis, 10; Total, 117.
Third precinct, 107; J. Lewis, 10; Total, 117.
Fourth precinct, 107; J. Lewis, 10; Total, 117.

Second Ward.
First precinct, 236; Lewis, 110; Total, 346.
Second precinct, 236; Lewis, 110; Total, 346.
Third precinct, 236; Lewis, 110; Total, 346.
Fourth precinct, 236; Lewis, 110; Total, 346.

Third Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Fourth Ward.
First precinct, 132; Lewis, 120; Total, 252.
Second precinct, 132; Lewis, 120; Total, 252.
Third precinct, 132; Lewis, 120; Total, 252.
Fourth precinct, 132; Lewis, 120; Total, 252.

Fifth Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Sixth Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Seventh Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Eighth Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Ninth Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Tenth Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Eleventh Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Twelfth Ward.
First precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Second precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Third precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.
Fourth precinct, 371; Lewis, 120; Total, 491.

Seventh Ward.			
First precinct	236	120	356
Second precinct	236	120	356
Third precinct	236	120	356
Fourth precinct	236	120	356
Total	936	480	1416

Eighth Ward.			
First precinct	236	120	356
Second precinct	236	120	356
Third precinct	236	120	356
Fourth precinct	236	120	356
Total	936	480	1416

The grand total of the majorities for Capt. Lewis is as follows:

First ward	236
Second ward	236
Third ward	236
Fourth ward	236
Fifth ward	236
Sixth ward	236
Seventh ward	236
Eighth ward	236
Total	1872

The grand total of the majorities for Capt. Lewis is as follows:

First ward	236
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Fifth ward	236
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Seventh ward	236
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Seventh Ward.			
First precinct	236	120	356
Second precinct	236	120	356
Third precinct	236	120	356
Fourth precinct	236	120	356
Total	936	480	1416

Eighth Ward.			
First precinct	236	120	356
Second precinct	236	120	356
Third precinct	236	120	356
Fourth precinct	236	120	356
Total	936	480	1416

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The grand total of the majorities for Capt.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1894.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

Buyers of Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Shades, Crockery, Stoves, Lamps And House Furnishings

You will find that our mammoth new store can supply your wants as no other can. While the hard times have forced many other dealers to allow their stocks to run very low, we have kept ours up to the needs of a rapidly growing place like Duluth.

Manufacturers and jobbers have been hard during the winter and we have turned over to them our cash, and have received in return values as we never got before.

These Goods Are Now Being Displayed

On our floors at Prices proportionate to those at which we bought them, and if you are a shrewd buyer must interest you.

Credit to Everybody!

Our Easy Payment Plan

Commands the respect and attention of all. It enables people in every circumstance of life to completely, comfortably furnish a home, and pay for the furnishings in small weekly or monthly remittances which are no drain upon their finances, and leads to the possession and enjoyment of comforts they would not otherwise obtain.

FAIR, SQUARE AND EQUITABLE.

**Smith,
Farwell &
Steele Co.,**
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS,
226 and 228
West Superior Street,
DULUTH, MINN.

PRIMUS
The chief diet of all civilized nations consists of bread. On that article of food they can subsist longer than on any other. It is of primary importance that the flour used in your bread should be of the best. If you use you get the best flour in the world, as it makes BETTER and more wholesome bread than any other. Tell your Grocer you will take no substitute.
T. B. HAWKES & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Three 1850 Otto Steel Rollers.
Three 1850 Otto Steel Rollers, Bottom Setting.
One 50 horse-power Dies Automatic Cut Off Engine.
One 100 horse-power Dies Automatic Cut Off Engine.
One 40 horse-power Dies Automatic Cut Off Engine.
All in first-class condition.
Also the old power house building of the Hartman General Electric Co. at the foot of Fifth Avenue east, on Lake Street, and a miscellaneous lot of Typing and Stencil Machines, Engines, Shafting, Pulleys, etc.
ENQUIRY

HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY.

ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co.
(LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1889.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds,
Individual Accident

FEBRUARY MAGAZINES

ALL THE DAILY AND WEEKLY PAPERS.

Only Complete Stock of Office Supplies in the City.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,
323 West Superior Street.



We Are
Selling gentlemen's fine furnishings at the very lowest notch. Ladies' Union Suits made to order. We are agents for Dr. Jagers and Stuttgart All Wool Goods.

CATE & CLARKE,
333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

TO THE BOTTOM

The United States Cruiser Kearsarge Was Wrecked on a Reef While Going to Nicaragua.

She Went to the Bottom But all the Officers and Crew on Board Escaped.

The Kearsarge Was the Most Famous Ship That Was in This Country's Naval Service.

Nearly Thirty Years Ago She Fought and Sunk the Rebel Privateer Alabama Off Cherbourg.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The most famous ship of the naval service the old corvette Kearsarge, has gone to the bottom. The story of her ending was told to Secretary Herbert in a brief cable message which he received this morning from Lieut. Frederick Brainerd, an officer of the vessel, dated at Colon. Lieut. Brainerd reached Colon this morning and immediately sent the message to the secretary, in substance as follows:

"Kearsarge sailed from Port au Prince, Hayti, Jan. 30, for Bluefields, Nicaragua. Was wrecked on Roncador reef Feb. 2. Officers and crew safe."

Immediately on receipt of the cablegram Secretary Herbert sent a message to Lieut. Brainerd, directing him to charter a vessel at Colon and proceed at once to the assistance of the shipwrecked men. It is presumed that they are yet on the reef. Commodore Ramsay, chief of the bureau of navigation, who knows the neighborhood, said that the officers and crew would be in no danger on the reef except in very heavy weather, and they could easily reach Old Providence, an island between the reef and the Nicaragua coast, in their boats. No fears of the safety of the ship's company are entertained at the navy department in view of Lieut. Brainerd's dispatch.

Later—Secretary Herbert has received an answer to his cable message sent to Lieut. Brainerd at Colon. Lieut. Brainerd says that the mail steamer City of Paris is available and she will proceed to the relief of the shipwrecked crew of the Kearsarge.

EVERYBODY WAS SAVED.
The Kearsarge Was Going to Nicaragua to Protect American Interests.

COLON, Feb. 8.—The United States steamer Kearsarge foundered on the night of Feb. 2, off Roncador reef. Everybody on board was saved. The Kearsarge was ordered on Jan. 27 to proceed from San Domingo to Bluefields, Nicaragua, to protect American interests, that were alleged to be endangered by the troubles between the United States and Nicaragua. Roncador reef, on which the Kearsarge is supposed to have struck, is some 20 miles to the northeast from Bluefields.

AN HISTORICAL VESSEL.
Story of the Great Fight Between the Kearsarge and the Alabama.

The Kearsarge was one of the historical vessels of the American navy. She was which, on Sunday, June 19, 1864, fought and sunk the rebel privateer Alabama off Cherbourg, France.

The Alabama, which was commanded by Capt. Semmes, had captured or destroyed a large number of Union merchantmen. Finally the pursuit of her became so hot on the American coast that she sailed for the Cape of Good Hope, and cruised in the Eastern seas. Subsequently she returned, arriving in the English channel in June, 1864, and on the eleventh of that month she entered the French port of Cherbourg to refit and supply herself with stores. Within a few days the Kearsarge arrived. She was commanded by Capt. Winslow, a former shipmate of Capt. Semmes.

The Kearsarge made a demonstration off the port which the commander of the Alabama took to be a challenge. He sent notice to the United States consul that he would sail out and fight the Kearsarge. The two ships to appearances were not unequally matched, but the Kearsarge had a larger crew and was better armed than the Alabama. She was besides protected amidstips by armor.

The fight took place on Sunday, June 19, off Cherbourg, all inhabitants of that place watching it from the neighboring heights. The result of the battle is well known. Before the contest had lasted an hour, Capt. Semmes found his ship sinking and gave orders to haul down his flag. The boats were got out and the wounded placed in them, but before the Kearsarge could come to the rescue the Alabama went to the bottom. The boats of the Kearsarge saved many of the Alabama's crew. Others, including Capt. Semmes, were picked up by the English yacht Deerhound, which had been al-

lowed by the captain of the Kearsarge to help in rescuing the Alabama's crew.

The following are the officers of the Kearsarge: Commander, Oscar F. Heyerman, commanding; lieutenants, Charles T. Force, Charles H. Lyman and Burns T. Walling; lieutenants (junior grade), John Wood and Frederick R. Brainerd; ensigns, Herbert G. Gates and Thomas P. Mayhew; naval cadets (line division), Leon S. Thompson, Thomas L. Stitt, Thomas S. Jordan, Benjamin B. McCormick, Walter Ball and David B. Allen; passed assistant surgeon, George P. Lumsden; assistant surgeon, Merritt W. Barnum; paymaster, James A. Ring; chief engineer, Bardett C. Gowing, and first lieutenant of marines, Clarence L. A. Ingate.

The Kearsarge was a third class wooden cruiser of 1550 tons displacement. Her engines were of 840 indicated horse power. She mounted seven guns in her main battery. She was attached to the North Atlantic squadron.

OFFERS MADE FOR THE BONDS.
Secretary Carlisle Submits the Names and Terms to the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Secretary Carlisle today addressed the following communication to the senate:

Sirs: In response to the senate resolution dated Feb. 2, as follows: "Resolved, that the secretary of the treasury be and is hereby directed to inform the senate how many offers have been presented for the purchase of bonds proposed to be issued and sold in his notice under date of Jan. 17, 1894, giving the names and places of business of the persons and firms and companies or corporations making such offers, for what amounts and at what prices the offers were made; also the names and places of the persons to whom the said bonds have been sold, in what amounts to each and at what prices; also when the offers of each and all of the bidders were received at the department."

I have the honor to transmit herewith a statement showing the names of subscribers offering 117,223 for the bonds, whose subscriptions were accepted, their addresses, the respective dates of the receipt of their subscriptions, the amount thereof, and the amount of bonds allotted to each subscriber at that price. I also enclose a statement showing in the same way the offers to purchase at a higher price than 117,223 which were received and accepted, and a list of offers which were not considered.

Among the latter the offers amounting to \$2,000,000 were received from C. L. Riker, who were not considered, because that gentleman's financial standing, as stated in his subscription, did not warrant the belief that he would be able to complete his subscription. And the offer of Clarence T. Walker for \$3,000,000 was laid aside because it was considered a temporary address, and an effort made by the department to communicate with him with a view of ascertaining the address was unsuccessful. The bid of the Central Trust company of New York was conditional. The remaining offers which were not considered constituted all that were received after 12 o'clock noon on the 1st instant. Proposals received later than that instant are not included in any of these statements. Respectfully yours,
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

ARRESTED FOR A MURDER.
One Counterfeiter Turned State's Evidence and Implicated His Pal.

WOODLAND, Cal., Feb. 8.—On March 28, 1893, Constable Todhunter and son, of Washington county, attempted to arrest two counterfeiters who were passing down Sacramento river in a boat. The counterfeiters resisted arrest, killing young Todhunter and then escaped.

A man named Moody was arrested charged with the crime, but was acquitted. During state's evidence, he implicated a man named Whitefield who, he said, fired the fatal shot. Whitefield, in this city, assigned today to the county jail. He was arrested and brought here today.

Information leading to his arrest was given by his mother-in-law, who lives at Los Angeles, and had a quarrel with Whitefield. The family have a bad reputation.

Godey's Magazine Assigned.
New York, Feb. 8.—The Godey Publishing company, publisher of Godey's Magazine and various books and periodicals, in this city, assigned today to Benjamin S. Harmon. The company was incorporated under the laws of New Jersey two years ago, Henry J. Davidson being president, and had a capital stock of \$600,000. The magazine is one of the oldest in the United States and was published in Philadelphia up to a couple of years ago, when it was transferred to this city.

A High Honor.
SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—Professor Barnard, the astronomer of Lick observatory, yesterday received from the French academy the "Arago" gold medal in recognition of his discovery of the small satellite of Jupiter September, '92. This is the highest astronomical distinction in the world, and has been conferred only twice before since its foundation.

May Be a Murder.
CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Lucy Schack, who for the past two weeks has been living with James Kerr, a steamboat fireman, was shot and killed early this morning at 227 Plymouth place. Kerr, who was the woman's only companion at the time the fatal shot was fired, claims that she died by her own hand. He has been arrested pending an investigation by the coroner.

Nominated to Office.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The president today sent to the senate the nomination of William C. Sweeney, of Iowa, to be surveyor of customs for the port of Dubuque, Iowa.

Ocean Steamships.
London.—Passed the Lizard Ems, New York for Southampton and Bremen. The L. J. Bassett, Brownchild, Germanic, New York for Liverpool. Liverpool—Sailed: Majestic, New York.

HANGED BUT IS ALIVE

William Purvis, a Young Negro Convicted of Murder, Was Hanged at Columbia, Mississippi, Yesterday.

The Rope Parted and Purvis' Neck Instead of Being Broken Was Only Slightly Injured.

Sheriff Magee About to Hang Purvis Again But the Spectators Persuaded Him to Wait.

COLUMBIA, Miss., Feb. 8.—William Purvis, a young negro, was sentenced to hang here yesterday for the alleged assassination last July of William Buckley, of Marion county, by a gang of White-cappers. Purvis was convicted on circumstantial evidence. He acknowledged being one of the party, but declared he did not fire the shot which killed Buckley. His case was appealed to the supreme court and sentence was affirmed. Purvis was accompanied to the scaffold by Sheriff Magee and several deputies. He had passed the night in prayer and protesting his innocence of the murder of Buckley. A strong guard of deputy sheriffs had been drawn up around the scaffold to prevent a rescue by the White Caps. The black cap was placed over the condemned man's head and the drop fell at 12:37 p. m.

As soon as the trap fell Purvis, instead of being hurled underneath, was precipitated to the ground. The noise had parted and Purvis' neck, instead of being broken, was only slightly abraded by the rope. He fell on his back and remained perfectly still for a few moments. A man rushed forward and bending over the body asked: "Are you all right?" From under his black cap Purvis replied: "For God's sake get me out of this."

Others came up and Sheriff Magee made ready to descend. Purvis back to the scaffold for a second attempt. There were four of the board of supervisors present and they called the sheriff into the courthouse for a conference. Rev. Mr. Sidney, of the Columbia Methodist church made an impassioned plea to the spectators and it was decided by unanimous vote that the execution be postponed.

The negro was today taken to Meridian and the facts telegraphed to Governor Stone.

THEY ARE AFTER DRIGGINS.
Zimri Is Wanted in Indiana on a Charge of Embezzlement.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Prosecuting Attorney Brown, of Benton county, Ind., and a deputy sheriff, armed with a requisition signed by Governor Matthews, arrived in this city today in search of Zimri Driggins, late president of the Columbia National bank, who is under indictment for embezzlement at Oxford, Ind. On going to Mr. Driggins' office they were informed that he was out of town, but would return tonight or tomorrow, and that they would have no trouble in arresting him, as he was perfectly willing to go to them.

TO EQUALIZE THE WAGES.
A Plan of Retrenchment Adopted by the Big Four Road.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 8.—The local officers of the Big Four Railway company have decided upon a plan of retrenchment which will more or less affect the 3000 laborers employed in the shops on the entire system.

It is the intention to adopt a system of equalization, by reducing the wages of whatever employs the various master mechanics may consider most able to stand the cut, while a few hundred men will be discharged.

The company claims that a heavy loss in the receipts of the road renders this action necessary. The plan will go into effect Saturday.

GLADSTONE WILL NOT RESIGN.
Says He Will Fight the House of Lords to the Bitter End.

PARIS, Feb. 8.—The Patrie today publishes an interview had by one of its correspondents with Mr. Gladstone, who is spending part of the British house of commons recess at Biarritz, the French watering place on the Bay of Biscay.

According to the correspondent Mr. Gladstone stated that he had no intention of resigning office. He had decided to fight the house of lords to the bitter end and was ready to show that the future belongs to the democracy.

Mr. Gladstone, the correspondent adds, declared that there was no discord in his cabinet.

A Woman in the Case.
COLUMBUS, Kan., Feb. 8.—J. H. Hamilton, receiver, took charge of the bank of Ritter & Doubleday this morning. The appointment was made upon application of John N. Ritter, a member of the firm, who alleged that L. L. Doubleday, who had been in charge was pursuing such a course in several lines as to jeopardize the interest of the bank. There is a woman in the affair.

His Neck Was Broken.
NASHVILLE, Feb. 8.—Elias Rhea, a deck hand on the Cumberland river steamer W. K. Phillips, came to his death in a peculiar way at Clarksville this morning. He had climbed on top of a closet in the steamer to take a nap and while asleep fell to the deck below, the fall breaking his neck.

French Troops Annihilated.
PARIS, Feb. 8.—The governor of Senegal has telegraphed that the French living columns, which took possession of Timbuctoo, has been surprised by Tamarogs and annihilated near that place. No details of the affair have been received.

GEORGE W. CHILDS' WILL.

All His Estate Is Given to His Widow Absolutely.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 8.—The will of George W. Childs was admitted to probate this morning. The document is very short and was executed on Aug. 1, last, one month after the death of Anthony J. Drexel. Mr. Childs bequeaths his entire estate to his widow absolutely. The executors are George W. Childs Drexel and James W. Paul, Jr., and they placed the valuation of the estate of "over \$100,000" real and over \$100,000 personal. The full text is as follows:

"I, George W. Childs, of the city of Philadelphia and state of Pennsylvania, do make, publish and declare this writing to be my last will and testament, hereby revoking all wills or instruments in the nature thereof by me at any time heretofore made.

"I give, devise and bequeath all my estate of every kind, whether real or personal, wheresoever the same may be situated, unto my devoted wife, Emma Bowler Childs, to be hers absolutely, having full confidence that she, knowing my plans and purposes, will by gift during her life, or by testamentary writing, make such disposition thereof, for charitable or other uses, as will be in accordance with my wishes, it being my intention hereby not in anywise to fetter my said wife, in the disposition of my estate, but only to make expression of my confidence in her action hereunder.

"I appoint as the executor of this will my friends George W. Childs Drexel and James W. Paul, Jr."

THE DOINGS OF CONGRESS.
Bill to Repeal the Federal Election Law Passed the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The senate yesterday passed the house bill to repeal the federal elections bill. It agreed, on motion of Mr. Voorhees, that when it adjourns today, it adjourn till Monday.

The House.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The resolution presented just before adjournment last evening, that the sergeant-at-arms be directed to bring in absent members, did not appear to have borne fruit immediately, for at the hour of meeting there did not seem to be a quorum of Democrats on the floor of the house. After an unsuccessful effort by Mr. Reed to have the speaker correct the journal to show the absence of a quorum yesterday and prevent arrested members from voting this morning, he demanded a vote on the last proposition. Mr. Bland moved to lay on the table. Agreed to—yeas, 162; nays, 82.

MRS. LEASE VICTORIOUS.
The Supreme Court Says the Governor Can Not Remove Her from Office.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 8.—The supreme court today rendered a decision in the case of Mary Ellen Lease vs. Governor Lewelling. The decision of the court is that the governor is without authority to remove Mrs. Lease from her position as a member of the state charities board. Mrs. Lease will at once begin an investigating tour of the state eleemosynary institutions. It is stated that Governor Lewelling is satisfied with the decision as it relieves him from an embarrassing political situation.

VICTORY FOR THE CITY.
Decision in a Case of Great Importance to St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 8.—Judge Brill, in the district court today, made a decision which is of vital importance to the city of St. Paul and the railroads.

Three years ago it was decided to bridge the Mississippi river at Broadway street, the approach from the St. Paul proper side extending from Third street to the river bank over the railroad tracks. The Great Northern secured an injunction against the city preventing it from erecting a bridge over the tracks, claiming that by right of adverse possession they held title to the land. Judge Brill today gave the city a victory by deciding that the city holds the title to the property in question.

BUFFALO MEN WILL ASSIST.
Valuable Aid for Getting the Duluth Harbor Deepened.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Haugen says he has received assurances from the Buffalo members of the house that they will support his efforts to obtain an appropriation for deepening the harbors of Duluth and Superior.

To Oust Mr. Oakes.
MILWAUKEE, Feb. 8.—Col. Pettit, of Philadelphia, is addressing the United States circuit court this morning on behalf the Northern Pacific company, endeavoring to show that the receivers, particularly Mr. Oakes, should be ousted. When he concludes his argument, it is expected Judge Jenkins will take the whole matter under advisement.

Interviewing the Receivers.
MILWAUKEE, Feb. 8.—Chiefs Arthur, Sargent, Ramsey, Johnson, Clark and Wilson, of the railway engineers, brakemen, telegraphers, conductors and other orders arrived this morning and are in the office of Receiver H. C. Payne, of the Northern Pacific, in consultation about the recent order reducing wages.

Peixoto's Vessels Move.
LONDON, Feb. 8.—A dispatch from Pernambuco, Brazil, states that the torpedo boat Destroyer and five other Peixoto war vessels started yesterday from Pernambuco, bound south.

Greater New York.
ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 8.—The greater New York bill of Mr. Burris has passed the assembly—yeas 162; nays 7.

Bishop McGolrick's Lecture.
Tonight Bishop McGolrick lectures at the Catholic club-rooms. Subject, "How We Got the Bible." Course tickets for five lectures, 50 cents. Single admissions, 25 cents. Everybody invited.

Midwinter Eye Openers

AT THE GLASS BLOCK STORE.

With that force and directness of speech that characterizes the AMERICAN language we may often epitomize a whole sermon into the confines of a few words. So do we compass within this, our usual space, more good and truthful talk than is oftentimes spread over a page of GUSH and GAS.

We thus rob Peter (that is the printer), and pay Paul (that is the public).

**Our Great Sale of New
Spring Wash Fabrics**
has proved a GRAND SUCCESS.

**OUR
EMBROIDERY SALE**
seems to nonplus our patrons, the prices are so low.

OUR LINENS.
Yesterday was a busy day in this department. Our new Damasks and Napkins seem to attract the attention of all housekeepers; the patterns are new and exclusive, the prices are low in the extreme.

THE NEW CHINA SILKS
are the talk of the city. Some tell us they cannot buy our 50c CHINAS for less than 75c elsewhere, and we know it for a fact that some High-Priced Houses ask you 75c for them.

**THURSDAY
AND
FRIDAY!**
FOR TWO DAYS.

We will offer two cases Valley Falls Wash Fabrics in the new colorings at **10c** PER YARD

Thursday and Friday,
3000 yards 36-inch Wool Dress Goods, at **15c** PER YARD

Thursday and Friday,
A lot of Gents' Wool Underwear, worth \$3.00 and \$3.50. Just odd suits; sale price **\$1.98** PER SUIT

Thursday and Friday,
Some grand, good bargains in our Shoe Department for LADIES, for GENTS, for CHILDREN.

Thursday and Friday,
15 dozen Ladies' Wool Vests, worth 75c; sale price **25c**

Thursday and Friday,
1000 yards Silk Ribbons, at **10c** WORTH DOUBLE

Thursday and Friday,
Manufacturers' Remnants of OUTING FLANNELS, 8c worth 10c and 12c, for **8c** PER YARD

Thursday and Friday,
Our Great Hardware Sale will be continued.

FOR RENT.

Twenty choice offices and rooms in the old Glass Block Store. Prices range from \$6 per month up, with steam heat and water, all well ventilated and kept in good shape. Also store room on Superior street and one on Michigan street; rent cheap until May 1.

Panton & Watson

A SHERIFF IS KILLED

Bradcock, the Murderer of Constable Townsend at Weimar, Tex., Shot One of His Pursuers.

One of the Posse Then Made Short Work of Bradcock, Killing Him at Once.

H. H. Moore, Who Was Concealing Bradcock, Fired on the Officers and Was Himself Killed.

WHARTON, Tex., Feb. 8.—News has just come to town that Sheriff Hamilton Dickson was killed yesterday afternoon. In company with Deputies Hope, Hart and Wells, they had located Bradcock, the murderer of Constable Townsend, at Weimar. While entering a thicket on the east side of the river about thirty miles below Rancho Grande, Bradcock was suddenly discovered. He began firing at close quarters upon Sheriff Dickson, who was killed instantly.

Immediately one of the posse made short work of Bradcock. The murderer was shot and killed in an instant. Mr. Dickson had been married only a few weeks. Bradcock, the dead desperado, had been arrested for train robbery and for killing two negroes, but was released. A few weeks ago he was put off an excursion train and fired in it, for which he was locked up in the jail.

When Constable Townsend went to feed him, Bradcock cut him to pieces and escaped. Constable Hart returned last night. He reported that when H. H. Moore, who has been hiding Bradcock, was called upon to surrender, he fired upon the officers, but without effect. The officers returned the fire, killing Moore.

IS ROASTED BY INGALLS.
The Ex-Senator From Kansas Comments on President Cleveland.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—A special to the Herald from Chattanooga, Tenn., says: In an interview yesterday, ex-Senator John J. Ingalls, who is now on a lecturing tour of the South, characterized the president in very caustic terms.

"Grover Cleveland," said the senator, "is a man who is beginning to find himself. The man has shown himself in his dogmatic and dominating methods. The traditional road under the harrow is not a circumstance to Cleveland just now. He is getting it from all sides. This hurts him, too, he feels it. He is getting irritable and loses his temper quickly. I have heard that he has become exceedingly inebriated."

A Strike Expected.
CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—A special to the Herald from Cleveland, Ohio, says: The indications were last night that there would be a general strike of molders in this city on account of the 10 per cent reduction ordered by the foundrymen's association. Alexander Falkner, a prominent molder, said yesterday that the molders had no official knowledge of the cut, but in his judgment they would surely strike, if made to suffer a 10 per cent reduction. Secretary Clarence Burke, of the foundrymen's association, said he looked for a strike.

That Paris Fund
DUBLIN, Feb. 8.—United Ireland says today that the Paris fund of the Irish parliamentary party is about to be released. Munroe & Co., the Paris bankers, who are the custodians of the fund, have, the paper adds, agreed to the conditions for the release of the money that will leave no ground for controversy between them and Justin McCarthy, the leader of the anti-Parnellite section of the party.

Opposed to Cleveland.
CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—A special to the Tribune from Atlanta, Ga., says: "Senator-elect McClain, of Mississippi, in an interview yesterday, announced that he would vote against Peckham's confirmation and that he would act in opposition to Cleveland generally."

The Human Electrical Forces!

How They Control the Organs of the Body.

The electrical force of the human body, as the nerve fluid may be termed, is an especially attractive department of science, as it exerts so marked an influence on the health of the organs of the body. Nerve force is produced by the brain and conveyed by means of the nerves to the various organs of the body, thus supplying the latter with the vitality necessary to insure their health. The pneumogastric nerve, as shown here, may be said to be the most important of the entire nerve system, as it supplies the heart, lungs, stomach, bowels, etc., with the nerve force necessary to keep them active and healthy. As will be seen by the cut the long nerve descending from the base of the brain and terminating in the bowels is the pneumogastric, while the numerous little branches supply the heart, lungs and stomach with necessary vitality. When the brain becomes in any way disordered by irritability or exhaustion, the nerve force which it supplies is lessened, and the organs receiving the diminished supply are consequently weakened. Physicians generally fail to recognize the importance of this fact, but treat the organism instead of the cause. The noted specialist, Franklin Miles, M. D., L. R. C. S., has given the greater part of his life to the study of this subject, and the principal discoveries concerning it are due to his efforts. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, the universal brain and nerve food, is prepared on the principle that all nervous and many other difficulties originate from disorders of the pneumogastric nerve. Its use is indicated in every part of the body. Restorative Nervine cures sleeplessness, nervous prostration, dizziness, hysteria, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance, epilepsy, etc. It is free from opiates or dangerous drugs. It is sold on a positive guarantee. Price, 50c per bottle, sent direct by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, per bottle, six bottles for \$5, express prepaid.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

INDICATIONS ARE BRIGHTER.

Further Encouraging Signs Visible in the Iron Trade.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 8.—The Iron Trade Review says today: "The market for soft steel has furnished further encouraging indications the past week, and an advance of from 50 to 75 cents over the lowest prices touched has taken place. Pittsburgh and Chicago have recorded heavy transactions in billets. Prices have advanced to \$16 Pittsburgh and \$18 50 Chicago."

The heavy demand for wire rods is a further feature, and the refusal of an Eastern order by a Western mill indicates how well sold ahead are the rod mills of both sections—a condition that contrasts strangely with that of a few weeks ago in this department of the market. The fact that buyers have been in the market after advances were made in prices indicates that purchases have been in response to the demand springing up in the various ramifications of small trading.

The call for nails and for barbed wire, which has been responsible for much of the business in billets, shows a starting of things in a retail way—the beginning of buying that must be looked to as a basis of any general revival. From the standpoint of the mills, the situation is better than at any time in months. Whether the process of building up to a basis of permanent betterment has begun can be better determined a few weeks hence. No appreciable improvement has taken place in pig iron.

SISTERVILLE OIL FIELD.

A Large Section Purchased by the Standard Oil Company.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 8.—It is reliably reported that the Standard Oil Company has purchased large tracts of land in the Sistersville oil field for a sum approximating \$250,000. The Standard has also purchased valuable leases adjoining this property for a sum aggregating \$100,000, making a total of \$350,000 spent in the purchase of oil land in the Sistersville district.

Officials of the Standard company in Pittsburgh decline to either confirm or deny the report. The report is substantially vouched for by other men in the oil business who are in position to know of the transaction.

The Sistersville field is the most important oil producing district in this part of the country at the present time. Its output is now between 13,000 and 15,000 barrels of oil per day. The field is situated in Tyler county, W. Va., and Monroe county, Ohio.

Rice Dealers in Trouble.
CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—A special to the Tribune from New Orleans says: John A. Hubbard & Co., rice dealers, made acession to their creditors yesterday. The total assets are \$114,850 and the liabilities are \$155,681. The senior partner was a member of the firm of Moore, Levy & Co., which failed disastrously a few days ago and the present trouble is ascribed to that cause.

An Alderman Indicted.
MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 8.—Something of a sensation was created here yesterday by the indictment by the grand jury of Mortimer B. Rollins, alderman from the Twelfth ward. Rollins is charged with criminal libel, having recently written a letter to one of the local papers, in which he charged Mayor W. H. Rust with receiving 15 per cent kickback from the saloons, etc.

Eight Persons Killed.
VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 8.—Word has reached this city of the total destruction of the tug boat Estelle by an explosion and the loss of the entire crew of eight persons. The explosion occurred last Sunday near Campbell river, in the northern part of Vancouver island. The Estelle was owned in Nanaimo and was valued at \$25,000.

Suicide at Brooklyn.
BROOKLYN, Feb. 8.—Watchman Smith found a body on the Long dock at the Erie basin, Brooklyn, yesterday. The body was a revolver with which the man is supposed to have shot himself. He was about 35 years of age, medium height and probably a Swede. A card with the name P. D. Miller, No. 199 South Sixth street, Chicago, was found in the coat pocket.

Swindled the Customs.
NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—John Matthews, of the large firm of Pitt & Scott, forwarding agents of London, Paris and New York, who is charged with conspiracy to defraud the United States customs, was rendered himself yesterday. He was held in \$5000 bail for examination. It is claimed that the government has lost \$100,000 in duties through trick operations.

Duluth Attracts Him.
O. H. Clark, for seven years city recorder of Winona has given the city council notification of his resignation, to take effect at the close of April. Mr. Clark has purchased an interest in a business in Duluth and will soon remove to this city.

A Democrat Sealed.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The house committee on elections has decided the contested election case of English against Tibbott, from the Third California district in favor of Mr. English, (Dem.), the contestant. The vote was strictly a party one.

Escaped Lynching.
EWEN, Mich., Feb. 8.—Andrew Piktaine, who is charged with having criminally assaulted an 8-year-old girl, was taken to Ontonagon, the report that he was lynched being untrue. The sheriff overpowered the mob and saved him.

Notice.
We, the undersigned, desire to announce that we have formed a co-partnership for the practice of law under the firm name of Smith, McMahon & Mitchell, with offices at 503, 504 and 505 Torrey building.

Why?
Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old. It is grand in sickness or where a strengthening cordial is required; recommended by physicians. Be sure you get Royal Ruby. Sold only in quart bottles; price \$1. For sale by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

WAS TOO PATRIOTIC

Dunder Showed His Implicit Confidence in Various Strangers in Order to Make Times Better.

When Told What a Soft Snap He Was He Declined to be Worked Any More.

The Arizona Kicker Made an Attempt to Furnish Weather Reports But It Proved a Failure.

(Copyright, 1894, by Charles B. Lewis.)
"Sergeant, I dunno about her," said Mr. Dunder as he slipped into the station house the other day and stood before the desk, with an anxious expression of countenance.
"You've probably been awfully again," replied the sergeant as he looked up from his blotter.
"Well, mebbe. If nopoly vhas two times alike in a country, how can you understand him? I like to ask you what makes der hard times?"
"There are several reasons."
"Vhas lack of confidence one reason?"
"Certainly."
"Tla, dot makes me all right, und nopoly deceives me! I vhas a little scared, und I come down to speak with you about her, but if you say it vhas all right dot settles it, und I go home happy."
"But it may not be all right. State your case."
"Well," said Mr. Dunder as he wiped the perspiration from his ears and neck, "one day a feller comes in my place und says vhas I Carl Dunder? I vhas. Den says he to me:
"Mister Dunder, she vhas hard times. Money vhas scarce, und everybody vhas like a funeral. Der vhas no real cause for such things. Der government vhas all right, der peoples vhas all right, und we need vhas confidence. You have confidence in me, und I vwill in you, und we make better times. Lend me half a dollar, und I pay him back poety soon."
"And you let him have it, of course?"
"Well, I haf to show my confidence, don't I? If everybody vhas afraid, den I can't make a country hard cop when confidence vwill make her all right. Der next man who comes in don't speak to me for 10 minutes, but sits down by a table und looks sad und groans. By and by he says to me:
"Just think of it, Mr. Dunder, because we haven't got no confidence in this country I vhas out of work, my wife breaks her leg, my children cry for bread, und I have sad und groaned."

HE LOOKED SAD AND GROANED, und I vhas turned out of house und home! If I could find somebody to haf confidence in me, den I would haf confidence in der vhas all right. In two weeks dis country vhas all K. O."
"And I presume you had confidence in him?" observed the sergeant as he smiled.
"The sergeant looked over the desk at Mr. Dunder with a half sad, half contemptuous expression, and after a minute the latter removed his hat and looked it over and said:
"You vhas looking for hayseeds on my hat! You belief I vhas grass and green-ions und suckers, und dat I haf some moss on my backbone!"
The sergeant nodded, sighed and turned to his work of recording the fact that Johnny the Kid had been sent up for 60 days for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Mr. Dunder stood waiting for some time and then hoarsely whispered:
"Sergeant, I vhas going home! Five minutes after I vhas in my place a feller vwill come in und say vhas I Carl Dunder? I vhas. Den he vwill begin dot speech about hard times und confidence und bankruptcy, but before he has said 10 words!"
"Before he has said 10 words," repeated the sergeant without looking up.
"I vwill slump in on him, und bang his head, und slam his body, und kick him over tables, und bounce him out on der sidewalk! I won't quite kill him, but I vwill bring him soch sickness dot he don't come out of der hospital for one year! I vhas trying to make dis country all right again, but dose fellows take me for some hayseeds. In about 10 minutes you put your ears by dot telephone. If you hear screams und shrieks und cries for mercy, don't be scared und send der patrol wagon. It vwill only me shonting a great big loafer dot I haf so much confidence in dis country dot he vhas carried away in two ambulances!"

THE ARIZONA KICKER.
An Attempt to Furnish Weather Reports Proves a Dead Failure.
WE GIVE IT UP.—We have made an honest conscientious attempt during the last six months to supply this locality with reliable weather reports from the tower of THE KICKER office, and we wish to give notice right here and now that we are through with the whole business. In the first place, there isn't a human critter within 40 miles of the town who cares a continental coked hat what sort of weather we have, and in the next our bureau was a constant source of fault finding and personal danger. For instance, if we hung out a report predicting an area of high barometric pressure over the Mississippi valley, old Jim Carson would kick open the door of our sanctum and yell at the top of his voice:
"Whar in blazes is yer ole Mississippi valley, and why in blazes didn't ye say whar b'arings was with out ther?"
Then we would have to coax Jim into putting down his guns and looking at a map of the United States, and we would have to explain that weather reports and bearings didn't mix, and it would be a good hour before we could work him out of the office and get down to business. Sometimes he would go without shooting at anything, and sometimes he would bang away at the cut, or the clock, or our Sunday hat.
Only three weeks ago we hung out a bulletin warning residents of this locality against the approach of a cold wave which would probably send the temperature to zero or below. Two hours later Bill Hoke came in from his ranch, stopped at our bulletin board to read the report, and the first thing we knew he had us covered with a gun.
"Take it back!" says Bill as we looked up.
"What?"
"About them weather!"
"I can't do it."
"You've gotter or die! I don't want no cold wave around yere fur a month yit, und whar's more I ain't goin to live one!"
"But I can't control the weather!"
"Then git out! A feller as runs the weather and can't control it ain't no man for this country." So dot writhe it down that it's goin to be warmish weather fur the next four weeks to come and paste it up over that cold wave, and if you change it after I've gone I'll come back and shute seven pounds of lead into yer carcass!"
We argued with William until he cocked two guns and laid their frigid muzzles against our editorial breast. Then we wrote out and pasted up his warm wave, and he went away a happy man. The cold wave came along, predicted, and now Mr. Hoke spends half his time shooting bullets into the front door of THE KICKER office.
Two weeks ago it was our meteorological duty to announce that a cyclone appeared to be gathering in the West Indies. It took us two long hours of figuring to work that out, and we felt rather proud of our work. We had just lighted a cigar and backed up to the office stove when in walked Major Sam Burke, who grows mighty poor miles and powerfully large catfishes on his sand pstones over at Turkey Bend.
"Thought you was in favor of Arizona being admitted to the Union?" sneered the major as he sat down in our editorial chair.
"I am."
"Don't look that way to me."
"What's up?"
"Cyclone forming down in the West Indies—no cyclone forming in Arizona! Got many subscribers down that way?"
"Can I make the weather?"
"Mebbe not, but you can stand up for your own locality. If we can't have a cyclone here, there's no patriotism in blowing around about one in the West Indies. Looks to me as if you had been subsidized by the British government."
"Major, you are a fool!"
"And you are a traitor!"
Then we had a fight with the major and blacked both his eyes and got our nose skinned, and he went around among his friends and induced six of them to stop their subscriptions. As we sat at the start, we have decided to go out of the weather bureau business. It has cost us no little time and money, but has never been properly appreciated. We could put up with the indifference and ingratitude of our people, but to be abused and shot at every day or two to asking too much of human nature. After this week the space heretofore occupied by our weather reports will be filled with brief biographies of celebrated murderers, and the first writer who comes in to find fault will get himself laid away in our private graveyard with neatness and a \$14 coffin.

CRIPPLE CREEK STRIKE OVER.
The Eight-Hour Day Has Been Unanimously Agreed Upon.
CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—A special to the Inter Ocean from Colorado Springs says: Yesterday the president of the Miners' union and 250 miners visited the different mines at Cripple Creek and had conferences with the mine owners and non-union miners. As a result the 8-hour day has been unanimously agreed upon.
The Independence, Anna Lee, Climax, Prince Albert, Kismet and Santa Rita mines began work at once and today the Phosphor will begin, while the Victor and others will follow in a day or two. Thus the strike in the great gold camp is over.

Lebengula a Wanderer.
JOHANNESBURG, Africa, Feb. 8.—Advices have been received here that Lebengula, king of the Matabeles, who was driven northward from Bulawayo, his capital, by the forces of the British South Africa company, is now wandering almost solitary in the bush, having been deserted by nearly all his followers. It is said he is only now suffering from gout.

No other sarsaparilla has equaled Hood's in the relief it gives in severest cases of dyspepsia, sick headaches, biliousness, etc.

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Better Than a Game of Chance!



Buy a cheap lot or acre tract on almost your own terms of payment and build yourself a comfortable house while labor and material is low in price. We have the sale of a large number of lots in the manufacturing district of West Duluth and in the beautiful residence district traversed by the motor line, as well as fine acre tracts near the city, which we can sell on monthly payments.

R. R. MACFARLANE & CO.

Room 34, Exchange Building.

DR. L. A. FAULKNER

King of Specialists.

Treats successfully all forms of Blood, Nervous and Urinary Diseases.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, with its many gloomy symptoms, cured.

LOST VITALITY perfectly and permanently restored.

BLOOD POISON cured for life without mercury.

URINARY DISEASES cured quickly and thoroughly.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Office Room 4, Over 19 East Superior Street.

PUSH

GETS THE BUSINESS.

THE HERALD

IS THE BEST

ADVERTISING MEDIUM

IN DULUTH.

IT HAS HELPED OTHERS!

IT WILL HELP YOU!

To give the People an invitation to trade with you The best way is to advertise in THE HERALD.

IT PAYS!

Men with enterprise and grit in their make-up, make money in such times as the present.

Seeing that the panic has passed, they without delay use every means to advertise their business.

They sell goods while the scared fellows keep quiet and wonder when the shower will be over.

The gritty men get the business—the timid ones the blues.

LADIES

Can Secure Competent Servants
By Advertising in the
HERALD WANT COLUMNS.

WEST DULUTH ITEMS

Republicans Celebrated the Glorious Victory of Tuesday With a Grand Ratification Last Evening.

Big Parade Early in the Evening, Followed by Speeches by Capt. Lewis, G. J. Mallory and Others.

William Norton, an Explorer, Arrested Yesterday on a Charge of Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses.

The Republicans of West Duluth held a grand ratification meeting last evening which in attendance and enthusiasm fully sustained the avalanche of Republican votes which fell on Tuesday. Sutton's hall was the place of rendezvous and at 7 o'clock the crowd began to assemble and form a line of march headed by the West Duluth band. The procession marched down Grand avenue to Eighth avenue west, from there to Second street south and thence down Central avenue and back to the starting point. The parade steadily grew in size as it passed along until it seemed that every body in town was in line.

When the parade was completed a grand rush was made for the inside of the hall where speeches were to be made. But a small portion of the crowd could gain entrance and the remainder exploded their enthusiasm by deafening cheers and the celebration of a war dance about a huge bon fire.

Brief speeches were made within doors by Capt. Lewis, G. J. Mallory and others and the rally broke up about 11 o'clock with three cheers for Capt. Lewis and the Republican party.

Think He Was Swindled. William Norton, an explorer, was arrested yesterday on a warrant charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses. The charge is made by Charles Densler, auditor at the car works, who claims that he and Norton went to the woods together and examined a claim which was satisfactory and Norton was paid a fee for locating him on the property. He afterward found that Norton had shown him a different piece of land from that upon which the filing was made. Norton was arraigned in justice court this morning, pleaded not guilty and the trial set for Feb. 12.

Methodist Church Social. The ladies of the Methodist church held a pleasant social at the residence of D. C. Prescott last evening. The house was well filled with guests and a delightful time is reported. A musical program was furnished by Mrs. Oland, Ellen Schibsted, Mrs. Kingsbury, Mrs. Crooks and the Wadsworths. Refreshments were served.

West Duluth Briefs. A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Culbertson, of Fifth avenue west; also one to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Goodhand, of Second avenue west.

About twenty couples enjoyed an evening at progressive euchre at the home of H. Martin on Monday evening.

Capt. Randall, who returned from Washington, D. C., a few days ago and has since been laid up with the grippe, is again able to be out.

Pete McDonald who, with another man, was arrested at Hastings for breaking into a clothing store, and was afterwards released on turning state's evidence, has returned to West Duluth.

Richard Peters is receiving a visit from John Wade, of Chicago.

L. J. Kern has gone to Chippewa Falls on business.

D. C. Prescott is expected to return today from Chicago.

J. M. Richland, of Montreal, is visiting relatives in the city.

The W. C. T. U. met this afternoon and discussed the subject of "Bread Making."

Charles Clements and Miss Mary Bigin were married on Tuesday evening by Rev. Father Walsh. The wedding couple went to housekeeping immediately on Fifth street and Third avenue west, where they had previously prepared a comfortable home for themselves.

Mrs. E. S. Stevens, of Grand Rapids, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. J. Luther.

R. L. Weld has opened a law office in the Manufacturers' block, in the room formerly occupied by C. F. Lamb.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brady are in Minneapolis where they went to attend the funeral of a niece.

Shifting the Responsibility. Teacher—Arthur, I shall be obliged to detain you again today after school is out.

Arthur (see 7)—Of course you understand that there is any gossip comes of your keeping me after school every day you are responsible for it.—Boston Transcript.

Knew Her Business. Mr. Starleigh—Why do you charge Miss Frankleigh so much for her board? Landlady—On account of her business.

Mr. Starleigh—What's that? Landlady—She's the fasting girl down at the museum.—Hallow.

Helena cattle growers offered to give 3,000 2-year-old steers for the Corbett-Mitchell fight.

BEWARE OF THE GRIP Dr. Edson fears another epidemic, and sounds the alarm.

In lung and chest pains, coughs, colds, hoarseness and pneumonia, no other external remedy affords prompt prevention and quicker cure than

BENSON'S POROUS PLASTER. Indorsed by over 5,000 Physicians and Chemists. Be sure to get the genuine Benson's may be had from all druggists. SEABURY & JOHNSON, Chemists, N. Y. City.

For Colds,

Coughs, Croup, Influenza, and Bronchitis, use

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

the best of all anodyne expectorants.

Prompt to act, Sure to Cure

ALL FOR SUNDAY SCHOOL.

The New Cape She Wanted Had Nothing to Do With the Case.

"It was just this way," said the girl with the red gloves. "Jim and Jen came over to the house that night, and then Maud dropped in, and so did Charley and Will. We began to play cards, and after awhile at whist and euchre we just naturally drifted into poker."

"Pretty soon somebody suggested that we raise the limit, and it was put at a quarter, with a 5 cent ante. Jim began to win then, and I sat there and saw the money I intended to get that new cape with go into the center of the table and none of it come back. This sort of thing went along until I got sick and disgusted, and I proposed that we make the limit 50 cents."

"Why-e-e-e," broke in the other girl, "that was gambling."

"Gambling!" said the girl with the red gloves. "I should think it was. But, as I was saying, my luck kept getting poorer and poorer, until it came my deal. I found that I had drawn in a six, seven, eight and nine of diamonds with seven of clubs. I threw away the black seven and made up my mind to draw for a straight or a flush. The people threw the cards they discarded right in front of me, and it so happened that a lot of them got on top of the pack. Of course I had to take them off so that I could deal cards to those who were going to play, and as I did I saw that the first card on the pack was the ten of diamonds."

"Then I was in a quandary. I knew that if I could get that card I would have a straight flush, and that I could be sure to beat anybody round the table. I knew that the chances were greatly against my getting the five of diamonds, and while a straight or a flush of the common kinds was within the bounds of possibility I could not do much more than bet as high as that, and Jim raised me another 50 cents. That's the way it went, until I borrowed all the money and the table, and Jim had changed a couple of \$10 bills. Then he called me, and I showed him that straight flush. He had four of a kind."

"Did you win?" asked the other girl.

"Did I win?" repeated the girl with the red gloves. "Oh, no, it was a girl out in California who won. I should say I did win. I got just \$27 of Mr. Jim's money."

"What did you do with it?" asked the other girl.

"I spent 50 cents of it for a motto for Mr. Jim, which said, 'Feed My Lambs.' I'm going to spend the rest on my Sunday school class."—Buffalo Express.

A Strange Race.

"There is a race of people in Hawkins county, Tenn., whose origin is a mystery," said G. L. Babbitt to the editor of the Laclede. "They are called the Melungeons and are found in no place else. They have been traced back to North Carolina, but further than that nothing is known. They are not Indians, they are not negroes, they are of any kind of any kind of race of white people. But few of them can speak the English language, although they have lived here for over a century, and the language they do speak is an unknown one to the most accomplished linguist."

"They are dirty and degraded, but with a race pride about them that prevents them intermingling with the lower order of Americans or with negroes. A Melungeon will work when he is hungry, but only under duress of necessity."

They avoid the towns and cultivate small patches of corn on the most sterile mountainsides, the rest of their scant living being obtained by hunting and fishing. Every attempt made as yet to better their condition has been a failure, and yet the race continues to exist independently of the white people, growing no smaller and changing none of its attributes."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Glavin's Fads.

A man of politics and a man of books. Some one or other has said that he is a statesman overlaid with literature. It is a dark epigram, but suggests the appearance of the literary side of his life. His library is one of the most varied private libraries in England. In fact, the walls of Hawarden castle may be said to be papered with books. There is literature of every sort under the sun, from sacred Scriptures, ancient parchments, Homers and Virgils to pendentary parliamentary reports, the latest books of science, art, poetry, fiction and ephemeral criticism. Mr. Glavin reads omnivorously and writes—what has he not written? One remembers articles on theology—he is a stalwart churchman—Greek and Latin poetry, jannanking, Italian art, the Bulgarian question, forestry, the Homeric question, old China, Dante, the Irish question and the women novelists. There are hundreds of other topics he has taken up and discussed with the authority that comes from an adequate knowledge.—New York World.

A Small Thing.

"What's the matter, Sillybub? You don't look well this morning."

"I don't know. I've been worried about my head all day."

"Oh, brace up, old fellow. I wouldn't let such a trifling as that put me out any."

—Atlanta Constitution.

ODD THINGS IN TAXES

The Government Does Which Have Been Derived in Past Years From Many Queer Imposts.

Salt, Soap and Even Bread and Meat Have Had to Contribute to the Revenues.

Peter the Great Levied a Tax on Beards and Matrimony is Taxed in China.

In times past it was deemed warrantable to tax salt, candles, leather, brick, soap, starch, paper and in 1832 even bread and meat.

Peter the Great of Russia levied a tax on beards, with the laudible object of making his subjects wash their faces and shave. Brass tokens are still to be bought in that country bearing the words "Borsoda pignora tingola," which means "the beard has been sold."

Mr. G. C. Landy, in "The Fiscal Philatelist," gives particulars of the British hat tax of 1784, requiring hatsters to take out licenses and imposing an ad valorem stamp duty on every hat sold.

In those days revenue officials meeting a man with an unlicensed hat used to inquire, in the words of the comic song, "Where did you get that hat?"

In old times, too, the Scotch sacramental certificates used to bear a six penny stamp. A tax on religious almanacs, glass, stone bottles and advertisements was among the fiscal duties of the past.

There was also a tax on the "light of heaven" in the shape of an impost on windows until far in the present century.

This odious and insupportable burden caused architects and builders to erect houses with as few windows as possible, and to enclose the windows of many houses and were blocked up. Some of these dark and dismal abodes are still in existence in England. The Russian government a few years ago decided to tax kerosene oil and matches—virtually a tax on light.

In some parts of China a tax is imposed on all women entering the houses of married men. Travelers to these parts are obliged to take a wife, and when they leave the ladies take free husbands, to the benefit of the revenue.

The wife who is sold to a man is called the late Adah Isaacs Menken and "marry young and often" are an acquisition to such a state. In Servia vanity is taxed in the shape of ladies' bonnets.

In Melbourne Christmas cards are taxed one-fifth per cent. Christmas, New Year, Easter and birthday cards are also taxed.

produce an appreciable revenue in England. It has been stated that in Welmur the authorities levied a duty on unclean parties. The regulations were not given, but doubtless soap, duds, trice and quarters are subject to proportionate rates.

Special charges. Quite lately an annual tax of 10 francs has been imposed on all persons in France. Maud has paid tribute to the German frontier.

recently crossing the frontier of Saxony carried with them a crown of laurels and a sword.

The custom house officers taxed the laurels as spice. Maud, the composer, it is related, was also charged duty on a crown of laurels on the German frontier.

the crown of the laurel was deemed to be woven of "unlabeled plants." In Moscow, children are put a license of \$20.

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thereof they may remain for the privilege of transacting their business.—Temple Bar.

Unfinished Business. Mabel—What is this pile of manuscript on the table?

Old Lady—That is a part of the Bible which my nephew translated for the San Islanders.

"Why didn't he finish the work?" "They ate him, my dear."—Newport News.

NOT AHEAD OF THE GAME. The Partner of His Joy Vainly Disproves the Assertion.

"I have and cause to remember this place," observed the little man with the yellow whiskers as he walked up and down the depot platform while waiting for the train.

"Meet with some bad luck here?" "I did. I was taken ill on the train while traveling and was put off here and there."

"How did she know?" "Young Jordan was out driving with Miss Popinjay the other evening," said the person, "and his horse ran away. They were both thrown out, and the buggy was smashed to pieces. It was a providential escape for both of them, but I can't understand how the young man came to lose control of his horse."

"He must have been driving with one hand," flippantly suggested the minister's eldest son—a mere boy.

"Or perhaps he had the reins around his neck," said Edith, a shy society beauty of 16, with a charmingly modest mien. And then everybody exclaimed in chorus, "Why, Edith!"—Texas Siftings.

A Sensation of Relief. Bighead (bursting into Henry Peck's office)—Give me \$10,000 at once, or I explode this dynamite!

Henry Peck—Great heavens, man! how you startled me! I thought you were Mrs. Peck.—Puck.

From an Earlier Age. Miss Elderleigh—I wonder why they're introducing such old-fashioned dances. I can't manage to learn them.

Miss Cautique—Oh, the steps will all come back to you by and by.—Chicago Record.

Kills the Night Doss. Cholly—The aw—say, doc, do you think the cigavette habit is really injurious?

Doctor—To individuals perhaps, but not to the community at large.—Detroit Tribune.

Taking Him Down. Clara—I don't think Carrie Sloper's husband has much of an opinion of himself.

Maud—No. He has been reading over all the love letters he wrote her before they were married.—New York Herald.

Love and Letters. "Oh, will you my wife?" "He wrote, too scared to say."

She answered, "Come and see." Or else you are a J.—Washington Star.

Old Time Remedies. Strange as it may seem to some, the ingredients of the witch's caldron in "Macbeth," at least a part of them, were once standard remedies among Europeans.

In the tenth and eleventh centuries a sovereign cure for ague was the swallowing of a small toad that had been choked to death on St. John's eve, and a splendid remedy for rheumatism was to fasten the bands of clothing with pins that had been stuck into the flesh of either a toad or a frog.

Physicians frequently recommend the water from a toad's skin for mental afflictions and that a live toad be rubbed over the diseased parts as a cure for the quinsy.—Chicago Herald.

Peers as Composers. A few members of the British peerage have made reputations as composers. The Earl of Westmorland, first president of the Royal Academy of Music, composed some Italian operas, which were well received at the time.

the great Duke of Wellington, the Earl of Mornington, wrote several glees, which are still frequently performed at choral societies, though when written more than a century ago. The present Earl of Mar has also composed some church music.—Paris Herald.

About Certified Checks. The head of a leading banking house has his counsel investigate the law in regard to certified checks and finds that if the drawer of a check has taken it to the bank and had it certified he is still jointly liable with the bank, responsible to the payee if the bank fails. If the payee, however, has taken the check to the bank and had it certified, the drawer of the check is no longer responsible to the payee, because the payee accepts by that action the responsibility of the bank.—Wall Street News.

Horrible Thought. "Timid Young Author—Haven't you read my poem too hastily? I am sure, sir, it has some good features about it that you would see in a more careful reading."

Editor (with a sudden suspicion)—You are not trying to work off an acoustic on us, are you, miss?—Chicago Tribune.

A cat imported from Madagascar is in the possession of W. C. Robinson of New Castle, Pa. The animal has a long tail and runs like a rabbit. The cat is a great rabbit hunter and can follow Mr. Bunny into almost any burrow.

Quaint Prayers. The chief of the Adirondacks is said to have prayed before a battle: "Be on our side! An gin ye canna be on our side, aye lay low a bit, an ye'll see then earles get a-shidin that must please ye." An old covenanter, who ruled his household with a rod of iron, is said to have prayed in all sincerity at family worship: "O Lord, have a care o' Rob, for he is on the great deep, an thou holdest it in the hollow o' thy hand. An have a care o' Jennie, for he has gone to fight the enemies o' his country, an the outcome o' the battle is wi' thee. But ye need na fash o' yersel' wi' wee Willie, for I see him here, an I'm awa'pable o' lookin after him mysel'."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Tricks of the Trade. Some retail silk salesmen have a clever sleight of hand trick that deceives many purchasers. The little game is to snarl up a sample of silk in the presence of a customer, pretend with violent gestures to twist it into a rope and then with a sudden flout to slake it free of folds and creases. Any woman knows that silk such as will undergo treatment of that sort is durable, but the woman who buys the silk and tries the experiment at home meets with grievous disappointment. The salesman's twisting process has been a clever trick all along.—Philadelphia Record.

It is figured out that stamp collectors have put away \$1,000,000 worth of the Columbian issues which Uncle Sam will not be called on to perform any service.

A German computation of the Jewish population of the world has been made on the face of the globe 7,403,000, of whom 6,800,000 are in Europe.

If you like to read and have many books, be careful lest you read too much and think too little.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

Entered at this postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Feb. 8.—The barometer is low in Arkansas and
to the north of Montana. It has fallen gen-
erally except over the lake region and Upper
Mississippi valley, where it has risen upwards
of two-tenths of an inch.Light rains have fallen in the Ohio and Mid-
dle Mississippi valleys and over Lake Erie and
Lake Huron have been in Arkansas. The
weather is cloudy in Montana and the region to
the northwest.It is slightly colder to the northwest of Mon-
tana and in North Dakota; elsewhere the tem-
perature has remained near zero.Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today,
25 degrees above zero; maximum 40 degrees;
minimum, 15 degrees above zero.Duluth, Feb. 8.—Local forecast until 5 p. m.
tomorrow: Continued, cloudy weather, this
evening and tonight; probably snow Friday;
heavily colder Friday evening; easterly winds
shifting to colder northwest on Friday.JAMES KENNELLY,
Local Forecast Office.WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Forecast till 8 p. m.
tomorrow: Continued, cloudy weather, this
evening and tonight; probably snow Friday;
heavily colder Friday evening; easterly winds
shifting to colder northwest on Friday.JAMES KENNELLY,
Local Forecast Office.

The Germ Theory of Disease.

One of the most important events of
the present age is the great progress that
is being made in the science of medicine,
particularly in regard to the germ theory
of disease. All diseases are now credited
to the simple manifestations of bacteria
which infect the corporeal man, and the
problem which confronts the medical
world is how to detect these germs of
disease and how to destroy them. The
discoveries which have already been
made in this direction are highly im-
portant and great results are promised
from the efforts that are being made, to
prevent and remedy the "ills that flesh
is heir to."Dr. Samuel Sternberg is a noted sur-
geon who is a recognized authority on
disease germs, and a recent lecture
which he delivered at the Columbian
university at Washington, with the
aid of a stereopticon and the
use of plain words, intelligible
to people who have scant acquaintance
with scientific terms and medical
phrases, present some interesting facts
in regard to the detection of disease
germs and the proper methods of killing
them. For a very complete summary
of his lecture The Herald is indebted to
the St. Louis Star-Sayings. Dr. Stern-
berg first explained the meaning of the
terms employed, saying that "bacteria"
was a word for the most part applica-
ble to the whole class. This, however,
included a multitude of harmless speci-
mens that could be taken into the body
without injury and without making
people sick. The germs of bacteria
with which medical scientists were now
making so many interesting investi-
gations, were of three distinct classes,
because they had three forms. These
he called the spherical, or micrococci,
the rod-shaped, or bacillae, and the
spiral-shaped of spirilla.Exhibiting on a screen photographs of
the germs when magnified by the micro-
scope, Dr. Sternberg showed that bac-
teria multiplied by growing long and di-
viding, and that they did this with light-
ning like rapidity, so that a man who
has a single germ within his body may
have countless millions within a few
hours. All the forms with but few ex-
ceptions, multiply in this manner by di-
vision. The doctor exhibited seventeen
different kinds of germs which charac-
terize different kinds of diseases, the
first being the "anthrax," which was very
deadly to animals in Europe and which
was the pioneer germ for science. Fol-
lowing this the germs of such diseases as
leprosy, consumption, typhoid fever,
acute abscesses and boils, diphtheria,
erysipelas, cholera, lockjaw, glanders
and the grip were shown upon the can-
vas. The germ of the grip, he said, was
the latest discovery in this realm, having
been found in 1892. The germs are
much smaller than those of some other
diseases. They take on geometrical
shapes, with the sharp-cut edges and
forms of crystals. They do not exist in
the blood, but in the local tissues which
are affected and the germs by which the
disease propagates itself are given off
in the excretions and in the sub-
stances that come from the mouth and
the nose.The death-dealing germs take on dif-
ferent and sometimes remarkable shapes,
those of lockjaw growing from spores
instead of division and being tenacious
of their lives, although the cells or germs
are more easily destroyed. The spores
of germ diseases generally are incapable
of breeding injury. There were forma-
tions of erysipelas in appearance like a
chain of germs, of boils and kindred
afflictions like unto clusters of grapes.
These are held together, so the scientist
says, by a film formation like a bag. The
bacillus of typhoid fever were curious
in that their form on the canvas made
a picture like a Chaldean inscription.
They were, in fact, short, square-corn-
ered rods.Dr. Sternberg told how to kill the
germs and enumerated the kinds of an-
timony with which this could be done.
He spoke of heat as the best, thetemperature of boiling water be-
ing sufficient to exterminate any
germ in the world, and requiring only
ten minutes for those most tenacious of
life. Sunlight and desiccation were also
beneficial and effective. There were
chemical agents, such as a 5 per cent
solution of carbolic acid, coal tar prod-
ucts, ordinary lime wash, and a weak
solution of fresh chloride of lime, which
last produced admirable results.These are interesting facts that must
attract the attention of even the general
reader. That we have heard so much in
recent years about germs of disease is
due to the fact that only within this
period has the germ theory been thor-
oughly investigated. The great strides
that have been made in this branch of
medical science lead to the hope that in
a comparatively short time it will be pos-
sible to find the germs that produce each
variety of disease and to apply methods
that will quickly exterminate.

Are We a Plutocracy?

W. D. Howells discusses in a February
magazine the plutocratic tendencies of
the American nation. He does not af-
firm that we are a plutocracy, but he
criticizes various features of our political
life that leads to the conclusion that this
is not a democracy. The question that
he propounds is, How far has business
characterized our politics? Has business
come into control of the government, or
is the government still in the hands of
the people? Do parties or persons bribe
voters in New Hampshire or New York?
Do firms or corporations corrupt legisla-
tures? Have United States senators
bought seats in the most august assem-
bly in the world? Have trusts and syn-
dicates darkened counsel in the judi-
cary? Have large contributors to elec-
tion funds received high office from the
executive? Have contractors even
tempted aldermen, and have the bosses
behind the throne found their account in
tacitly growing rich in a private station?
Mr. Howells affirms none of these
things, neither does he deny them. He
does not think it would be safe to affirm
them until he has found some journal-
ist who admits the guilt of his own party
while accusing his esteemed contempora-
ry, or some boss who confesses that
he is not so poor as his influence makes
him appear, because the proof in all
such cases has as little weight with the
impartial mind as the overwhelming
evidence, say, that there are veridical
phantoms. Still, it must be owned, he
contends, that there are vast numbers of
people who believe that these things are
so; not vast as the number that be-
lieve in ghosts; but a majority of the
Americans so great that their vote would
not leave a single elector to the parti-
sans of an opposite theory in a presi-
dential election. It is hard to believe
that there is no truth in them, just as it
is hard to believe that the spirits of the
departed have not upon some emergent
occasions revisited the earth. He can
account for their acceptance by suppos-
ing that the minds of the whole people
have been poisoned by bad men, who
have instilled into them a suspicion of
guilt in others which every American
knows himself personally incapable of.
Or is there here and there, Mr. How-
ells asks, an American who secretly, and
quite within the fastnesses of his heart,
realizes that being perplexed and
wrought upon in the extreme, he would
give or take a bribe? Or, if not as that,
is there some American who is con-
scious that, as a matter of business
merely, he might apply business prin-
ciples to politics? We all know how
very common business principles are
with us, and the thing is not so wholly
impossible. We need not inquire very
nicely what business principles are,
some business men will do what other
business men will not do, but if the
popular notion that business is business
is correct, and if in this sense business
is a thing not wholly distinct from
righteousness, it can be easily seen that
the passage from an axiom to an action
need traverse no great moral space. If
we once admit that business principles
have been applied in procuring statutes,
decisions, contracts and appointments,
as most Americans believe, then it might
certainly be said that we have a pluto-
cracy, and not a democracy.

At a meeting of the Cleveland vessel

owners, it was unanimously resolved to
raise a fund to meet the expense of agi-
tation in Washington against putting
iron ore on the free list. They will pay
one cent per ton on the net registered ton-
nage of all vessels owned or controlled
by the association in order to raise
money for this purpose. The vessel
men claim free ore would very seriously
injure the lake carrying trade. Later
advice from Washington strengthen the
probability that the senate will retain the
duty on iron ore."Our Duluth friends," said the St. Paul
Globe yesterday in beginning an article
regarding this city, while in another col-
umn it renewed its attack upon Duluth's
claim that, as a matter of business
merely, he might apply business prin-
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decisions, contracts and appointments,
as most Americans believe, then it might
certainly be said that we have a pluto-
cracy, and not a democracy.

Rockefeller's Recklessness.

Chicago Herald: John D. Rockefeller
has purchased the most important iron
mines in Cuba and all the iron
mines in the Lake Superior region. For
the mines in the North, with their docks,
etc., Mr. Rockefeller is said to have
paid several million dollars. With the
Wilson bill about to become a law and
the country governed by a Democratic
administration the McKinley organs will
declare that Mr. Rockefeller has exhib-
ited a recklessness out of all proportion
to his reputed business sagacity.

A Voice That Is Silenced.

New York Tribune: Again we appeal
to Secretary Gresham to lift his voice
that his friends may know he still lives.

A Sign of Spring.

Buffalo Express: About this time look
out for the annual cry by the real estate
agents that houses are going to be very
scarce next spring.

Anent the Income Tax.

Chicago Journal: While in times of war
against war taxes? Only in times of war.

They Would Be Scarce.

Minneapolis Journal: A few more
speeches by Baldwin and it will not be
possible to find a Democrat in St. Louis
county.

A Preacher Pugilist.

Read about the Duluth Preacher
Craig's miraculous pill with a pugilist
Populist in the Duluth Press of next Sat-
urday, Feb. 10.

Wait For the Fire Sale

Of men and boys' clothing, boots and
shoes, gents' furnishing goods, etc., at
the Bell Clothing Store on or about next
Thursday, the 15th.

IN SAFE HANDS.

There is No Longer Any Fear By Those
Who Know.A Very Fortunate Discovery
by a Lucky Man.Mr. Wm. F. Richards, of 299 Lowell
street, Lawrence, Mass., a well-known
man in that city, has for twenty-four
years been a great sufferer and all this
time has been striving to find some one
who could cure him, but until now his
search has been in vain. He knows at
last that he is in safe hands, and writes
the following interesting letter:"Nearly twenty-four years ago I was
taken with nervous prostration and was
very sick, so sick that I thought I never
should leave my bed. Slowly I regained
strength, but only to have another attack
a few years later. I partially recovered
from this second attack, but was thor-
oughly used up and unfit for any hard
work."Some five years ago, at the breakfast
table, I was taken with a dizzy spell and
my hands and feet to my elbows and
knees seemed numb, and the muscles
about my head began to tremble."For days I was unable to move myself
at all and had to be fed like a child."I continued taking it and after using
six bottles I was able to go to work and
have been at it ever since. I know that
Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve
remedy cured me of paralysis, as the
effect was like magic when I began tak-
ing it, and that had it not been for
that I should have been dead long be-
fore this instead of a strong, well man."Since I took this medicine I have
gained in weight, being at the present
time heavier than at any time in my life.
I gladly recommend it to all who are
troubled in any way with a similar dis-
ease, as I have every confidence in it
myself."It is a universal conclusion that Dr.
Greene's Nervura blood and nerve
remedy is the most successful of all medi-
cines in curing disease.If you are suffering from any form of
nervous or chronic disease, take this
greatest of all remedies and it will cure
you. It is purely vegetable and perfectly
harmless.Dr. Greene, its discoverer, is the noted
specialist in the cure of all nervous and
chronic diseases. He can be consulted at
his office, 33 West Fourteenth street,
New York city, free, personally or by
letter.

A Significant Victory.

St. Paul Dispatch: The victory which
has just been won by the Republicans of
Duluth is one of a good deal of signifi-
cance. Indeed, its significance is by no
means confined to its local result. It is
another all-around expression of popular
sentiment regarding the present national
administration and its policy. When
May, Baldwin decided to contest for
the principal section of his constituents
on the question of free ore he took a very
dangerous step. Whatever feeling of re-
gard under all circumstances to their
party which might have before existed in
the breasts of many Democrats was dis-
posed of by such an unprecedented
action. May, Baldwin has a good deal of
responsibility on his shoulders for the
wholesale defeat of his party which has
prevailed in Duluth, but not all the re-
sponsibility. The Democratic voters
themselves are most responsible. The
result would probably have been the
same anyway in view of the prevailing
sentiment throughout the country.A Written Guarantee to
CURE EVERY CASE OF
SYPHILIS
MONEY REFUNDED.Our cure is permanent and not a patching up.
One treated eight years ago has never seen a
symptom since. By describing case fully we can
cure you by mail, and we give the same strong
guarantee to cure or refund all money. Those
who prefer to come here for treatment can do so,
and we will pay railroad fare both ways and
hotel bills while here. If we fail to cure, we
challenge the world to find a cure that our MAGIC
REMEDY will not cure. Write for full particu-
lars and get a guarantee to refund every dollar,
and we have a reputation to protect, and
financial backing of \$50,000, it is perfectly safe
to all who will try the treatment. Hereafter
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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1894.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

A Home Institution Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men and not Tributary to any Eastern Management. Established in Duluth in 1881.

The BIG DULUTH

BUT A FEW DAYS MORE
TODAY!

Our Entire Mammoth Stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's

Overcoats at Half Price

The trade results have been extraordinary. The most expensive qualities have been made popular by our "Half Price" policy. They have passed to the ownerships of buyers at prices never touched before. There are no exceptions. The impression of phenomenal values has been realized in actual purchases.

The \$38.50 Cass Melton Overcoats Are \$19.25.
The \$30 Kersey and Elysian Overcoats Are \$15.
The \$20 Tailor-made Melton Overcoats Are \$10.

THE BOYS' REEFERS \$3.50, ARE NOW \$1.75.
THE \$5.00 ONES ARE NOW \$2.50.
THE BOYS' STORM COATS \$6.00, ARE NOW \$3.00.
THE CHILDREN'S \$4.00 CAPE OVERCOATS ARE NOW \$2.00.
ALL THE BOYS' SWELL OVERCOATS \$10.00, ARE NOW \$5.00.


GREAT FEBRUARY PANTALON SALE.
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NOW IN PROGRESS.
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NOW IN PROGRESS.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL

Complete and Trustworthy Outfitters for Men, Boys and Children.

Members of the Duluth Clearing House Association.		
	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	\$1,000,000	\$500,000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	250,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	100,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	40,000



ROYALTY MILLS
50 Lbs.
PRIMUS
FANCY PATENT
T.B. HAWKES & CO.
INCORPORATED

The chief diet of all civilized nations consists of bread. On that article of food they can subsist longer than on any other. It is of primary importance that the flour used in your bread should be of the best. If you use you get the best flour in the world, as it makes BETTER and more wholesome bread than any other. Tell your Grocer you will take no substitute.

T. B. HAWKES & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Three 18-60 Otto Steel Boilers.
Three 18-60 Otto Steel Boilers, Batman Setting.
One 50 horse-power 1800 Automatic Cut Off Engine.
One 100 horse-power 1800 Automatic Cut Off Engine.
One 40 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
One 50 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
All in first-class condition.
Also the old power house building of the Hartman General Electric Co. at the foot of Fifth Avenue east, on lake front, and a miscellaneous lot of Piping and Steam Fittings, Pumps, Shafts, Pulleys, etc.

HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,

ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co.
(LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1889.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds,
Individual Accident

FEBRUARY MAGAZINES

ALL THE DAILY AND WEEKLY PAPERS.

Only Complete Stock of Office Supplies in the City.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

TO DESTROY RECORDS.

Attempt to Remove the Evidence of the Election Frauds that Were Committed in Michigan.

County Clerk May's Room at Lansing Entered and the Book of Election Returns Mutilated.

The Thief Neglected to Take a Package of Original Returns and the Evidence Remains.

LANSING, Mich., Feb. 9.—The room of William May, county clerk of Wayne county, at the Dowry house, was entered last night and the book of official returns for election returns for Wayne county was mutilated, four pages being cut from the returns on the salaries of judges for 1893 and the same number of pages of returns of salaries amendments for the year 1893. There was also carried away the tally sheet of the returns issued by the board of canvassers and signed by them being the identical sheet upon which the figures had been raised by the addition of the figure 1, making the vote in each instance too great.

Mr. May was summoned yesterday to appear before the grand jury at Mason and brought the books and other documents with him. The discovery of the mutilation of the book and the theft of the tally sheet was discovered at 11 o'clock last night. Mr. May found the door unlocked and the books in the condition described above.

Unquestionably the person who did the job was familiar with the book, because there are election returns tabulated in the volume for several years previous to 1893 and also since 1893. In his hurry, however, the thief neglected to take a package of original returns, wrapped in an old newspaper, which lay on the table beside the sheet of report made by Bussey, Clark and Green of the vote on the salaries as canvassed by them, and which the bill, leaving signed by them. It is not thought the theft will retard the investigation of the frauds committed, as there is enough evidence left to work upon. There is no clue to the thief or thieves.

OLD SCHEDULES ABANDONED.

The Senate Committee Will Arrange the Tariff Bill Differently.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—If the arrangement of the tariff bill adopted by the sub-committee of the senate finance committee should be ultimately crystallized into law, the result will be to make the index of much more importance than it is at present.

The old Morrill tariff act, or what is known as the war tariff, has for nearly thirty years served as the framework upon which all proposed tariff changes have been predicated, and even in such radical measures as the Morrison "horizontal bill" and the McMillan bill, out of consideration the Morrill act, the old Morrill act has served as the skeleton upon which the new legislation was built.

This act divided dutiable commodities into various schedules by a very natural arrangement; for instance, there was the iron and steel schedule, while foodstuffs and all articles composed of these metals; the china and glass schedule, the wool and woolen schedule, and so on. It was a comparatively easy matter for a customs official or any interested person to properly place almost any article of consumption under this system.

But the sub-committee, animated by a desire to secure a very simple system of classification, has decided to abandon all of these Morrill schedules and to place dutiable commodities under certain heads, according to the amount of duty exacted, instead of their composition. So, for instance, it may be that under schedule B—articles paying an import tax of 40 per cent—(for, save the case of one schedule, all of the duties are purely ad valorem)—there may be found a certain grade of chinaware, some woolen goods, looking glass, etc.

The changes in the tariff of dutiable articles are expected to give the administrative officers more trouble than the actual changes in the rates of duty and it may be that in their effort to simplify the arrangement of the schedules, the sub-committee, while saving labor for themselves, have really imposed much work upon the treasury official, and certainly they have made the idea a very important feature of the tariff bill.

CHARGED WITH BURGLARY.

John McCune Accused of Breaking Into a Freight Car.

In police court this morning, John McCune was arraigned on the charge of burglary in the third degree. The complaint alleges that on Jan. 13, John broke into a St. Paul & Duluth railway freight car with intent to steal goods and chattels therein. The preliminary examination was set for Monday and, in default of bonds in the sum of \$100, the accused was remanded to the county jail until that time.

MATTHEWS IS VERY MAD.

Chicago Trying to Pose as Moral at Indiana's Expense.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—A special to the Tribune from Indianapolis says: Governor Matthews almost lost his temper when interviewed concerning what action he might take in the reported gambling to be conducted at Roby on the beginning of the racing meeting. He said he had not the slightest disposition to interfere, and furthermore, he regarded the stories as greatly exaggerated by Chicago papers.

In order to make the outside world believe that Chicago has become a highly moral city," said the governor, "the papers would have the impression go abroad that all the gamblers, roughs and sporting people generally are seeking Roby as the only place where they can indulge their vicious fancies."

"I should imagine that if any one were to interfere with sport of this character it would be the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, for it comes directly under the province of that admirable organization. It is certainly inhuman sport to race animals in severe weather, as is done at these winter tracks North. The talk about a second Monte Carlo I take no stock in whatever. It is a hand cry raised for the purpose I have above referred to."

ANOTHER COMBINE FORMED.

Slave and Heading Manufacturers Unite to Advance Prices.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—A special to the Herald from Eau Claire, Wis., says: The Northwestern Slave and Heading association was formed last night at a meeting of Wisconsin manufacturers, in which investments in this industry amounting to \$1,000,000 were represented.

Articles of agreement were drawn and signed by sixteen manufacturers and will be signed by four more. These articles and the signers maintain whatever prices may be agreed upon by the association, and it is understood prices are to be fixed by majority vote. The price of headings was fixed at 4 1/2 cents, but nothing was done about slaves.

THE GAS WAS IGNITED.

Two Men Horribly Burned by an Explosion in a Mine.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—A Wilkesbarre, Pa., special to the Herald says: William Zimmerman, aged 44, and his son George, aged 18, were horribly burned by an explosion of gas in the Nottingham mine of the Dodson Coal company at Plymouth yesterday morning.

The two men were hurrying to prepare for the day's work when the explosion occurred with such violence that it was felt throughout the mine. After the explosion miners hurried to the breach and found the two men naked, every stitch of clothing being burned from their bodies.

They were blacked and charred from head to foot, and though still alive, are not expected to recover. It is supposed the explosion was caused by their lamps igniting a body of gas.

ABOVE THE DANGER LINE.

Cumberland River Booming and Nashville Partly Flooded.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 9.—The Cumberland river is booming and has already reached the danger line. During the past twenty-four hours nearly three inches of water fell. The low lands around the city are flooded and hundreds of families are now moving their effects to higher ground.

The rebels invaded the county past houses and a number of smallpox patients are being carried today to new quarters. The danger line is forty feet, and the weather bureau officials predict the water will reach forty-five feet by sundown tonight.

TO FIGHT PEIXOTO'S FLEET.

The Rebel Warship Aquidaban Gone to Join the Republic.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—A special cable to the Herald from Montevideo says: It is rumored here that the Aquidaban left the bay of Rio Janeiro Wednesday night for the purpose of joining the Republic, so that both may forthwith meet and fight Peixoto's fleet.

The rebel division, commanded by Gen. Ulysses Cabeda, in Rio Grande do Sul has entered Santa Anna. Taveres' forces are now near the city. The insurgents are divided into several columns for the purpose of keeping up the guerrilla warfare.

ENTRIES CANCELLED.

General Land Office Annals a Number of Homestead Entries.

The local United States land office this morning received notice of the cancellation of various homestead entries for the reason that the lands in question have "never been fenced, cultivated, built or resided upon by the claimant, or in any other manner improved." Each homestead involved has been contested and the cases are entitled as follows: Peter J. Cesar vs. Mat Garvey, Horace B. Faine vs. Chauncey Jodis, Daniel McLeod vs. Frederick J. Marsh, John H. Cesar vs. Theodore Dufresne, Jerry Sullivan vs. Edward Millotte, Nels Nuotila vs. Daniel W. Noel.

SEVENTY MASSACRED.

Part of the French Force Which Recently Occupied Timbuctoo Surprised by the Tuarego Tribe.

Col. Bonnier, Eleven Other Officers and Many of the Privates Killed by the Natives.

Latest Reports State that the French Loss Was Seventy, but Higher Figures Also Given.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The Journal des Debats today gives details of the defeat by members of the nomad tribe known as Tuarego, of the French force near Timbuctoo, the first report of which was received yesterday at the colonial office from the governor of Senegal. The Debats' report says the force defeated was the column which recently occupied Timbuctoo. It was commanded by Col. Bonnier, commander of the French force on the upper Niger.

The paper says that the column was surprised at night when within three days' march west of Timbuctoo. Many of the officers were killed and others, including Col. Bonnier, are missing. Prime Minister Ferier, however, does not think that the column attacked was the one commanded by Col. Bonnier.

The secretary of the colonial department this afternoon received a telegram from Saint Louis, Senegal, stating that Col. Bonnier, eleven other officers and 250 privates, were massacred by the Tuaregos. The article states that the government intends to hold Timbuctoo and has ordered that reinforcements be sent for that purpose.

From the advices received here, it is apparent that Col. Bonnier, with part of the French force, had left Timbuctoo and gone to the westward of that place when he was attacked by the natives. The Tuaregos now threaten Capt. Philippe, who was left in command of the force holding Timbuctoo during the absence of Col. Bonnier.

Conflicting reports as to the number of French troops killed near Timbuctoo are being received. It is stated this evening that seventy instead of 250 men were massacred.

Cardinal Ledochowski to Resign.

Rumor, Feb. 9.—It is rumored in German circles here that Cardinal Ledochowski, prefect of the congregation of the Propaganda, is about to resign that office on the pretext that his health will not permit him to fulfill its duties.

The rumor has it that the true reason for his resignation is that there is a radical difference between himself and the French ambassador to the vatican, Count de Béhague, regarding the policy of the church in France.

No Attempt at Lynching.

DANIELSON, Wis., Feb. 9.—There is no attempt being made in the town of Seymour, near here, to lynch James Smith, as has been reported. Smith was employed by Joseph Hull, a farmer, and a few days ago Hull found Smith acting in an improper manner with Hull's 7-year-old daughter. Hull hit Smith with a scolding, then went into the house for a gun, but when he returned Smith had escaped. The child was not injured.

Pacific Fire Chiefs.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—D. T. Sullivan, of San Francisco, has been elected president of the Pacific Coast Association of Fire Chiefs. Among the vice presidents elected are Julius Pearce, of Denver; W. A. Hanlon, of Salt Lake, and Chief Wagoner, of Galveston, Tex.

Chinese Actors Landed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—Fifty-six Chinese actors and acrobats, who arrived by the steamer Peru for the Chinese village at the Midwinter fair, have been permitted to land.

Swallowed a Snake.

VALLEY VIEW, Ky., Feb. 9.—From the effects of swallowing a small snake or some such reptile, Mrs. Mary Burgess died here last night in terrible agony.

Iron Furnace to Start.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 9.—The Bear Spring iron furnace, in Stewart county, will resume in a few days, giving employment to 300 men.

Accepted a Call.

NEWTON, Mass., Feb. 9.—The Rev. Theodore Prudden, D.D., of Chicago, has accepted a call to the Second Congregational church of West Newton.

A Ranchman's Suicide.

OMAHA, Feb. 9.—Harry Salsman, a ranchman at Johnston, Neb., having a large family and considerable property, suicided while insane from a gripe last evening.

In Congress Today.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—At 12:27 Mr. Bland moved that the house go into committee of the whole to consider the silver seigniorage bill, and it was agreed to without division.

Deadly Cholera.

WARSAW, Feb. 9.—There has been a recurrence of cholera here and many deaths have occurred.

Ocean Steamships.

New York—Arrived: Chester, Southampton.
Bremen—Arrived: Steamer Ems, New York.
Liverpool—Sailed: Runic, New York.
Gibraltar—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, New York.
Naples—Arrived: Fulda, New York, and proceeded for Genoa; Wieland, New York.
London—Passed Fastnet: Cecil, New York for Liverpool.
Queenstown—Sailed: Majestic, Liverpool for New York.

THE IRON ORE DUTY.

The Matter Will be Fought Out on the Senate Floor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—[Special to The Herald.]—The sub-committee of the senate finance committee will not restore the duty on iron ore. This action, it is said today, has been definitely decided upon. Of course those senators who want this duty restored, will now be compelled to make their fight on the floor of the senate. The Minnesota senators will do their best for the interest of their state when this battle is on. Those who favor a duty on iron ore are by no means discouraged at the action of the senate committee.

The appointment of Cutler J. Marshall as collector of customs at Duluth has not yet been made, although it was expected his name would go to the senate on Wednesday. The appointment papers had then gone from the treasury department, but some unexplained influence has hung them up in the White House, just as happened to Fred Ryan's appointment as receiver of the Duluth land office.

Minnesota Democrats continue to suffer with those from other states over the failure of the president to make appointments where vacancies actually exist. There are several big offices in Minnesota really vacant, because the present Republican incumbents' terms have expired, or they have resigned. The marshal and district attorney's offices are in this condition. Still the president does not act, though continually urged to do so by those back of the different candidates. Representative Baldwin is still unable also to land any of his candidates in the minor places he has recommended them for. It is impossible to learn the president's real reason for delay in these cases.

INGALLS LED THE PENITENTS.

The Kansas Ex-Senator Became Penitent at Sam Jones' Revival.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 9.—When Evangelist Sam Jones called for penitents last night at the Gospel Tabernacle in this city, where he is holding a revival, the first person in the line of those who went forward to take his extended palm was no less a personage than Hon. John James Ingalls, of Kansas.

Mr. Ingalls has been in Nashville several days and will lecture here tonight. His presence at the tabernacle last night was conspicuous and it was noticed that he took a deep interest, several times laughing and joining in other demonstrations as the unique Georgia preacher roared and cajoled the sinners.

"I endorse every word you have said," he remarked earnestly as he grasped the evangelist's hand. "God bless you," responded Mr. Jones, fervently. "Possibly," said one who witnessed the scene, "the dialogue may after all have a place in politics, and hope for the politicians prove more than an iridescent dream."

DEPENDS UPON THE MEN.

Mammoth Nail Works to Resume if Reduced Wages Are Accepted.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—A special to a morning paper from Hammond, Ind., says it was given out late yesterday afternoon by Superintendent Ripley, of the Lakeside plant here, which has been closed down since last December, would start up full blast early next week, providing the men would sign the new scale, which is said to be from 15 to 25 per cent lower than the old one.

The amalgamation union is opposed to the reduction. If the rollers and nail cutters decide to accept the new scale, at least 100 men and boys will be given permanent employment.

DID NOT BELIEVE IN BANKS.

James Clayton Tortured Until He Told Where His Money Was Hidden.

BARBOURSVILLE, Ky., Feb. 9.—On Leatherwood creek, Cumberland county, Wednesday night, three men entered the home of James Clayton, who does not believe in banks, and after gagging the family, proceeded to compel him to tell where his money was hidden.

They first pistoled close to his head, choked him, burned him with hot stones, and finally stuck his feet in the fire, holding them there until they burned to a crisp. This finally conquered Clayton, who told where the money was. The robbers got \$1800 and then escaped on three of Clayton's horses. Clayton will probably die.

Smallpox in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—Two of the sisters of charity who have been nursing the unfortunate inmates of the pest house are down with the smallpox. The life of one is despaired of, but the other may recover. There are now ninety-one smallpox patients in the hospital and fifteen deaths from the disease have occurred since the first of the month.

French Author Dead.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—Maxime du Camp, the well-known author is dead. He was a member of the French academy, having been elected in 1880 to fill the vacancy caused by the death of M. Saint-René Taillandier. He was born in Paris in 1822. His works are very numerous.

Traffic on English Railroads.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—A report issued by the Midland Railway company shows that during the last six months of 1893, the receipts from the carrying of minerals fell off £583,886. The traffic receipts during this period were the largest on record. The falling off was caused by the great stock of the coal miners.

Diamond Thief Captured.

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 9.—Arthur J. Holman, the notorious diamond thief, wanted in Denver, passed through here last night in charge of Detective Malton of that city. Holman was arrested in Montreal Wednesday and agreed to return without the formality of extradition.

A Spy to Be Shot.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 9.—A dispatch from Kishenev, the capital of Bessarabia, says that Col. Gregorieff has been sentenced to death by a military tribunal there. Col. Gregorieff was convicted on the charge of being an Austrian spy.

Midwinter Eye Openers

AT THE GLASS BLOCK STORE.

With that force and directness of speech that characterizes the AMERICAN language we may often epitomize a whole sermon into the confines of a few words. So do we compass within this, our usual space, more good and truthful talk than is oftentimes spread over a page of GUSH and GAS.

We thus rob Peter (that is the printer), and pay Paul (that is the public).

Our Great Sale of New Spring Wash Fabrics

has proved a GRAND SUCCESS.

OUR EMBROIDERY SALE

seems to nonplus our patrons, the prices are so low.

OUR LINENS.

Yesterday was a busy day in this department. Our new Damasks and Napkins seem to attract the attention of all housekeepers; the patterns are new and exclusive, the prices are low in the extreme.

THE NEW CHINA SILKS

are the talk of the city. Some tell us they cannot buy our 50c CHINAS for less than 75c elsewhere, and we know it for a fact that some High-Priced Houses ask you 75c for them.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY!

We will offer two cases Valley Falls Wash Fabrics in the new colorings at... 10c PER YARD

Thursday and Friday, 3000 yards 36-inch Wool Dress Goods, at... 15c PER YARD

Thursday and Friday, A lot of Gents' Wool Underwear, worth \$3.00 and \$3.50. Just old suits; sale price... \$1.98 PER SUIT

Thursday and Friday, Some grand, good bargains in our Shoe Department for LADIES, for GENTS, for CHILDREN.

Thursday and Friday, 15 dozen Ladies' Wool Vests, worth 75c; sale price... 25c

Thursday and Friday, 1000 yards Silk Ribbons... 10c WORTH DOUBLE

Thursday and Friday, Manufacturers' Remnants of OUTING FLANNELS, worth 10c and 12 1/2c, for... 8c PER YARD

Thursday and Friday, Our Great Hardware Sale will be continued.

A Chance of a Lifetime to Buy.

PICTURES!

Our entire stock of \$1.00 Pictures 49c
Our entire stock of \$2.00 Pictures 98c
Our entire stock of \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$4.95 Pictures all go at... \$1.50

Panton & Watson

A FRIGHTFUL WRECK.

Desperados Removed Rails and Fish Plates on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Road Last Night.

As a Result a Train Was Derailed and Baggage, Mail and Smoking Cars Upset.

They Rolled Down a Steep Embankment and Three Men Were Badly Hurt—A Brakeman Shot.

HOUSTON, Tex., Feb. 9.—Last night at the high bridge over White Oak bayou, train wreckers removed the rails and fish plates on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad. When the passenger train came along the engine passed safely over, but the baggage and mail coaches jumped the track and rolled down the embankment, followed by the smoker, which landed on top of them. The wreck presented a frightful appearance.

Joe Elliott, a brakeman, was sent back to tag a freight train, which was soon due. He had not proceeded a hundred yards when a volley from ambush was fired upon him. Four bullets took effect in his body. The crew in the meantime, aided by passengers, were at work extricating the men buried in the wrecked cars, and feared to go to the baggage car rescue. He, however, crawled, bleeding and wounded, back to the train and now lies dying.

In the mail car was Lou Morris, the agent, badly bruised and with several bones broken. His first thought was of his mail, and he requested the reporter to go by the postoffice and notify them he had a big run of registered mail. H. Hutton, the express messenger, was found in his car with his ribs broken and in a critical condition. J. W. Carter, baggage master, was injured about the head and internally.

A relief train was made up here and sent to the scene. The wounded were brought in and taken to the hospital. Posses are on the scene and great excitement prevails.

Newspaper Row in Frisco.
CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—A special from San Francisco says the San Francisco newspaper men met at the Press club last evening to take action in regard to the editorial in Wednesday's Chronicle which reflected upon the writers for the press. The press club adopted a resolution to the effect that M. H. DeYoung, proprietor of the Chronicle, and director general of the Midwinter fair, should show cause why he should not be expelled, and the newspaper men independent of the club adopted a resolution to the effect that they will not participate in press day at the fair unless ample apology be made.

The Kaiser's Comment.
BERLIN, Feb. 9.—The Friesenische Zeitung, edited by Eugene Richter, the radical leader, said that Emperor William spoke thus to Herr Levitzow at Chancellor Von Capri's dinner party: "I am far from desiring to influence anybody's conviction in this matter, but just consider how the czar would look upon the rejection of the treaty. He would be unable to understand how men who frequent my court and wear my uniform could vote against me on a measure of such far-reaching importance."

Robbed of Diamonds.
NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—A diamond robbery on a large scale was reported at the central station yesterday. J. Kahn, a pawnbroker, was robbed of a pair of earrings, which were stolen from his hat at 128 East Ninety-sixth street. The robbery was committed in broad daylight on Wednesday. So far no clue has been obtained to the burglars. The police are at work on the case.

Look Here!
When you want household goods moved, packed for shipping or storage, or your safe moved at about half price, call on the Duluth Van company, office, 206 West Superior street. Trucks to any part of city, 25c.

STRICKEN DEAD

TRUSTWORTHY STATEMENTS.

A recent New York dispatch reads: "Anna C. H. — a fine looking and apparently healthy man, was observed staggering while walking on Fifth Avenue this afternoon, and after taking one or two uncertain steps fell to the sidewalk. When picked up he was dead. A physician examined the body and pronounced heart disease the cause of death. A peculiar and feature of the case is that Mr. H. — was on his way to Maine, to settle in the home of his son. He had passed the previous ten years in the western mining country, and had amassed a fortune. IF YOU have any of the symptoms given in the following testimonials, you should lose no time in seeking relief."

From John L. Roberts, Stoughton, Pa.: "I have suffered with palpitation, irregular pulse, fainting and smothering spells, pain in shoulders, sides and arms for over forty years. The twelve years have been treated without avail by prominent physicians in my neighborhood and in New York. Growing constantly worse, smothering spells followed one another, so my life was often in danger and I needed constant care. As my son had been cured by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, he sent me three bottles. The first dose gave me instant relief. Before using the last bottle I was completely cured. Although seventy-five years old I feel twenty years younger."

Here is a letter from Mrs. John Kolges, of Cleveland, O.: "I had been troubled with my heart and stomach for years, but for sixteen months had been confined to my bed. I had four of the best doctors in the city, but none of them could benefit the weakness of my heart. I also had dropsy and rheumatism. I never took medicine that relieved me at once as Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure does. I am much stronger. My appetite is splendid. I gain strength with every dose. It has gained more in six weeks from your treatment than in sixteen months from all the doctors."

"Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure for the Heart is sold on a positive guarantee by all druggists. It is safe, effective, agreeable, and does cure." Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

NO STRIKE NOW LIKELY.

Trouble on the Northern Pacific Will Probably Be Averted.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—A special to the Tribune from Milwaukee says: A strike on the Northern Pacific railway is likely to be averted as a result of the conference held here yesterday between the officials of the company and the leaders of the several railway organizations. The suggestions for a readjustment of wages will be answered by the officials today.

"There is no probability of any friction between the men and the company," said Henry C. Payne, one of the receivers, last night. "The difference between us are trifling. Some of their suggestions with regard to certain rules and regulations governing the new schedule they conceded, after some discussion, were not practicable, others they admitted might be modified. They conceded, too, that the financial condition of the Northern Pacific necessitated some reduction in wages, but they thought the new schedule might be more fairly adjusted to the several classes. So far as demanding again the old scale of wages, there was nothing of that kind, as they fully recognized the situation."

The officials of the railway organizations do not consider Judge Jenkins' order as binding. One of the leaders said: "If the order of the court is meant in its literal sense we have no particular respect for it. If the court means that the employees cannot meet to discuss the situation, we are violating the order almost every day, because we do meet and discuss it. Outside of the state of Wisconsin, Judge Jenkins' order is not considered binding in any sense, and other judges have refused to enter similar orders."

WHERE THE KEARSARGE SANK.

The Roncador Reef on Which It Struck Is Described.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—D. McNeely, Stauffer, of the Engineering News, who was on board the Aguan with Sen-ator Warner Miller and the party, which in 1891, left New York on a tour of inspection of the route of the Nicaragua canal, gives the following description of the Roncador reef on which the Aguan was wrecked on March 25 last year, and on which the Kearsarge is now reported as having been wrecked.

"Roncador reef is about 45 north and about 80 west longitude and is called an atol or coral reef. It is about nine miles long and four miles wide. The edge of the reef is simply a range of jagged coral rock, with a lagoon of shallow water inside. Outside it pitches down very suddenly, and there is water fully 300 feet deep within a mile of it. The inside of the reef is the abode of turtles and it is from these reefs that many of the turtle shells sold here come."

"At the extreme western end is a little coral island about 800 feet long by 600 wide. The only vegetation on this reef is a sparse amount of turtle grass, and the only life to be found are myriads of booby birds and frigate birds, which go there to hatch their young."

"What makes this reef peculiarly dangerous for vessels is the fact that the northwest trade winds sweep in its direction. In addition to this there is also very powerful current running around the island towards the west end of it. These two forces combined, with a powerful suction draw, an unwary ship to the reef and to destruction. The Spanish name Roncador means in English 'snorer' which name has been given to the reef because of the sound of the surf as it rose up against the rock in a heavy sea."

A BENTON COUNTY MURDER.

Joseph B. Stanley Shot Dead by August Johns and His Son Wounded.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Feb. 9.—Yesterday afternoon August Johns shot and killed Joseph B. Stanley, an old and prosperous resident of Benton county and fatherly wounded his son. The tragedy grew out of a private logging road which Johns had been given the privilege of using on condition of turning out for other teams.

The sheriff arrested Johns at a o'clock at the home of his father-in-law at Mey-hew lake. Johns claims he fired in self defense. He says he had not agreed to turn out for other teams, and when he refused he was attacked with clubs. Stanley came at him revolver in hand and they exchanged shots. He shot at Stanley again and ran. He ran into the brush and was followed by another man at whom he shot. He did not know he had killed anybody until he was arrested.

RECEIVED FROM THE BISHOP.

A Victory for the Defense in the Bonacum Trial at Lincoln.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 9.—Thomas Morgan, the Palmyra editor, for whom a constable was sent, was the first witness in the Bonacum trial yesterday. Morgan is a Catholic and at the request of Bishop Bonacum, it is claimed, published in his paper the notice of Father Corbett's suspension, which the prosecution claims constituted the libel.

Morgan testified that he received the notice in the bishop's handwriting with the request that he circulate it throughout the parish. The prosecution offered one of these notices in evidence, but the defense objected and the objection was sustained. The defense counts on this as a signal victory. Father Corbett was recalled and attempted to show that the bishop was actuated by malice. Objection was made and sustained.

A Black Bruise.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Feb. 9.—A negro named Thomas Wright was brought in twenty miles from Lincoln county at midnight and jailed on the charge of rape upon a young girl but 14 years old. The find's victim is in a precarious condition and the officers were compelled to take the prisoner out of the county in order to prevent the people meeting out justice with a rope.

English Tribute to Kearsarge.
LONDON, Feb. 9.—The Daily News says: "The Kearsarge deserved an honored place on the retired list of the navy, having had claims to national gratitude only second to those of the Constitution. Her crew had a nobler idea of fight than had the medley of mercenaries who crowded the Alabama."

Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured many afflicted with rheumatism, and we urge all who suffer from this disease to give this medicine a trial.

THE DUTIES ON WOOL.

Memorial of the National Wool Growers' Association Against Making Any Reduction of the Duties.

Represent One Million Owners of Flocks With an Invested Capital of Five Hundred Millions.

The Wrong Done by Free Wool Would Be Disastrous to All the Agricultural Industries.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The memorial of the National Wool Growers' association asking that no reduction of duties be made in wool or woolen goods was laid before the senate yesterday by Mr. Sherman and was ordered to be printed as a document. It is exceedingly voluminous. The memorial recites that the association assembled in Washington to present the senate finance committee arguments in opposition to put wool on the free list and to reduce the duties on woolen goods.

The request of the association was presented on Feb. 6, to the chairman of the finance committee, and was declined. The memorial states with the information that written communications would be duly considered. An oral discussion was greatly desired to give wool growers an opportunity to meet questions that might be propounded, but that being denied the association submits the memorial.

They say they represent more than 1,000,000 flock masters owning about 45,000,000 sheep with an invested capital of the aggregate value under normal conditions of \$200,000,000, expending annually for labor \$85,000,000 besides their own services with an annual product in wool, etc., of more than \$1,000,000,000, exceeding by more than \$25,000,000 the total product of our mines of gold and silver in the year 1892.

They say that the investments made in and for sheep husbandry were invited by and never would have been made but for the acts of congress of March 2, 1857, March 3, 1858, and Oct. 1, 1890, all giving protective duties on wool, intended to secure fair prices. Under them sheep increased from 28,477,951 in 1870 to 47,753,553 in January, 1893, and the wool product from 15,102,387 pounds to 264,156,666 pounds. With continued adequate protection for five years our American sheep would reach over 100,000,000 producing 600,000,000 pounds of wool, thus supplying all of every kind needed for consumption in the United States besides furnishing an abundant supply of mutton. Then our republic would be independent of all the world for these indispensable articles. In view of these considerations the memorial presents the following propositions:

1. Without protection duties for wool sheep husbandry in the United States will soon be substantially destroyed.
2. The substantial destruction, by free wool, of American sheep husbandry would be grievous wrong to all engaged in that industry. To put wool on the free list would be an exercise of power by congress resulting in bad faith to those whose capital has been invested in sheep husbandry.
3. The wrong done by free wool will not be alone to woolgrowers. It would be disastrous to all agricultural industries. The destruction of flocks of sheep will withdraw the demand they now make for pasture, hay, corn and oats.

4. The importation of foreign wool, which in effect, be an importation of those things that go to make the wool thus importing those things into a country where there is already an overproduction.
5. Free wool would be ruinous to all other industries and useful employments. Nearly one-fifth of the population is engaged in agricultural pursuits. The destruction of the wool industry would impair their ability to improve farms, to erect buildings, to patronize merchants, groceries, schools, colleges and churches.

6. Free wool would impair the ability of the government to maintain in this country a sufficient amount of gold to supply the demands and to avoid panics. The destruction of the wool industry will cause an annual drain of gold from this country to pay for foreign wools of \$20,000,000 or more. If no foreign wool had been imported during the last ten years there would have been no panic.

7. Sheep husbandry and its allied industry of wool manufacturing have stronger claims to protection than any other American industry. It is the only absolutely national industry reaching into every state and territory; its magnitude is greater, its products cannot be controlled by foreign nations; it gives greater compensation for the alleged burden of taxation than any other industry and its crowning glory is that it appeals to patriotism for protection as a means of adding to national wealth; it utilizes untold millions of acres of land which would otherwise be of little or no value.

Appended to the memorial is an argument of William Lawrence, president of the National Woolgrowers' association, in favor of adequate protection which is replete with statistics and data of all sorts bearing upon the wool question. There are also voluminous tables showing the wool production, prices paid, etc. Also a memorial from the Indiana Sheep Breeders and Woolgrowers' associations of Indiana, of Idaho, of California, of Oregon and a long chapter on protection in the colonies.

Dwiggins Surrendered.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—The Herald says: Zimri Dwiggins eluded the officers who came to Chicago from Benton county, Ind., with requisition papers for his arrest. He took the evening train on the "Big Four" road for Fowler, Ind., where he surrendered himself to the sheriff. He immediately gave bond for his appearance in court to answer each indictment found against him and was released from custody.

Will Not Be Coerced.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—The czar Zeitung today in an editorial on the Russian German commercial treaty says that the German people will not allow themselves to be intimidated by Russian influence. It adds that if Russia wants to gain a treaty by force of arms she can venture at her own risk. The German nation will not be dictated to by Slavish arrogance.

THE WRECK OF THE KEARSARGE.

Details of the Foundering of the Historical Old Vessel.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—A special cable to the Herald from Colon gives the following particulars of the wrecking of the warship Kearsarge: The Kearsarge was wrecked on Roncador reef at 7 o'clock last Friday evening, Feb. 2. The Kearsarge was under both sail and steam at the time and was going about ten knots when she struck.

A heavy sea was raging, and as the character of the cave in these waters was well known to the Kearsarge's officials, it was evident that safety lay in forcing her as far up on the reef as possible before she began to break up. Accordingly she was at once lightened by heaving her guns overboard. One of the first to go over was one of her splendid old 11-inch after-pivots, the gun that did such terrible execution on the Alabama in their famous fight in 1864.

Next the masts were cut away, not only to lighten her, but also provide material for constructing rafts. It would have been madness to attempt to make a landing in such a sea in the intense darkness of a tropical night, and therefore there was nothing to be done but to wait until morning. A terrible night was passed, the waves pounding heavily over the stern and weather side as she swung more and more broadside on.

On Saturday morning, Feb. 3, a line was got ashore, and all hands were finally landed safe on the cay. Owing to the manner in which the waves had swept the decks and filled the holds, only a little fresh water and a small quantity of provisions could be saved. Three boats were got ashore but little injured.

As there is almost no water on the reef and about 200 men were camped there with a trifling supply, one of the boats was immediately put in order to go to Old Providence for relief. Lieut. F. R. Brainerd, Stitt, to the United States, was a picked crew of volunteers, left the bay. On reaching Old Providence and finding nothing there capable of taking off the shipwrecked crew, they went on to Colon for assistance. When they left Roncador bay the Kearsarge was breaking up fast.

AN INSULT TO EVERY MAN.

President Debs. of the Railway Union, Discusses the Union Pacific Order.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 9.—Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway union, arrived in Omaha yesterday afternoon over the Missouri Pacific railway. Mr. Debs, in speaking of the court order, said:

"I consider the order to restrain from damaging the company's property as an insult to every man in its employ as it tells them not to break the laws. They might as well be ordered not to commit murder or burglary. It would have been better to wait until the men had shown a disposition to destroy something. As the head of the American Railroad union, I propose to counsel, advise and confer with the members regardless of the court order. I will never advise the men to do wrong but will advise them to see that justice is done them."

Will Roseberry Resign?
PARIS, Feb. 9.—The Eclair says that Lord Roseberry, British foreign minister, twice recently offered to resign. It adds that his resignation is held in abeyance only till Mr. Gladstone's return to England. According to the Eclair, Lord Roseberry differs with Mr. Gladstone on British foreign policy and on the agitation against the house of lords.

Minnesota Pensions.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The following pensions were granted today: Rachel C. Hutchins, Minneapolis; Catharine Kelly, Adrian; Emily McCann, Anoka; Samuel Avery, Pipestone; Lyman F. Postle, Enna; Lillie Parmelee, Waseca; Alvina Jabuke, Hector; Helen F. Briggs, Fairbault.

Silver Still Falling.
LONDON, Feb. 9.—There was another decline in the price of bar silver today. Yesterday the price was 29½d per ounce. This afternoon the quotation was 29½d. The tone of the market was flat. For the past three days the price of silver has reached the lowest points ever known.

Bondsmen Held Responsible.
CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—A special to the Tribune from Little Rock, Ark., says: Chancellor Carroll rendered a decision yesterday in the celebrated suit of the state against ex-State Treasurer Woodruff's bondsmen. It found that the bondsmen on his fourth and fifth bonds are responsible to the state for the balance of the shortage, amounting to \$43,857.

McDonald Surrendered.
CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—A special to the Herald from Columbus, Ohio, says: The bondsmen of ex-State Shop Inspector McDonald, who is under indictment on 121 counts for embezzling state money, surrendered him to the sheriff yesterday and he was locked up, unable to secure another bond. McDonald's trial is set for this term of court.

Railroad Men to Strike.
CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—A special from Bellaire, Ohio, says: The Bellaire, Zanesville & Cincinnati railroad notified employees of a 10 per cent reduction in wages beginning Feb. 15. The road is 12 miles long and employs 200 men. The men will strike against the reduction.

Will Probably Be Murdered.
SPOKANE, Wash., Feb. 9.—The sheriff has arrested Stephen Denison, John Lumbay and William Lumbay whom he believes attempted to murder and rob John Lipstoe Tuesday night. During a lucid interval today Lipstoe identified the men as his assailants. It is expected that he will die and a charge of murder will be filed.

New Trial Denied.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 9.—Judge Bellinger, of the United States district court, yesterday denied the motion of William Dunbar, convicted of smuggling opium, for a new trial. He will be sentenced next Tuesday. Dunbar is one of the big smugglers in the line of which the notorious Nat Blum was a member.

Special prices on house work at the Acme laundry, 117 West First. Tel. 515.

\$5,000,000 worth of California fruit was sold East this year. If you want to know where raised, and how to travel cheaply and comfortably, address CALIFORNIA BUREAU OF INFORMATION, Room 1138 Guaranty Loan Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

Better Than a Game of Chance!



Buy a cheap lot or acre tract on almost your own terms of payment and build yourself a comfortable house while labor and material is low in price. We have the sale of a large number of lots in the manufacturing district of West Duluth and in the beautiful residence district traversed by the motor line, as well as fine acre tracts near the city, which we can sell on monthly payments.

R. R. MACFARLANE & CO.

Room 34, Exchange Building.

DR. L. A. FAULKNER

King of Specialists.

Treats successfully all forms of Blood, Nervous and Urinary diseases. DESTRUCTIVE DEBILITY, with its many gloomy symptoms, cured. LOST VITALITY perfectly and permanently restored.

BLOOD POISON cured for life without mercury. CHRONIC DISEASES cured quickly and thoroughly. CONSULTATION FREE. Office Room 4, Over 19 East Superior Street.

ORDER FOR HEARING GUARDIAN'S ACCOUNT. STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss. COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 7th, 1894. In the matter of the guardianship of Thomas Walter Wright and Victoria Elizabeth Wright, minors. Upon filing the final account of guardianship, to be held in and for said county of St. Louis on Saturday the third day of March, A. D. 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the probate office in the Court house in Duluth in said county.

It is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks next, to said day of hearing in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth the seventh day of February, A. D. 1894.

By the court, PHINEAS AYER, Judge of Probate.

[Seal.] Feb. 9-16-23.

PUSH

GETS THE BUSINESS.

THE HERALD

IS THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN DULUTH.

IT PAYS!

To give the People an invitation to trade with you! The best way is to advertise in THE HERALD.

IT PAYS!

IT HAS HELPED OTHERS!

IT WILL HELP YOU!

Men with enterprise and grit in their make-up, make money in such times as the present.

Seeing that the panic has passed, they without delay use every means to advertise their business.

They sell goods while the scared fellows keep quiet and wonder when the shower will be over.

The gritty men get the business—the timid ones the blues.

LADIES

Can Secure Competent Servants by Advertising in the

HERALD WANT COLUMNS

Do You Need A Pair Of Rubbers?

We can save you money—having bought a large lot of Men's, Women's and Children's Rubbers cheap. We are selling them cheaper than anyone. This is the time to save. Take advantage of this opportunity.

Always Get Our Prices Before You Buy Your SHOES!

Phillips & Co.

218 West Superior St.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, Dentist, top floor Palladio. No flour equals Gills' Best. Smoke Endian cigar. W. A. Foote & Co. Imperial Flour the best in the world.

Mortgage loans and commercial paper wanted. C. H. Clague, 218 W. Sup. St. Births as follows have been reported to the board of health: Joseph and Mary Goodland, West Duluth, a son; Julius and Margaretta Dworschak, 506 East Superior street, a daughter; S. and Rosie Friedman, 20 East Second street, a son; J. C. and Mary E. Charest, West Duluth, a son.

The death of Carrie Zimmerman, aged 4 years, at 821 Park Point, has been reported to the board of health. Kenneth Johnson, a native of Finland, took out first citizenship papers this morning.

Yesterday R. Crombie became a regular citizen of the United States, receiving his second papers.

O. H. Clark, of Winona, who has decided to remove to Duluth, will be associated with H. D. Pennington in the insurance business, the firm being known as Pearson & Clark. He will arrive here May 1.

Seventeen local charitable societies in Duluth are now in active co-operation with the Associated Charities. Each one of these organizations sends to the central office a description of the party aided and thus more and more will the useless duplication of help be prevented.

Albion Lodge, No. 203, will give a musical and literary entertainment on Monday evening in the new lodge rooms, K. of P. hall, Parsons block, 18 West Superior street.

The Young People's society, of the First Presbyterian church, will entertain their friends tonight at a social in the church parlors.

A daughter was born last evening to Mr. and Mrs. Julius Dworschak, of East Superior street.

Dr. Robert Forbes, of West Duluth, will exchange pulpits with Rev. F. C. Southworth on Sunday morning next and will preach at the Unitarian church at 10:15 a. m., Rev. Mr. Southworth preaching at West Duluth.

A daughter was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Fargiere. Some persons, supposedly West Superior people are stealing sand off Minnesota Point again. This trouble occurs nearly every winter. A watch was placed there last night but nobody was captured.

Curling Point Contest. Today and tomorrow there will be a point contest at the Glen Avon rink, and twenty-five curlers are entered. A prize of a pair of fine curling stones will go to the winner. The contest commences this evening and will be in progress, this evening, and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

No More Smallpox. The wild, woolly rumors that three cases of smallpox have further developed are false. At present those who are losing sleep and rending their garments in terror lest the dread contagion visit them, might be in a more sensible business, anyhow that's the way it looks to a man up a tree.

Buffalo Bill's Offer. To the boy or girl securing the biggest number of yearly subscribers to the Duluth Press between now and July 4, 1894. Get the paper and read about it.

Sixty cents a month will have The Herald delivered every night at your home.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—WORLD'S FAIR

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

HAS SOLD HIS STOCK.

H. C. Kendall, Who Organized the Duluth Telephone Company, Disposes of His Interest in the Concern.

It is Said to Have Gone to Chicago Parties, Possibly the Bell-Edison Telephone People.

Thirty-Two Thousand Dollars Said to Have Been Paid for It—Cost Him Very Little.

H. C. Kendall has sold his interest in the Duluth Telephone company, but for the present will not say to whom he has sold it. It is understood, however, that it went to Chicago people, and it is thought probable, to the Bell-Edison telephone people. They already own of the stock of the company, which is \$100,000, one third or \$33,333.33. The remaining \$66,666.66 was equally divided between H. C. Kendall, C. H. Graves and W. Van Brunt, each therefore owning \$22,222.22. If Mr. Kendall has sold his share to the Bell-Edison people it will be seen that they have a controlling interest.

H. C. Kendall organized the Duluth Telephone company in 1880 and is still president. When he conceived the idea he went to Messrs. Graves and Van Brunt and interested them. It is said that none of the three was ever required to invest a cent in the property. Mr. Kendall hustled around and secured twenty-five subscribers at \$50 per year, which gave him enough to pay running expenses. He then secured credit for the wire, poles and apparatus, and ever since the company has been self-sustaining. Not only does it own the rights for Duluth but also for Superior and therefore owns some valuable franchises.

The amount which Mr. Kendall received for this \$22,222.22 of stock is said to be \$32,000. Some of "Zeke's" friends remark that he may be getting in shape for another congressional canvass.

INTERESTING PHOTOGRAPHS.

Great Northern Office Has Received Several Showing Parts of the New Steamer.

The Great Northern office in this city has received several large photographs of the Northwest, the new Great Northern passenger steamer, showing some of its most interesting parts. There are two pictures of the vessel itself as it appeared just before the launching. Another photograph gives a view of the spar deck and shows that it is well along toward completion. The cabins on this deck are constructed and the finishing touches appear to be nearly completed. A representation of the huge stern brackets for holding the propeller shafts is given in another photograph. The view is taken from the port side and shows the big casting of that side as it is attached to the hull of the vessel. This part of the work is in itself ponderous.

The boilers are of the Belleville type and a photograph of one of them shows that they are almost square in shape, looking much like big iron boxes. The last picture is an air view of the quadruple expansion engines. There are two of them, one for each propeller.

The whole series of pictures is displayed in the window of the Great Northern office and shows that the great lakes will soon have two steam passenger vessels as complete in their appointments and equipments as any ocean going steamships.

CERTIFICATES NECESSARY.

Teachers Cannot Collect Salary Without Them.

The department of public instruction gives the following decision on the matter of state certificates for teachers, as the question has come up recently as to whether a teacher could legally collect his salary if he held no such certificate.

"The failure of the proper authorities to issue certificates of qualification to persons employed as teachers sometimes works a hardship to such persons which is to be deplored. The law, however, is explicit, and the conclusions given below, which I have reached after consultation with Attorney General H. W. Childs on this particular case, have been established by rulings of other attorney generals."

"First—No board of education has a legal right to employ a teacher not possessed of a certificate of qualification."

"Second—A verbal statement of a certifying authority that a person is entitled to or that he will have or that he has a certificate, is not valid as a certificate of qualification."

"Third—A certificate cannot legally be dated back of the date on which it is actually issued."

"Fourth—The members of a board of education, however, could be held liable for payment that has been made to a teacher not holding a certificate of qualification."

The News Gets It.

In the Itasca county newspaper fight Judge Ensign settled the case this morning by refusing the motion to grant an injunction, thus leaving the county printing where it was, in the hands of the La Prairie News.

You can rent your rooms, or houses quickly through The Herald want columns.



CASH IS THE POWER

The present century never chronicled a combination of circumstances so fragrant with opportunities as we now offer to those with a little ready cash.

TOMORROW, SATURDAY,
A Great Day for Parents.

Bring the Boys!
Boys' Suits, 1/2 Price
Boys' Overcoats, 1/2 Price

REMEMBER, FATHERS AND MOTHERS

In this sale we include every Suit or Overcoat in our mammoth stock. You have a complete assortment of the grandest and most elegant lines of Boys' and Children's Clothing that is shown in the West.

You'll find STYLE, DURABILITY AND ELEGANCE, and all at

50c on the Dollar.

To be just to yourselves, can you let such an opportunity pass?

Men's Overcoats 1/2 PRICE!
And Ulsters ... 1/2 PRICE!

M. S. BURROWS & CO.
17 East Superior St.
DULUTH, MINN.

TEMPLE OPERA HOUSE.
J. T. Condon, Lessee and Mgr.
One Night, Saturday, Feb. 10!
A Production Celebrated Throughout the Entire English Speaking World.

Morrison's Faust.
A Great Act, including MISS ROSADEL MORRISON as Margaret.

Seats on sale Friday Morning.
Prices—35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.

If you wish to drink a choice Glass of Lager call for

Fitzger's Beer.
Wholesome, Palatable and Non-Intoxicating

PERSONAL.
W. R. Armstrong, of Xenia, Ohio, is in the city today.

James Johnston, of New Richmond, Wis., is at the Spalding.

Judge Powell is steadily improving in health according to the latest advices.

Miss Jennie Grady leaves today for a visit to Baltimore and Georgia.

George C. Squires, of the Duluth Gas and Water company, arrived in the city this morning. He is at the Spalding.

W. J. Johnston, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

Western Passenger Agent Vanderpool, of the New York Central & Hudson River railroad, arrived in the city last evening.

H. L. Buck, of Winona, is in the city. J. T. Thurman, of Minneapolis, general agent of the Manhattan Life Insurance company, is in the city today.

Harry S. Curdick, of Cairo, Ill., is at the Spalding today.

Mrs. Thomas Nolan and children and Miss Kate Nolan left on the Omaha train last evening for Cayuga, Ont. Mrs. Nolan's former home.

Mrs. F. G. Pettibone, wife of Chief Clerk Pettibone, of the Northern Pacific, goes to the East tonight.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by J. C. Hall & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer \$10 for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: J. C. Hall & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

California's green fruit crop sent east of the 1892 crop brought \$5,000,000. If you want to know how to raise fruit there, address: CALIFORNIA BUREAU OF INFORMATION, Room 1138 Guaranty Loan building, Minneapolis, Minn.

The Herald in Minneapolis. West Hotel Newstand.

SIMON CLARK

Grocery Co.

Cash Grocers.
17 East Superior Street.

Specialties for Saturday's Trade.

Sweet Florida Oranges from 20c to 35c per doz.

Fancy ripe Bananas 25c per doz.

Best quality Messina Lemons 25c per doz.

Canadian Northern Spy Apples very choice 85c per peck.

Our Green Vegetables at lowest prices, including Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Spinach, Parsley, Mint, Celery, Radish, Pie Plant, Cauliflower and Water Cress.

Our groceries are all fresh; our stock complete; our prices the lowest. We quote only a few items.

Burbank Potatoes, best quality, 50c per bu.

Pale Olive Laundry Soap 12 bars 25c.

Dairy Butter, a large selection, from 18c to 23c per lb.

Creamery Butter, a large selection, from 24c to 28c per lb.

Large line of Canned Corn and Tomatoes 10c per can.

Large line of California Canned Fruit 18c per can.

Patras Currants 6 lbs 25c.

Muscadel Raisins 4 lbs 25c.

Evaporated Pears 2 lbs 25c.

Rolls Oats 3 packets 25c.

Solid Heads Cabbage 3c per lb.

S. GELHAAR
DULUTH'S PRACTICAL FURRIER.
Established 1887. Makes and repairs all kinds of FUR GARMENTS. Seal skin Sacque reduced and re-lined to the original. PLUS: COATS STAINED.
209-211 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

TEMPLE OPERA HOUSE.
Tonight Last Time.
FANNY DAVENPORT.
Supported by Melbourne Macdowell, in "CLEOPATRA."

TEMPLE OPERA HOUSE.
J. T. Condon, Lessee and Manager.
ONE PRODUCTION ONLY.
Monday, Feb. 12, 1894.
Second Production Here, De Milla's Powerful Comedy Drama
THE LOST PARADISE.
A Thrilling Tale of Love and Labor.
200 Nights in New York. 200 in Boston. 100 in Chicago. The great east and startling scenic pictures. The wonderful four dry and moving machinery.
Direction of CHARLES FROHMAN.
No Advance in Prices.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.
GOOD GIRL OF 18 WILL WORK CHEAP IN private family. Address E. B. Herald.

RESTORED MANHOOD
DR. MOTT'S KIDNEY PILLS
The greatest remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Falling of the Testicles, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Control Errors, Mental Weakness, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and insanity. With every \$2.00 order we give a written guarantee to cure or return the money. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Imperial Flour.
READ what the leading Commercial paper of America recently had to say about Duluth flour:

"Flour was dull and unsettled on spring patents, as the Duluth mills are making the market for Minneapolis not only, but getting the trade, as they are able at that point to get better wheat than Minneapolis at less cost, while not making such a large percentage of patents as Minneapolis and hence a better and stronger flour, which is taking the place of the Minneapolis brands of older reputation at less prices." (N. Y. Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin.)

Your Grocer Sells It.

"A Penny Saved is Two Earned."

DULUTH CASH GROCERY,

Metropolitan Block,
113 West Superior Street.

OUR PRICES ARE MADE FOR THE TIMES. INVESTIGATE US.

Now is the proper time to find what goods are worth and the place to buy them.

Our sacrifices of 33 1/3 per cent on Table Delicacies still continue.

Shrewsbury's Catsup, formerly 30c... now 22c

Crosse & Blackwell's Gherkins and Mixed Pickles, qts, formerly 65c... now 53c

Shrewsbury's Sweet Pickles, pts, formerly 35c... now 25c

Imported Vermicelli and Spaghetti, 10 1-lb packages, formerly \$1.50... now \$1

Pearline, 10 1-lb packages, formerly 15c per pk, now \$1

1-lb can Snow Flake Baking Powder, formerly 45c... now 34c

10-lb sack Table Salt, formerly 15c... now 8c

5-lb sack Table Salt, formerly 10c... now 4c

3-lb sack Table Salt, formerly 5c... now 2c

Choice Smoked Shoulders, 9c

15 lbs Holland Herring, large and fat... \$1

Strictly Fresh Eggs, received daily... 18c PER DOZEN

A FULL LINE OF GOODS FOR THE LENTEN SEASON.

BUTTER!
Received direct from the country and creamery and our prices the lowest. Packed in small packages for family trade.

TEAS!

COFFEES!
Our shipments are made direct. We invite examination and a trial.

Prices Reduced From 10 to 15 Per Cent.

For a delicious drink, try our "Lalla Rookh" India Tea.

50c Per Pound Package.

We guarantee satisfaction and make prompt deliveries. We deliver to

Lakeside and Lester Park—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Woodland—Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Duluth Heights—Friday.

Please inspect our stock and leave us your orders.

Telephone 75.

Duluth Cash Grocery

Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

FREIMUTH'S

TOMORROW, SATURDAY!

SPECIAL SALE OF KID GLOVES

68c

An assorted lot of dressed and undressed Kid Gloves, are very neat, all sizes, that have been selling from \$1 to \$1.50, go tomorrow at 68c.

98c

All our \$1.25 Fette Kid Gloves in glaze and suede, black and colors, for tomorrow only 98c.

Every pair fitted and guaranteed just the same as if you paid \$1.25, the price will be only 98c.

\$1.17

Genuine Fester 5-hook French Kid Suede, regular price \$1.50, for tomorrow only \$1.17.

\$1.17

All our \$1.50 Suede Mousquetaire 8-button length, go tomorrow as \$1.17.

\$1.29

Genuine Mocha Ladies' Walking Gloves in gray, tan, navy, red, green and black, sold at \$1.50 and \$1.75, go tomorrow at \$1.29.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR—

Ladies' Cashmere and Flannel Waists

TOMORROW.

\$1.35

Ladies' Flannel and Cashmere Waists, worth \$1.75 and \$2.00, tomorrow only \$1.35.

\$1.78

Ladies' Flannel Waists, regular price \$2.38, go tomorrow at \$1.78.

\$1.98

Ladies' Flannel Waists, regular price \$2.65, go tomorrow at \$1.98.

\$2.35

Ladies' Flannel Waists, regular price \$3.00, tomorrow only \$2.35.

\$2.98

Ladies' Flannel Waists, regular price \$3.75, tomorrow only \$2.98.

Handkerchiefs.

10c

Ladies' all linen fancy border Handkerchiefs, worth \$1.80, tomorrow only 10c.

Muslin Underwear.

Is selling fast at our low prices.

39c

Ladies' Night Gowns only 39c, would be cheap at 65c.

75c

Ladies' Night Gowns at 75c, always sold at \$1.00.

98c

Ladies' Night Gowns cheap at \$1.25 go now at 98c.

\$1.28

Ladies' Night Gowns, cheap at \$1.75, going now at \$1.28.

Cambrie Corset Covers at 19c, 25c, 48c, 75c, worth double.

Hardware Department

SECOND FLOOR.

23c each for choice No. 8 or No. 9 Cake Griddle.

3c package Hardwood Toothpicks, 2 packages for 5c.

9 rolls or packages Toilet Paper for 25c.

1c each for 4 or 5 inch stove wicks.

New Spring Embroideries Selling Fast Now.

I. FREIMUTH

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1894.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

Buyers of Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Shades, Crockery, Stoves, Lamps And House Furnishings

You will find that our mammoth new store can supply your wants as no other can. While the hard times have forced many other dealers to allow their stocks to run very low, we have kept ours up to the needs of a rapidly growing place like Duluth.

Manufacturers and Jobbers have been hard up during the winter and we have turned over to them our cash, and have received in return values as we never got before.

These Goods Are Now Being Displayed

On our floors at Prices proportionate to those at which we bought them, and if you are a shrewd buyer must interest you.

Credit to Everybody!

Our Easy Payment Plan

Commands the respect and attention of all. It enables people in every circumstance of life to completely, comfortably furnish a home, and pay for the furnishings in small weekly or monthly remittances which are no drain upon their finances, and leads to the possession and enjoyment of comforts they would not otherwise obtain.
FAIR, SQUARE AND EQUITABLE.

Smith,
Farwell &
Steele Co.,
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS,
226 and 228
West Superior Street,
DULUTH, MINN.

FEBRUARY MAGAZINES

ALL THE DAILY AND WEEKLY PAPERS.

Only Complete Stock of Office Supplies in the City.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,
323 West Superior Street.



The chief diet of all civilized nations consists of bread. On that article of food they can subsist longer than on any other. It is of primary importance that the flour used in your bread should be of the best. If you use you get the best flour in the world, as it makes BETTER and more wholesome bread than any other. Tell your Grocer you will take no substitute.
T. B. HAWKES & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Three 16x40 Otis Steel Rollers.
Three 16x40 Otis Steel Rollers.
One 50 horse-power Rice Automatic Cut Off Engine.
One 140 horse-power Hussey Engine.
One 40 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
One 80 horse-power Westinghouse Engine.
All in first-class condition.
Also the old power house building of the Hartman General Electric Co., at the foot of Fifth avenue east, on lake front, and a miscellaneous lot of Tipping and Steam Fittings, Pumps, shafting, Pulleys, etc.
ENQUIRER

HARTMAN GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY,
ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co.
(LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1888.

We Are

Selling gentlemen's fine furnishings at the very lowest notch. Ladies' Union Suits made to order. We are agents for Dr. Jagers and Stuttgart All Wool Goods.

CATE & CLARKE,
333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

TO DEEPEN HARBORS.

The River and Harbor Committee of the House Giving Daily Hearings to All Sections.

This Year the Government Engineers Have Made Estimates Which Amount to a Total of \$40,000,000.

The Claims of Duluth and Superior Forbly Presented and They Will Be Cared For.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—[Special to The Herald.]—For several weeks past the river and harbor committee of the house has been giving daily hearings to committee, delegations and individuals interested in various waterway improvements all over the country. Every man who has given his views to the committee has urged the need of large appropriations for his particular locality and the vast benefits which would accrue to his state and to the country at large if the projects he outlines are carried out. Only longed speakers have described the urgent necessity of dredging out ship channels twenty feet deep on rivers and creeks that cannot be found on an ordinary map of the United States.

Engineer officers in charge of the various schemes for improvement of navigation all over the country, although generally conservative in their estimates, have this year piled up a grand total of \$40,000,000 for this work during the next fiscal year. Of course, it is out of the question for the committee in the present straitened condition of the national finances to recommend any such sum as this to the house. It will be surprising indeed if one-half of this sum is appropriated.

Prominent among the candidates for a good share of whatever is set aside for improvement of navigable waters of the country are the cities of Duluth and Superior. Their claims have been well and forcibly presented and it is safe to say that they will be given as much consideration as any other Western cities. Members of the committee from the South who can see nothing good in anything outside of their own section have been forced to acknowledge the great importance of improving the harbor of Duluth. Representative Hagen's statement of a tonnage of the two cities of Duluth and Superior for the past year of over 6,000,000 and his estimate of 10,000,000 tons for this year staggered them. He also pointed out the claims of these two lake cities. At any rate they will be compelled to give the amount required to complete the existing projects.

This recalls the fact that the South has been faring pretty well in the estimates made so far for the past year. Improvements and for sea coast harbors at Charleston, Savannah, Mobile, New Orleans and Jacksonville have all been liberally provided for.

FACTORIES ARE RESUMING.

Work at Racine for Eleven Hundred Men Next Week.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—A special to a morning paper from Racine, Wis., says: The immense factory of the J. I. Case Threshing Machine company, which has been closed for the last five months, throwing 600 men out of employment, will start up with a full force Feb. 12.

The Mitchell & Lewis Wagon factory, employing 500 men, will resume operations Monday.

St. Louis, Feb. 10.—The special to the Post Dispatch from Vandalla, Mo., says: The horribly mangled remains of a man who, from letters, cards, etc., on the body, is supposed to be Jacob Landford of Cedarburg, Wis., were found near the railroad track east of here yesterday. He was well dressed and had a watch, revolver and odd articles upon him. One letter in his pocket was signed by A. McFadden, cashier Citizens' Savings Bank, Chadron, Neb.

Several Men Perished.

ATLANTA, Feb. 10.—At 11 o'clock last night, the lively stables of W. O. Jones, on Forsythe street, covering a square, were discovered to be on fire. Within an hour the entire structure was burned to the ground. The authorities are convinced that several men must have lost their lives. The property destroyed was worth \$100,000.

A Fatal Disease.

SAN ANGELO, TEX., Feb. 10.—Over a dozen deaths are reported to have occurred very suddenly at Sherwood, Iron county, thirty-five miles west of San Angelo, during the last ten days from spotted fever. People apparently well are stricken with the dreaded plague and in less than twenty-four hours are claimed by death.

Work for Four Thousand.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 10.—The Singer Sewing Machine works, which have been closed for the past two weeks because of an accident to the engine, will resume operations on Tuesday next. The company employs nearly 4,000 hands here.

Will Sustain Blount.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—From expressions of credit to Senator Morgan it is thought that he will join Senators Butler and Gray in a majority report on the Hawaiian investigation, and that this report will sustain the report of Commissioner Blount and condemn the action of Minister Stevens.

The Treaty Signed.

BERLIN, Feb. 10.—The Russo-German commercial treaty was finally signed today by the representatives of the two contracting powers.

A BUTTE, MONT., LOTTERY.

Three People Arrested in Chicago For Selling Its Tickets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—Charles Smith, Richard Johnson and Ellen Smith were arrested yesterday charged with maintaining a lottery and selling lottery tickets. More arrests are expected. Charles Smith has charge of the Montana Mining and Loan Investment company and Johnson and Ellen Smith assist him.

The concern is an extensive one with headquarters at Butte, Mont. Branch offices have been established in all the leading cities of the country and hundreds of agents have been employed in selling certificates. The scheme of the company is unique in that its prizes are in loans and not in gifts. On the 20th of each month a drawing is conducted at Butte City. Several prizes, it is claimed, are given at each drawing, which range from a \$5 to a \$10,000 loan.

Paying the Sugar Bounty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—With money in hand, derived from the sale of bonds, the treasury department is beginning to pay some of its deferred obligations. Sugar bounties to the amount of \$1,500,000, having been awaiting payment for some time. Those are now being paid at the rate of \$100,000 a day, the amount paid so far aggregating \$1,500,000. The amount estimated by Commissioner Miller of \$12,000,000 for sugar bounties for this year, it is said will be found too low. The total may reach \$13,000,000, the returns of production are received.

The Revenue Decreased.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 10.—The annual report of State Treasurer Morrison will be issued in a few days. It will show receipts during 1893 of \$13,527,727.89, and expenditures of \$13,597,727.89. The balance in the treasury Dec. 1, 1893, was \$5,830,308.07. On the same date the total interest bearing debt was \$8,152,750. The estimate of the treasury for this year is: Receipts, \$11,805,500, and expenses, \$12,076,700. He calls attention to the falling off in revenues from various sources during the year.

Pardons by the President.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The president has pardoned L. C. Snider and J. C. Oster, convicted in Utah of polygamy and S. A. Loughborough, convicted of violating the postal laws in New York and of the crime of Richard Ratcliffe, convicted in Arkansas of perjury is commuted to one year's imprisonment. In the case of E. E. Kennedy, convicted of falsifying the records of the Omaha National bank, the sentence is commuted to six years and six months.

Letter Carrier Uniforms.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The postmaster general will award the contract for furnishing letter carrier uniforms, bids for which were recently opened at the department, to Fehmer Bros. & Co., of Cincinnati, and Oehm & Co., of Baltimore, who have divided the business between them, the price averaging about \$20 a suit. There were fifteen other bidders.

Paint Works Burned.

COLORADO CITY, Colo., Feb. 10.—The paint works of the Union Pacific, one of the largest of the kind west of the Missouri river, burned yesterday. The machinery and buildings were valued at \$150,000, upon which there was \$20,000 insurance. The owners are J. B. Wheeler, C. M. Rice and A. L. Humphrey.

Three Men Lynched.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10.—A special to the Chronicle from Conway, Ark., states that Henry Bruce, Charley Plunkett and Bob Plunkett were lynched in the Gulf country a few days ago for the murder of an aged couple.

Aged Couple Murdered.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 10.—Henry Sniderly, aged 61, one of the wealthiest and best known farmers of Union county, Tenn., and his wife, aged 79, were murdered in their bed Thursday night by two burglars who effected an entrance to the dwelling by passing through the fence. The bodies were found this morning and were currently reported to be kept in the house.

Embezzler Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 10.—A Denison, Texas, special to the Chronicle says: Sheriff Kunkin of Phelps county, Neb., arrived here yesterday and arrested D. C. Conly who is charged with embezzling \$10,000 while sheriff.

A Congressman's Death.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Congressman George V. Hoar, representing the Third Ohio district, dropped dead from heart disease last evening at 4:30 o'clock while visiting friends at No. 1627 Connecticut avenue.

Lobengula Reported Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 10.—A dispatch from Cape Town to a news agency in this city states that Lobengula, king of the Matabeles, who was defeated and driven toward the Zambezi river by the British South Africa company's forces, is dead.

Planing Mill Destroyed.

CALUMET, Mich., Feb. 10.—The large planing mill and carpenter shop owned by the Calumet and Hecla Mining company was destroyed by fire last night. Loss \$85,000; partially insured.

Expulsion of Anarchists.

BERNE, Feb. 10.—The federal city council has ordered that seven Germans and five Italian anarchists who were concerned in the recent disturbances at Zurich be expelled from Switzerland.

MAY BE A STRIKE NOW

The Northern Pacific Receivers Today Declined to Accede to the Demands of the Employees.

They Would Grant About Half What the Men Wanted, But This Was Not Accepted.

Prospect of a Strike and a Test of Judge Jenkins' Order Seems to Be Fair.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 10.—The representatives of the trainmen met the receivers of the Northern Pacific Railway company again this morning to receive their reply to the proposition of the men made at the first part of the conference yesterday. The receivers' announcement was that they would grant about half what the men wanted. The men did not receive the reply with satisfaction, and the second part of the conference ended at noon rather disagreeably.

The employees are preparing a counter proposition. The conference was broken off in a really unpleasant way, the men having supposed, for what reason does not appear, that their request would be granted. The prospect of a strike and a test of Judge Jenkins' injunction seems to be fair.

MARSHALL'S APPOINTMENT.

Maj. Baldwin Does Not Know Why It Is Held Back.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—[Special to The Herald.]—Representative Baldwin said to The Herald correspondent this afternoon that he did not know why C. J. Marshall had not been made collector at Duluth. The appointment papers, he said, were signed Wednesday and he was told at the treasury department that the appointment would be announced that day. He had heard nothing of the matter since and would not admit that any protests had been received from Duluth against Marshall's appointment.

No protests had been filed against Marshall at the treasury department up to 3 o'clock today.

HENRY WATTERSON.

The Great Editor and Orator to Lecture Tonight on "The Compromises of Life."

Henry Watterson lectures tonight at the First M. E. church and the vast auditorium will be packed. The sale of seats has been enormous, one great reason for this being the moderate fee required.

He will deliver his new lecture, "The Compromises of Life," which will form a compendium of the social and ethical philosophy he has taught so brilliantly and so long both in the columns of the Louisville Courier-Journal and in so many law pulpits and lyceums.

Mr. Watterson has long been a prominent figure in the journal world and political world also, although he has never been an office holder with the exception of one term in congress. As an orator and lecturer he has acquired great fame in recent years.

Like all positive characters, Mr. Watterson is a man who has made enemies. Not intentionally, of course, but inevitably; such enemies as are made in the life of the politician. He did not and does not allow any personal feelings to lead him into anything which would tend to disrupt his party, for, however much one may differ with him in politics, one cannot but admire his steadfastness to his principles. But there came a time a few years ago when he had to make a choice between a man he loved very much, a great Republican, and a man he disliked very much, a great Democrat. He was devoted to James A. Garfield and he was opposed to General Hancock. When the former was nominated, he would not allow anything said in his paper against Garfield, nor was he tumbling over himself to use an undignified but expressive phrase, to help the military man to the White House.

The result is history to the South and North alike. Garfield was not weakened in the South; Hancock was not strengthened. Mr. Watterson was so moulded, he was so entrenched in his own strong will, that it was out of the question for him to support a man whom he did not like and for whom he could not conscientiously say sincere things.

Cold Wave Coming.

At noon the United States bureau received a telegram from the chief observer at Washington ordering up the cold wave signal and stating that the cold wave signal will fall 20 degrees by Sunday morning.

Order Reversed.

The state supreme court yesterday handed down a decision in the case of Arthur L. Parsons, respondent, vs. William McKim, appellant. The order of the district court is reversed.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Keeper of a Notorious Resort in Milwaukee Shot by Her Husband.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 10.—Lou Fehrmann, keeper of a resort at 28 Martin street, was shot and killed some time between 2 and 7 this morning by Charles Fehrmann, her husband, who then went to his lodgings two or three miles away and cut his throat. He had not lived with the woman for some years, but occasionally went to her establishment and beat her or got money from her.

The couple were married either at Kansas City or Sioux City. The woman's mother is Lulu Bronson, of Wagner, I. T., and her father, Robert Corbett, lives at Nebraska City.

LOSSES REACH MILLIONS.

Montreal Operators Caught by the Decline in Wheat.

MONTREAL, Feb. 10.—There was great excitement around the board of trade today caused by May wheat in Chicago selling down to 60 cents per bushel, the lowest point on record.

Several Montrealeers were heavy buyers around 80c, and in consequence of the decline were forced to sell their real estate and everything else they possessed. Their losses are said to amount up to millions.

Charged With Libel.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 10.—J. A. Smith, the Kansas City, Kan., attorney, was arrested last night on three separate charges of criminal libel. The complainants are Chief of Police W. F. Charles, Police Judge S. S. King and W. W. Atkin, deputy state coal oil inspector. The filing of these complaints is a result of the letter which Smith sent to Governor Lewelling recently containing charges of wholesale boodling against numerous Populist office-holders, including the governor.

May be Lynched.

CHICAGO, Feb. 10.—A special from Houston, Tex., says: Officers yesterday afternoon arrested Jesse Dillingham, colored, and his wife on suspicion of being members of the gang which caused the wreck of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas passenger train. A double lynching is probable.

Counterfeiters Captured.

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.—United States officers yesterday afternoon made another raid on a counterfeiting den and captured a complete outfit for the making of spurious coin, aside from arresting four persons. The den was at 62 Atlantic avenue, which was ostensibly a barber shop.

Railroad Station Robbed.

CAIRO, Ill., Feb. 10.—The station office at Sparta, Ill., on the Mobile & Ohio railroad north of here, was broken into and robbed by three masked men at 1 o'clock this morning. The night operator was bound and gagged, the safe blown open and \$300 taken.

Murder in Nebraska.

OMAHA, Feb. 10.—William Smelter was killed near Nehama City last night by his son-in-law, William Argabright, who is a South Omaha policeman, and was off on leave. They had quarreled over the separation of Argabright and his wife. Smelter struck the first blow.

A Brief Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The house adjourned almost immediately after the reading of the journal, out of respect for the memory of the late Representative Houk, of Ohio. The Stanford eulogies, which had been set down for today, were made a special order for 3 o'clock on Monday afternoon.

Missing Since Monday.

OAKLAND, Cal., Feb. 10.—C. R. B. McGowan, formerly superintendent of Bradstreet's agency, Philadelphia, has been missing from his home at Berkeley since last Monday. He had a gold watch and \$400 in greenbacks when last seen. His wife fears he has committed suicide while others believe he has met with foul play.

An Insurgent Success.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Secretary Herbert has received the following cable message from Rear Admiral Penban dated Rio yesterday: "This morning sharp engagements at Aria Point, resulting in some insurgent success."

A Vessel Lost.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 10.—The schooner Samuel H. Walker sailed out of Baltimore Dec. 15th, bound for Weymouth, near Fall River, Mass., and since then nothing whatever has been heard of the vessel. She has been given up for lost. She carried beside her captain a crew of nine men.

Children Cremated.

BLOOMSBURG, Pa., Feb. 10.—The house of Albert Croman at Light street, a small village near here, was totally destroyed by fire Thursday night and Croman's two small children were burned to death. The parents were visiting a neighbor and had left the children alone in the house.

Johnson Won the Race.

MONTREAL, Feb. 10.—The annual races of the Montreal Snowshoe club took place this afternoon. The three-mile skating race was won by J. S. Johnson, of Minneapolis; Norseng, of Norway, second. Time, 10:44 4-5.

Sentenced to Death.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Feb. 10.—John Hart was yesterday sentenced by Judge Shaw to be hanged March 16 for the murder of his two sisters.

Saturday Night

—AT—
Panton & Watson's

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

Despite the unfriendly elements today a happy throng crowded our place for plums. They know—the people do—that our strokes are merciful and our cuts are deep. When we say "our goods are cheap" there's as much difference between the former and the latter as there is between "an ardent lover" and a lover of the ardent.

TONIGHT'S THE NIGHT

For Bargains

Store Open Until 10 p. m.

TONIGHT.

Boys, Buy Your Girl a Box of Confections Tonight.

Just arrived this morning an immense shipment of fresh Candies.

Buttercups.
1000 pounds choice Buttercups, sold by high priced houses for 50c, our price, 25c per lb.

Chocolates.
2000 pounds New Chocolates, Our price, per lb. 25c

RIBBONS.
500 yds all Silk Ribbons, No. 16, worth 25c, for 15c
500 yds all Silk Ribbons, No. 7, worth 10c, for 5c

WINDSOR TIES.
See the nice silk Windsor Ties we are selling at 20c

Embroidery Remnants.
Edges and insertions at 5c, 8c, 10c, 15c and 20c per yard, all worth double.

Skirting Remnants.
At 39c, 49c, 59c, 69c, 89c per yard, all worth double.

Ladies' Wool Vests.
Have you seen the Ladies Wool Vests we are selling at 25c They are worth 75c.

Ladies' Wool Hose.
BLACK ONLY, Tonight at 25c and 35c

Children's Equestrian Tights.
PHYLAS' MAKE, Closing price, \$1.25

TONIGHT
6 TO 10 P. M.

We will put on sale all our spring samples of Ladies' Muslin Underwear

Only one piece of each. Some choice new things among them. PRICE RIGHT.

FOR RENT.

Twenty choice offices and rooms in the old Glass Block Store. Prices range from \$6 per month up, with steam heat and water, all well ventilated and kept in good shape.

Also store room on Superior street and one on Michigan street; rent cheap until May 1.

Panton & Watson

WEST DULUTH ITEMS

A Number of Cases of Typhoid Fever Appearing and Doctors Attribute Them to Bad Water.

Many People Are Using Wells Which Are Believed to Contain Disease Breeding Surface Water.

Sergeant Doyle Arrested. For Assault on Complaint of An Extra Election Day Policeman.

There are a number of cases of typhoid fever at this end of the city, the cause of the disease being attributed by the physicians to impure drinking water. There are a large number of wells throughout the level portion of the town which are sunk but a few feet in the clay and contain more or less of surface water of a filthy and disease-breeding character. One physician reports that he has two cases of typhoid fever, both parties having drunk from the same well. He says he has forbidden the families to use the water hereafter but they are now getting a supply from another well not far distant and the presumption is that this water is no better.

In speaking of the matter one prominent citizen gave it as his opinion that every well "on the flat" should be filled up by order of the authorities the coming summer.

SERGEANT DOYLE ARRESTED.

An Extra Election Day Patrolman Charges Him With Assault.

J. P. Denyes has sworn out a warrant against Sergeant Doyle of the police force, charging him with assault on election day. The case was set for trial yesterday, but was postponed until Feb. 15, by request of the defendant's attorney on the ground that the necessary witnesses were not at hand.

The story of the matter as given by Denyes is as follows: He was hired with his team on election day for patrol purposes by Lieutenant Patterson. The latter sent him down with a phone and an accompanying electrician to Fifteenth avenue west, to place the instrument in a box, located on that street. While there Sergeant Doyle ordered him to accompany him to Spirit Lake to see how the election was being carried on at that place. Denyes objected to receiving orders from Doyle and after some words the latter seized Denyes, thrust him one side in the snow and drove off with the team.

The police officers claim that Denyes has no case as he was hired by the department and therefore subject to their instructions.

West Duluth Briefs.

The Merrill & Ring company are playing an additional saw in their mill which will increase the capacity of the plant by from 25,000 to 50,000 feet a day.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Colby gave a card party at their home on Champlain avenue on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. E. S. Stevens, of Grand Rapids, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. J. Luther, left yesterday for her home.

The congregation of the Presbyterian church has engaged Rev. Walter H. Eaton, Duluth to act as stated supply until the meeting of the presbytery in April.

St. Valentine's day will be celebrated by a masquerade given on Second street south by Messrs. Warner and Eaton.

Mrs. L. Filiatrault is on the sick list. John Fricson, the Finlander who was picked up on the frozen road in a weak condition, was taken to St. Mary's hospital yesterday.

Mrs. Geo. Fredricks will entertain a party of young people at her home this evening.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Gomb, a son.

E. W. McCormick and wife are making preparations to leave soon for Texas where they will make their home.

Miss Maud Simpson entertained a party of young friends last evening at her home on Third avenue west.

Church Services.

Congregational Morning subject, "Work at the Holy Spirit." Evening subject, "A Revelation Concerning God." At 6:45 P. M. S. C. E.

Rev. F. C. Southworth, of Duluth, will exchange pulpits with Dr. Forbes in the morning and temperance services will be held in the evening.

Rev. C. H. Remington will hold the usual services at the Episcopal church.

Rev. Mr. Water, of Duluth, will hold services at the Presbyterian church.

For sale, cheap—household goods.

For Colds,

Coughs, Croup, Influenza, and Bronchitis, use

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL the best of all anodyne expectorants. Prompt to act, Sure to Cure

Fine large coal heater, Domestic sewing machine, etc. Inquire at residence of C. F. Lamb, 329 Third avenue west.

A VERY BUSY WOMAN.

She pronounced in sounding platitude Her universal gratitude For men of every latitude From the tropics to the poles. She felt a consanguinity, A sisterly affinity, A kind of kinship, kinship, For all these foreign souls.

For Caledonian Highlanders, For brutal South Sea Islanders, For red and moat and dry landers, For gentle, Greek and Jew, For Pines and for Siberians, For Arabs and Algerians, For Terra del Euegians.

She was in a constant stew. Oh, it worried Miss Sophronia, Lest the men of Patagonia, Should do with the pneumonia, With the phthisis or the chills. Yes, indeed, she worried daily, Lest the croup or cold should waylay Some poor Southerner or Malay, Dying for the lack of pills.

And she toiled on without measure, And with most unalloyed pleasure, For the good of central Asia, And the pagan people there, But meanwhile her little sister, Dying of a neglected blister, But Sophronia hardly missed her, For she had no time to spare.

—Hudson Gazette.

Island Interviews.

Henry George and Michael de Young are ideal interviewers, perhaps because they are both of the craft themselves. Mr. George throws aside all pretensions when he is put on the stand. There is very little of the theater about him. He plunges at once into the subject and throws off paragraphs with such order and precision that it is impossible to forget what he has said.

He has a way of becoming familiar at once with the reporter, and unlike many public men does not take it for granted that his views on all kinds of subjects are known in detail already and is yet afraid they will be presented in proper form.

His way of suddenly departing from his topic and relating pleasant anecdotes, always returning to the point at which he left off. Mr. de Young asks the best of ways. His cigars, his Egyptian cigarettes, his travel in Cairo especially for him, and other refreshments are placed before his interlocutor. Mr. de Young is a barrel of information that is always on tap for the benefit of his conferees wherever found.

His travel has made him as familiar with the world in general as he is with San Francisco, and he knows the affairs of his own country like an Egyptian. He speaks his Latin grammar. All reporters are fond of Mr. de Young because he tells them to their faces that the reporter is the most important function, and that the reporter himself is the sine qua non of the newspaper press.—Chicago Post.

The Ghosts in "Rip."

"I was thinking of Jefferson in 'Rip Van Winkle.' I want to see the dear old thing one night, and in the scene where the ghosts play mince pies soft rubber or wooden balls were evidently used, for they rolled noiselessly and dropped with an almost imperceptible sound. I thought how differently some other might have staged that. Manifestly, for instance, would probably have real balls, and the illusion would have been destroyed utterly. As it was, the game was as ghostly as the gamblers. In the treatment of that important character, Schmeidler, the same thought impressed itself upon me. Rip's dog is as distinct to one's mental vision as Rip himself, yet he does not once appear.

If an actual dog—a stub-tailed terrier—were perhaps—should come on the stage, it would utterly belie the entire scene. It is a case where realism would not be half as realistic as imagination, don't you agree?—Boston Advertiser.

Every Democrat should be a regular reader of that ideal Democratic paper—the Chicago Herald. It does more for the service in the late campaign and earned the gratitude of all who hoped for the triumph of low tariff. The Herald is on sale at the B. W. Hubbs news stand.

Wait for the Fire Sale

Of clothing and men's furnishings at The Bell Clothing store, commencing 17th inst.

AN AUTHORITY ON ATHLETICS.

James E. Sullivan, Recently Elected President of the Metropolitan Association of Amateur Athletes in the United States

One of the best known authorities on athletics in the United States is James E. Sullivan, who was recently elected president of the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletes upon to succeed the veteran athlete, Father Bill Curtis. This association is one of the most important branches of the A. A. U. for the reason that it includes in its jurisdiction New York city, the home of scores of famous athletes. Sullivan has been prominent in the world of sport since 1870.

He was for many years an athlete of decided ability and shone particularly as a distance runner and walker. Sullivan also did very good work as a sprinter, running high jumper, pole vaulter and in other branches of sport.

He was an active athlete until 1884 and won James E. Sullivan, during his career over 75 prizes. He was for a number of years president of the Pastime Athletic club of New York and then became identified with the New Jersey Athletic club, of which he is now president.

In 1888 Sullivan was one of the organizers of the Amateur Athletic union and has been one of its officials ever since.

Sullivan's face and athletic figure are familiar to all patrons of amateur sports. He has been a member of every outdoor championship committee and every boxing and wrestling committee appointed by the A. A. U. since it was organized, and meetings managed by him are usually financial successes. He is so well known and popular among athletes that he can secure their attendance when other men fail. As president of the Metropolitan association he has jurisdiction over all amateur athletes in New York and New Jersey.

The Central association of the A. A. U. recently held a meeting and elected J. G. Steever of the Chicago Athletic association vice president. As President F. K. Stearns details is soon to resign, Steever will probably succeed him.

SPORTING NOTES.

John S. Johnson skated a quarter of a mile in 31½ seconds with flying start recently.

The next boxing and wrestling exhibition of the Amateur Athletic union will be held in Madison Square Garden, New York, March 19-22.

After finding it impossible to sell the Cleveland club for \$45,000 to dispose of any of his players to other League clubs, President Robinson now declares that he will remain at the head of the club another season.

Joseph Wiggins, the new captain of the Harvard baseball nine, is a pitcher. Last year in one game Princeton failed to get a run off his delivery.

Bob Fitzsimmons and Dan Creedon will probably fight for a purse and \$10,000 in Jacksonville, March 2.

After recent races at the Madison (Ill.) track the jockeys were so cold that they could not dismount, but were lifted out of the saddles.

Guy Gert, the Boston crack wheelman, has decided to go on the path again next season. He is now at college, but will begin training as soon as it closes.

W. W. Windle, the famous bicyclist, has retired.

Charles M. Murphy of the Kings County wheelman, has ridden more than 9,000 miles on his bicycle since 1888. He hopes to win the club's mileage medal.

The Chicago ice yacht Ice King recently sailed 12 miles in 18 minutes, defeating the Rough and Ready by half a length.

How Corbett Whipped Mitchell.

A sporting writer with a statistical turn of mind who was present at the Corbett-Mitchell contest says that there were 27 blows struck, and of these he credits 22 to Corbett and 5 to Mitchell. According to this summary, Mitchell was hit 27 times on the body and once in the face, while the champion scored 18 and 4 body blows. The relative stamina of Sullivan and Mitchell is illustrated in the fact that it required 185 blows to vanquish Sullivan, while 22 were sufficient for Mitchell.

Revenge.

"Oh, Eleanor, I am so glad to find you here! I went up to your father's, and your mother said you had come here to be fitted." And as Eleanor grasped her hand the dressmaker frowned, for she didn't want the fit of the new gown interfered with.

"Well, Daisy," said Eleanor, "I am glad, too, for I see it in your eyes that you've something to tell me."

"Yes, I have, and it's rich. Oh, isn't your gown going to be stunning? I envy you—and the fit. Oh, it's lovely!"

"Think so? Well, what is it you want to tell me?" and as Daisy looked inquiringly at the dressmaker Eleanor said: "Don't mind Mrs. Mac. She won't tell. Will you?"

"Oh, no. Not I. Don't mind me, and the discreet Mrs. Mac went on pinning and fitting."

"Well, this morning I went over to see Kit, and I ran right up to her room, as we always do, you know."

"Yes," assented Eleanor.

"And she was crying. All around her on the floor were letters, and on the bed more letters. I said, 'Mercy, Kit, what's the matter? Every little while she would make a vicious jab at a letter and appear to be writing.'

"Oh, Daisy, I am most wild, I'm so busy."

"What are you doing?" I asked. "Well," said Kit, "you know Clarence and I have had a quarrel—and I'm glad of it, and here she sobbed the gladiolus kind of a sob, and then she went all my letters back—and the silver hat marker—and umbrella marker—the lovely pipe I gave him with his name engraved on it—and—oh, Daisy—I can't say any of them—how can I—and so I'm getting his letters ready to return—In—In—correcting them." And then she laughed and made another jab with the pen.

"Correcting them?" I gasped.

"Yes, ma'am, correcting them. You know Clarence is a terrible sceller, and I have gone over every letter in red ink and made him see that it was intentional. Humph! I'll bet he won't tell another man he broke it off!"

"I couldn't help laughing, but wasn't it a fine revenge?"—Chicago Tribune.

The Herald, Minneapolis, West Hotel New stand.

HE FOUND JONES.

But Upon Consideration He Concluded It Wasn't the Jones He Wanted.

A policeman who was patrolling Brush street the other evening was run into and knocked off the sidewalk by a colored man who came rushing out of a side street. The officer grabbed the man and demanded an explanation, and as soon as he could get his breath the other said:

"I'm looking for a pussen named Jones, sah, an I didn't mean to run agin' yo."

"That's no way to look for a person named Jones. You must want to see Jones awfully bad."

"I does, sah. I expected to find him right around here, an I was gwine to jump on him an stamp him into de ground! If I hetch dat Jones, he won't lib two minits!"

"What's the trouble between you and Jones?"

"Heaps o' trouble, sah. 'Bout 10 minits ago he stood by my gate an frowed a kiss at my darter frowed de wonder! If I git hold of dat pussen, sah—if I git my claws on dat Jones, I'll—"

"Who's talkin about Jones?" demanded a colored man as he crossed the street and faced the pair. "I heard somebody speak 'bout Jones. Dat's my name."

"Am yo' de Jones who was in front of my house?" asked the injured prisoner.

"Yes, sah."

"Am yo' de Jones who leaned on my gate?"

"Yes, sah."

"Am yo' de Jones who frowed a kiss at my darter when she went to put de curtain down?"

"Yes, sah."

"Am yo' de Jones who was in front of my house when I came out?"

"Yes, sah."

The officer moved aside to give the aggrieved party a chance to swing his right arm just once, but he didn't swing. He looked Mr. Jones up and down, and there was a painful silence for 60 seconds. Then he said:

"Reckon he ain't de man. Reckon he's got de Joneses mixed up somehow. De Jones I was arter was a small man, an he was lame an had only one arm. See here, Mistah Jones, if yo' dun see some odder Jones around yo' jess tell him fur me dat de every fast time I catch him around my house I'm gwine to broke him into forty pieces wid de awful suddenness of a cyclone an den gloat ober de mangled remains! Scuse me, officer—scuse me, Mistah Jones. Good night! Scuse me, officer, but I ain't gwine to tack no Jones seben feet tall when I'm lookin fur a Jones only five feet high!"—Detroit Free Press.

Made Her Sad.

An actor was one time playing in a provincial town and observed in the front row an old lady who wept tears. Highly flattered, he went on and on to say he would like to see her after the performance. When they met, he was graciousness itself.

"It did that, sir," said the old woman. "You see, sir, I've got a son myself playin' somewhere, who I ain't seen for a long time, an it broke me all up to think that maybe he wasn't no better at it than you are."—Tit-Bits.

Puck.

Murgatroyd—Baskerton is one of the most courageous men I know.

Pilgrimage—Shon't have thought he was particularly plucky. What did he ever do that showed courage?

Murgatroyd—Why, the other day he passed a group of boys who were throwing snowballs, and he walked right on and never once looked around.—Puck.

Experience.

Miss Jumpuppie (to Ellerton, who is taking her out for a ride, and whose horse has turned around and refused to move)—Don't be annoyed, Mr. Ellerton. Have patience, and he will move on presently.

Mr. Ellerton—Patience, Miss Jumpuppie. Why, I am paying for this animal by the hour.—Vogue.

A Safe Conclusion.

Professor of Physics—Mr. Lowstand, if you were to drop 100 pounds of lead, heated to 400 degrees, into an equal weight of water at 10 degrees, what would the result be?

Lowstand—A funeral, sir.—Yale Record.

Careful.

"This two headed man has only one head," said the visitor at the museum.

"No. He has two," said the proprietor. "But he caught cold in the other and didn't dare bring it out."—Harper's Bazar.

Prejudiced.

Mrs. Gumppe—My husband says my new bonnet is not a bit becoming to me.

Friend—Oh, he's prejudiced. I suppose he's seen the bill.—New York Weekly.

One Better.

Tommy (with pride)—My pa's a banker.

Willie—An my pa's a receiver for his bank.—Chicago Record.

Down in Arkansas.

"Well, Jim, how's the agency?"

"Didn't I tell you about that? Why, I went into old man Sharp's field one night about a week ago, and the old man got up and loaded his gun in the dark, and came me if he didn't blow me full of two grain smoke pills. I ain't had no sleep nor shake since."—Life.

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When It Happened.

In a civil action on money matters the plaintiff had stated that his financial position was always satisfactory. In cross examination he was asked if he had ever been bankrupt.

"No," was the answer.

Next question was: "Now, be careful. Did you ever stop payment?"

"Yes," was the reply.

"Ah," exclaimed the counsel, "I thought we should get at it last. When did that happen?"

"After I paid all I owed," was the answer.—Argonaut.

Business.

"What made you laugh so at the play last night?" asked his wife. "I'm sure I

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

Entered as the second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.
Feb. 10.—The storm center has moved from Illinois to the north of Lake Huron.

An area of high pressure, which is central north of Montana, covers the districts between the Mississippi river and the Rocky mountains.

General clouds have occurred in all districts north of the Ohio and Missouri rivers, and still continue in the lake region and Upper Mississippi valley.

The temperature has fallen 30 to 50 degrees in the last 24 hours, and is generally lower than yesterday in all reporting districts.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 15 degrees above zero; maximum 32 degrees; minimum, 15 degrees above zero.

DECEMBER, Feb. 10.—Local forecast until 3 p. m. tomorrow: Snow today; clearing tonight; fair Sunday; much colder tonight and Sunday; brisk and high northwesterly wind; For Minnesota: Fair; much colder in eastern portion tonight; northwesterly wind.

JAMES KENNEDY.

Local Forecast Officer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Forecast till 3 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair, preceded by snow flurries today; cold wave; brisk and high northwesterly wind; For Minnesota: Fair; much colder in eastern portion tonight; northwesterly wind.

Henry Watterson.

The gifted and brilliant Kentucky editor, orator and politician, Henry Watterson, will lecture in Duluth this evening. Henry Watterson is one of the most eminent and widely known men in the country. He is one of the most vigorous editorial writers in America. His trenchant pen that never minces words or fails to strike with pungent force. Not only are his writings forcible, but they are picturesque.

Next to the New York Sun there is no newspaper that so completely bears the impress of its editor-in-chief's personality as does the Louisville Courier-Journal, which is edited by Mr. Watterson. The editorial columns of the Courier-Journal are delightful in their graphic and unique utterances, and impregnated with vigor that carries weight with the readers.

Mr. Watterson is a Democrat, through and through, a hard fighter for his party, and tenacious in his advocacy of the principles which its national platform enunciates, but he treats his opponents with respect and never hits below the belt.

When the Democratic party had not reached its present advanced position in favor of tariff reform, Mr. Watterson was a strong advocate of free trade principles and he has never ceased to fight along that line. As the apostle of the "star-eyed goddess of reform" he has gained national renown. To his powerful appeal was largely due the adoption by the Chicago convention of the tariff plank presented by "Larry" Neal as a substitute for the straddle offered by the committee on resolutions.

As an orator, Mr. Watterson stands among the first of America's prominent speakers. His language is graceful and his periods well rounded, while at times the fire of true eloquence causes him to soar to lofty heights that are attained by but few. His eloquent oration at the opening of the World's fair will not be forgotten. In his addresses as in his writings, Mr. Watterson employs expressions that are both picturesque and unique. His triumph upon the platform has been as striking as his success in editorial work. In short, he is one of the many-sided men of the country.

Muzzling the Press.

An Iowa legislator introduced a bill to prevent newspapers from publishing reports of prize fights that are attended by a committee. Such a law would be clearly unconstitutional, being an interference with the liberty of the press, just as is John Day Smith's law in this state, forbidding newspapers to publish the details of hangings. The newspapers paid no attention to the Smith law, and neither its author nor the county attorneys have dared to prosecute any one under its provisions.

The freedom of the press is so fully guaranteed by the constitution that it is strange that any legislator should imagine that it can be restricted by legislative enactment. The judges that imagine they have power to prevent publication of evidence in certain cases are equally astray in their ideas, as one California judge found out to his sorrow many months ago. He ordered a newspaper not to publish a report of a case. Of course the newspaper treated the order with the contempt it deserved. Then he fined its editor for contempt of court.

The editor at once appealed to the supreme court, relying upon his constitutional right, and that court decided in his favor. Not only did he win his case, but he saddled all the costs on the judge of the lower court, who was so ignorant of the constitution that he thought he could muzzle the press. It cannot be done.

The St. Paul Globe, in a reply yesterday to a correspondent who made some inquiries about the form of government in Canada, said among other things: "Sir John A. Macdonald, the greatest of Canada's premiers, resided in Toronto, but was usually elected to parliament

from an outlying district." The Globe should post itself before attempting to enlighten others. Sir John Macdonald resided for years in Kingston, Ont., which he represented in parliament, and later lived in Ottawa where he owned the beautiful residence and grounds called Earlscliffe.

Coining the Seigniorage.

Maj. Baldwin supported the resolution to consider the bill providing for the coining of the silver seigniorage in the treasury and says he will vote for the bill with small modifications. This would indicate that he has gone over to the silver crowd, and he and Col. Gridley can now join hands on this point, even if they do not speak on the iron ore question.

The major pleads in extenuation of his apparent change of front in regard to silver that the treasury is nearly empty and must be filled from some source and as the least of all evils he chooses the coining of the seigniorage. It is to be feared that the Sixth district congressman, in his flirtation with the Populists to secure their endorsement next fall, has become tainted with the silver heresy, because there is no essential difference between coining the seigniorage and continuing to buy silver and coin it under the Sherman law, which he denounced not many months ago and for the repeal of which he voted.

By coining the seigniorage, so much more silver will be put into circulation and the number of depreciated silver dollars will be increased. The object of repealing the Sherman law was to stop the increase of the silver coinage, which was destroying the faith of other nations in the solidity of our currency system. There are other ways of replenishing the national treasury without adopting the vicious plan of coining the seigniorage.

The Superior Call asserts that Duluth papers misrepresent when they insist that many Democrats voted for the Republican candidate for mayor last Tuesday. The Call declares that "a Democrat is a man who believes in Democratic principles and votes the Democratic ticket" in any kind of weather. Then how about the man who headed the Democratic ticket?

Robert H. Moore, editor of the Ottumwa, Ia., Democrat, who visited Duluth two years ago, was a candidate for postmaster of Ottumwa, but was turned down by the Democratic politicians. Now he says he will never be a candidate again for a public office but will devote his whole time to this newspaper. He has a level head.

The New York factory inspectors find that during the year 1893 the proportion of child labor in that state decreased from thirty-eight per thousand to thirty-four per thousand of operatives. The shutting down of many factories in which children are employed is probably responsible for this decrease.

The British board of trade returns for 1893 hardly sustain the free trade claim that if we had "the markets of the world" at command, our exports would be very much larger than our imports. The statistics show that the exports of the United Kingdom last year were \$600,000,000 less than its exports.

The St. Paul Globe yesterday made another effort to convince the people of Duluth that it rendered this city a service by maligning one of its financial institutions. It was a foolish break and probably the Globe is sorry that it made it.

Congressman Harter says that office-seekers have made his life in congress so miserable that he has no desire to return to it. When next fall arrives he may change his mind, as many congressmen have done in the past.

The Minneapolis Journal has started a movement to put a stop to the filthy habit of spitting on the floors of street cars in that city. Why don't they expropriate out of the windows?

The St. Paul majority contest is not unlikely to be between two Smiths—the Rev. Sam G. Smith and ex-Mayor Bob Smith. Why not have a three-cornered fight, with John Smith in the triangle?

Oklahoma territory is young but up to date. The city administration of Guthrie is so corrupt that a citizen's movement has been started to rescue it from the politicians.

A New York theater manager has decided to establish a room where babies will be checked while their mothers see the show. Of course it will be a howling success.

Admiral Benham, it is announced, is shortly to be retired, having reached the age limit. It should be possible to retain a man of his stamp in the naval service.

The latest Boston notion is to prohibit the landing of immigrants who cannot read. It is not a bad notion, by the way.

The Major Rebuked. West Duluth Times: That the result will go out as a rebuke to Maj. Baldwin and a contradiction of his statements in regard to the feelings of the people in this section is very true.

CATARRH TWENTY YEARS.

Three Hundred Dollars Spent for Treatment in Vain.

This is what Dr. Hartman's free course of treatment did for me: I was sick for eighteen or twenty years and did not know what was the matter with me. I expected a gray, sticky mucus from the throat. Every time I took cold my throat got sore, and I would have fever. I had catarrh in my head, and it commenced to affect my eyes. My nose was stopped up, and every morning I had coughing spells. I consulted several physicians, one of whom said he could cure me in six months. I kept on doctoring until I spent \$300, and was not any better, but kept gradually growing worse until I was confined to the bed. I got some Pe-na and it cured the catarrh in my head and my eyes are better. I don't have any more dizzy spells, my head feels clear, I can breathe through my nose, and my throat is cured. My voice is clear. My appetite is good and I sleep well. When I began taking Pe-na I weighed only 125 pounds, but now I weigh 135. I wish I could tell every one about Pe-na, so that thousands more would be cured.

44 West St., New York, New Jersey. On catarrh, la grippe, coughs, colds and consumption will be sent, prepaid, for a short time to any address by the Pe-na Drug Manufacturing company of Columbus, Ohio.

Thankful to Mr. Young. To the Editor of The Herald: The article in Thursday night's Herald headed "A Philanthropist," has no doubt caught the eye of many a skater and for one think Mr. Young is entitled to the name. Mr. Young has shown great kindness at heart in making the rink, as the space which A. Fitzer & Co. had cleared is fast disappearing by the making of their ice crop.

Now I think the rinks are all right, but the price of admission is often lacking, so when a man, through kindness, in behalf of the young people does as Mr. Young has done without any ill feeling towards the rinks, he deserves thanks. I am one of several who have agitated the free rink and would pay for scraping every time. A. SKATER, Duluth, Feb. 10.

Conceded to Duluth. Wadena Journal: The Elk River Star-Wagon says: "There is a disposition among the Republicans of the lower end of the Sixth district to concede the candidate for congressman this year to Duluth, provided they present a good candidate and do not attempt to hog every thing else in sight. Duluth's sad experience with its present representative in congress should tend to make its citizens very cautious in selecting a candidate this year upon either ticket. Duluth seems to be supplied with good men and poor, but the poor ones usually get the plums."

The Captain in the Swim. Superior Telegram: To an outsider it now looks as though Capt. McDougall were pretty much in the swim with the Rockefeller people. The captain was elected to the position of vice president in two of the consolidated iron companies, in none of which did he have any material investment interest, and his friends are in strong places in the other companies.

Baldwin for Governor. St. Paul Globe: Should Maj. Baldwin not care to make the race for congress again, he could make excellent gubernatorial time.

Old Superior Excited. Superior Times: Three cheers for Duluth! Down with Clevelandism, free trade and empty dinner pails.

Are Duty Penitent. Stillwater Gazette: Many of the Democrats of Duluth have resolved to keep out this year by swearing they will never again vote for a Populist-Democrat.

A Notable Absence. Minneapolis Journal: Duluth celebrated her victory for protection yesterday. Baldwin was not there.

Ladies, if possible, please call mornings as we are very busy afternoons. Boyd & Wilbur hair dressing parlors, Temple Opera.

Assignee sale of watches, jewelry, silverware, etc. Everything must be sold quick; price no object. 20 West Superior street. CHARLES SCHIFFMAN, Assignee.

Telephone Lutes' laundry to call for your washing.

Sick Headache
21 Years of Suffering Ended by One Bottle of HOOD'S.

"Few people have suffered as much as I have with sick headache. I have had it by spells for 21 years, sometimes as often as

Three Times a Week. I would get up with it, suffer all day, go to bed with it and have it all night. I tried everything that was recommended, but never was cured until about a year ago, when

My Mother-in-Law persuaded me to try one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am glad to say that it cured me, and I have not had sick headache since I took the first bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It has

done me a great deal of good in other ways, and has increased my weight from 125 to 147 pounds. I cannot praise Hood's Sarsaparilla enough." Mrs. Ed. SWAN, Duluthville, Ill.

HOOD'S PILLS are made, and perfect in proportion and appearance. See per box.

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St. Augustine, Fla.
HOTEL SAN MARCO

A modern hotel in a superb location; perfect sanitary appointments; liberal management; reasonable rates. Capacity, 200. MRS. J. L. HARRIS, Proprietress. THE IMPERIAL HUNGARIAN GYMNASTIC BAND. Send for terms and circulars. Address: BLANCHARD & HAGER.

DR. W. M. COPPELAND, DE. H. M. HUNT, Consulting Physicians.

DR. F. C. DRENNING, Resident Physician. Specialties. Catarrhal Diseases, Skin Diseases, Nervous Diseases.

Office hours 9 to 11 a. m. and 4 to 6 p. m. Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12 m. If you live at a distance write for symptom blank.

For Sale or Rent.
The building situated at 106 West Michigan street, now occupied by the Duluth Electric Light and Power Company, with central steam heating apparatus. For further information enquire at HARTMAN ELECTRIC LIGHT CO., Room 5, Exchange Building.

DYEING AND CLEANING.
LAKE SUPERIOR STEAM DYE WORKS. Mrs. A. Foster, proprietor. First-class dyeing and cleaning of every description guaranteed. Offices: 610 and 612 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT
on diamonds, jewelry and all kinds of personal property, on short notice and at a lower rate than you can possibly get elsewhere. Inquire at W. W. WILKINSON, 400 Chamber of Commerce building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS
and jewelry. O. A. Edin, only licensed pawnbroker in Duluth, 11 West Superior street.

ELECTRIC NEEDLE SPECIALIST.
SUPERFICIAL HAIR, MOLES, ETC., DESTROYED BY ELECTRICITY WITHOUT PAIN; only temporary and permanent remedy known. T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent, 436 West Superior street, DULUTH, MINN. Spalding Hotel Block.

WHAT IS THE MATTER?
If You Don't Know, This Will Tell You Why You're Miserable.

The Symptoms of Catarrh of the Head, Throat, Bronchial Tubes and Stomach—The Copeland Physicians Offer a Free Test of Their Plan of Treatment for These Diseases Without a Penny to Pay.

If you're sick and don't know what's the matter with you, this will tell you. After you've found out, the thing to do is to go without delay to the offices of the Copeland physicians, Lyceum building. It won't cost you a penny for examination, consultation or advice; besides the doctors offer a free test of their plan of treatment to everybody free of all charges. Under this liberal offer there is no excuse for anybody's being sick. Read these symptoms carefully, mark them down and apply to your doctor, bring them with you. If you live out of town send them by mail, so that the doctors can diagnose your case carefully.

SITUATIONS WANTED.
This is the most prevalent form of catarrh, and results from neglected colds. "Is the breath foul?" "Is the voice husky?" "Do you spit up slime?" "Do you ache all over?" "Do you blow out scabs?" "Is the nose stopped up?" "Do you snore at night?" "Does your nose discharge?" "Does the nose bleed easily?" "Is there tickling in throat?" "Do crusting form in the nose?" "Is the nose sore and tender?" "Do you sneeze a great deal?" "Is this worse towards night?" "Does the nose itch and burn?" "Is there pain in front of head?" "Is there pain across the eyes?" "Is there pain in back of head?" "Is there pain behind the ears?" "Do you have to clear the throat?" "Is there a dropping in the throat?" "Is the throat dry in the mornings?" "Are you losing your sense of taste?" "Do you sleep with the mouth open?" "Does the nose stop up towards night?" This form of catarrh is the easiest to cure.

CATARRH OF BRONCHIAL TUBES.
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THE WEATHER OFFICE.

Some Interesting Features of the Service Which May Not be Generally Known by the Public.

Bird's-Eye View of the Country Shows One Hundred and Thirty Observers Taking Observations Every Day.

Some of the Instruments Which Are Employed in Determining Wind Velocity and Other Matters.

Our worthy Uncle Samuel evidently believes that it takes something more than a straw to show in which direction the wind blows. So, through the medium of his war department, he made several years ago, a comparatively small beginning toward giving his industrious nephews and nieces a pretty good weather service—not a weather service either but a weather observation service. He went to work and collected all the latest improved apparatus of that period, including the rival of the straw, which, by the way is a most interesting instrument; and he employed the most skillful experts and observers to handle them for his people. When the agricultural department was created it took the place of the war office as controller of the weather bureau, and quite naturally.

At first things moved rather slowly, owing to inferior materials and instruments and to inexperience. The newbuds and inexperience, the country ones especially, did not fully appreciate the advantages which were offered them; and the lack of quick railway transit, and in many cases any transit at all, prevented the inhabitants of outlying districts from receiving the daily reports in appropriate season. This latter fault exists to a certain extent even now. But experience and invention came rapidly to the aid of other efforts, with the result that the United States service today a series of weather reports and predictions which are as thoroughly reliable as can be made, which the people generally are beginning to recognize as valuable, and by which many farmers, especially in the West, regulate their operations.

A reporter of The Herald dropped in on the local station on Superior street for other day and expressed his admiration of the delicacy and ingenuity of the apparatus and operations. The officers in charge, James K. Loomis, a man thoroughly experienced in matters relating to the operation of the entire system of the country, and a man who has held office in Washington for eight years, very kindly explained the action of some of the instruments and the methods of recording and transmitting them. He also gave a brief description of the entire circuit of the country.

"Were it possible," he said, "for the reader to get a bird's-eye view of the surface of the United States at 8 o'clock in the morning, Washington time, and if the range of vision embraced the roofs of the different houses, the observatories, he would see a curious and strangely contrasted spectacle, for 130 observers are taking simultaneous readings of their instruments. Though the characters of the observations are essentially the same, the conditions are quite dissimilar. The observer at Eastport, Me., for instance, enjoys the light of the blazing sun and his brethren down at Jacksonville and Key West are calmly taking their observations where, for protection against the weather, a Panama hat may be all they absolutely require. But at Duluth or Bismarck it is different; if it be winter, the observer is struggling with his dingy little lantern, slowly struggles up a very narrow and very steep and very crooked flight of steps and, shivering in his fur, reads his thermometer indicating 30 degrees below, and his anemometer showing a wind velocity of, say, thirty miles."

Noticing that the names of French trappers appeared on almost all the delicate instruments, the reporter, being curious, wanted to know how that came about.

"It's a fact," said Mr. Kenney, "that we are almost entirely dependent on the French for our delicate, optical and recording instruments of all sorts. This is one of the Frenchman's traditional arts, that of manufacturing machines of the finest mechanism. He has spent one year on a single small part. Then there are the Germans, a slow, plodding race, and consequently the performers of many fine pieces of apparatus."

"Speaking of the United States observers again, are the tasks of the others so diversified in condition as those mentioned above?"

"Well, yes, the Arizona observer may conveniently dispense with the use of a straw hat, for Old Sol, when he makes it too degrees in the shade for him, has not yet appeared. The Marquette, Mich., man is probably exercising his muscle on a snow shovel, not to make paths, but to find his thermometer, while down in Galveston it may have been two or three years since the observer saw even a trace of snow."

"Among the publications of the United States government the daily weather map enjoys a high degree of popularity. Copies are displayed daily in hotels, government buildings, and other public places. Little space is left to describe the instruments used by the bureau. All are familiar with the thermometer and barometer. A mercurial barometer records itself automatically on a slowly revolving piece of paper, while the wind is kept track of by several pieces of apparatus. Upon the roof, at the ends of two long staffs, revolve the instruments for determining the rate at which the wind blows, and the direction from which it comes. The first consists of four arms, about a foot long, each with a metal cup at the ends, the cups turned with their concave sides toward the direction in which the wind blows. Minus the concave sides, as it is called, would look much like a miniature revolving clothes dryer such as you see the back yards of country houses. These cups are caught by the wind and the whole is caused to revolve, at a greater or less speed, which is registered electrically below."

Uncle Sam's substitute for a straw is a big iron weather vane, very similar to those which surmount public buildings. It also, by means of electrical connections, registers the direction of the wind

every five minutes in some one of the eight principal points of the compass. It is interesting to watch the operations of the observers. The reader may not know it, but the weather bureau costs \$1,000,000 per year and employs about 500 skilled men.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topics for the Week Beginning Feb. 11. Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TORRE.—Two possessions and how to gain them. Luke xii, 15-21.

The lesson illustrating and applying the preceding topics is a fable called "The Rich Fool." It is commonly called the parable of the rich fool. It was called forth by an appeal to Christ by an individual to settle an inheritance between him and his brother, Christ of the fable. He refused to do so, and being the anxiety of the one who had appealed to Him for the things of this world He warned him against covetousness, by speaking the parable of our lesson. Since both phases of the question of possessions is set before us in the topical reference, it may not be out of place, but rather more appropriate, to glance briefly at both.

1. False pleasures and their dangers. The man in the parable was rich, not rich toward God, but rich in the possessions of earth. He was in a position of affluence, was rich and prosperous. The sun of prosperity shone upon him, and he fell into the fatal error and danger into which so many fall who have great earthly possessions. He looked upon these things as the one thing needful. His whole anxiety and care was to increase his riches. There was no thought of God and eternity. In his present possessions he felt satisfied and at ease. But how uncertain are the riches of earth! Even while the rich man had under contemplation schemes for the present of his already great riches, God said, "Then fool, this night shall thy soul be required of thee, and then whose shall these things be?"

2. True possessions and how to obtain them. This parable before us rather warns against putting supreme trust in the riches of earth than explains the true possessions of life. Yet by contrast we can learn what true riches are. If they are not the riches of earth, against which we are warned, they must be the treasures of heaven and furthermore the closing verse of the parable suggests that true riches consists in being "rich toward God."

"Rich toward God" refers to the two real possessions which God prescribes for us and will impart to us: spiritual wealth, possessions in His grace, His kingdom, His eternal favor, that are not left behind at death. The possession of wealth does in and of itself prevent the acquisition of true riches. It is the desire for wealth, the trust in wealth, that proves a snare. But how may true possessions be obtained? In two ways: (1) By becoming heirs of God's kingdom through faith in Jesus Christ. (2) By laying up treasures in heaven by doing God's will after we have become His children. We cannot merit heaven by our good works, but by them, after heaven is ours, lay up treasures in heaven.

Bible Readings.—Deut. viii, 18; I. Sam. ii, 7; Prov. xvi, 23; Eccl. i, 19; Jer. xvi, 17; Neh. ix, 5; Mic. vi, 12; Hab. xvi, 21; xlii, 13; xlii, 22; Mark x, 23; Luke xxi, 11-13; vi, 24; 1 Cor. iv, 6; I. Tim. iv, 10; Jas. ii, 6.

Christian Endeavor in Madagascar. One of the most striking incidents in the remarkable history of the Christian Endeavor movement was the discovery, made in 1892, of 30 Christian Endeavor societies in the island's largest island, faraway Madagascar, where up to that time not a single society had been known to exist. These were reported to the United Society by the chief mover in their formation, Mr. W. E. Cousins, a prominent missionary of the London Missionary Society.

The movement in Madagascar was the result of a revival, and the need that then presented itself of setting to work the young converts. The first societies were formed in Ambobipoty and Ambobipoty, under the care of the London Missionary Society and the Friends' mission. The rules of the Endeavor society have been translated into Malagasy, and some of the societies have the custom of reading these rules at every meeting.—Christian Endeavor Year Book.

Rejoice in the Lord. We will not be glad and rejoice in thee. We will not open the gates of the year to the delirious notes of the birds; but to the sweet strains of the harp of joy. "O come, let us sing unto the Lord; let us make a joyful noise unto the rock of our salvation." What heavens are laid up in Jesus! What rivers of infinite bliss have their source, eye, and every drop of their fullness in him! Since, O sweet Lord Jesus, thou art the present portion of thy people, favor us this year with such a sense of thy preciousness that from this first to the last day we may be glad and rejoice in thee.—Christian at Work.

British Columbia Endeavorers. The four young people's Christian Endeavor societies of Vancouver have united in mission work for the Chinese. They have leased a room in which to hold their meetings five evenings each week. Each society will contribute teachers and do all it can to further the noble enterprise.

Christian Endeavor Notes. There are over 5,000 junior Christian Endeavor societies.

A floating society of Christian Endeavor was formed on a Japanese man-of-war that anchored near Tokyo. The ship sailed away with 18 members and returned six months later with a membership of 30.

Accommodations will be made for 20,000 delegates at the convention to be held in Cleveland July 11-15 next.

A society belonging to the Essex County (Mass.) union is supporting a nurse among the poor people of Lynn. Another society supports a city mission for one evening in the week.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

Spectacular Production of "Faust" With Electric and Other Effects at the Temple Tonight.

Henry C. DeMille's Great American Play "The Lost Paradise" at the Temple Monday Evening.

Robert G. Ingersoll, the Famous Orator Will Lecture on "Abraham Lincoln" on Friday Evening.

"Faust" will be presented at the Temple tonight. It was seen here about a year ago and was favorably received. Some very novel ideas and effects are introduced into the spectacular production of "Faust." During the garden scene Mephisto causes flowers to bloom where before all was barren ground. At the wave of his hand the flowers open disclosing beautiful colored points of electricity. In the church scene a chime of rich toned bells and a quiet, delicate "en rapport" with "unveiled vice" as depicted upon the stage. They may gulp it down while making a very face if it is particularly artistically sugar coated, but they would vastly prefer something which is a natural and not an acquired taste.

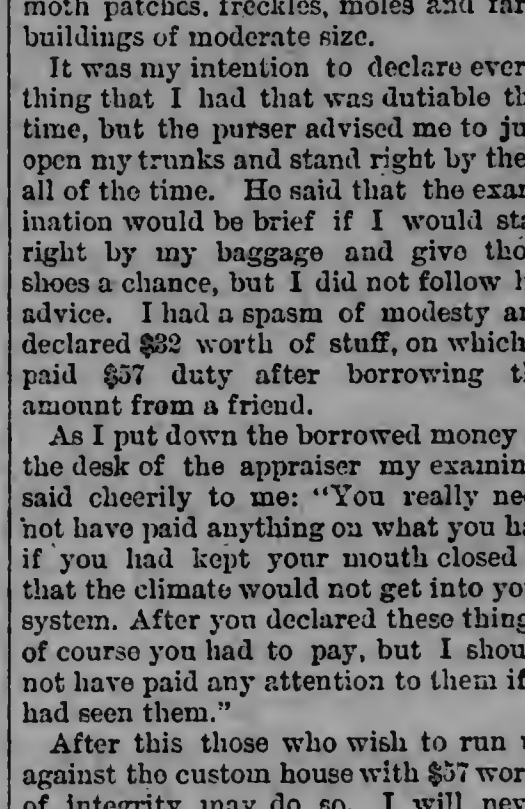
"The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" cannot but exert a harmful influence for this reason: Very few playwrights are Plinios, but most, if not all, imagine that they are, and to prove it they are apt to perpetrate imitations which will resemble the original only in the respect that both deal with erotic subjects. Eugene Ionesco is no exception, while the other will be repulsive in its vulgarity, devoid even of the lightest cloak to conceal its manifest attempt at suggestion. As a natural consequence, where one pleases the other will only disgust.

"Price Kam, or a Trip to Venus," which during its long and successful career at the Hub was known simply as "Venus," has come to town. The Comedie d'Arville Comedie, he is the piece at the Casino. It would be very easy to apply Shakespearean tests to "Price Kam" and at once declare that it is a worthless comedy, but as the author, Charles Alfred Byrne and Louis Harrison, and the composer, Gustave Kerker, do not sail under the colors of the Venus, but designate their work as "a fantastic comic opera," it would be manifestly unjust to condemn it because it is not up to "Toxotone" form.

The book of "Price Kam" is the best thing that Byrne and Harrison have ever done, or, to be more exact, it can easily be made so. Whatever defects there may be are not due to the construction, but rather to a misapplication of detail. There are faults easily remedied, however. "Price Kam" is a quartet of wise old men made up to look something like Wild Leghorn roosters, who quack at intervals. "That reminds me," and then proceed to tell the audience all about it in a plaintive but very fetching melody. They are very funny, though by yielding freely to the temptation to take too many encores they might easily become tiresome. Some of the gags in the libretto of "Price Kam" might also be dispensed with to advantage.

The story of the opera is not intricate or probable, but it doesn't pretend to be. Price Kam, the son of a Venusian prince, Prince Kam, who cannot succeed to the throne unless he shall have been married on or before his twenty-first birthday. The Venusian prince, however, does not regard with favor the fair features of this mundane sphere. Like the artist in the novel, he is a Venusian, but he has no love for the Venusian. An electrician agrees to shoot them all up to the planet of the Venus, and the apparatus is set to work. In Paris is a veritable madhouse, where the Venusian prince is found lying on the floor of the god of war, whom he quickly throws over for Prince Kam. The prince is then married to Venus. An electrician agrees to shoot them all up to the planet of the Venus, and the apparatus is set to work. In Paris is a veritable madhouse, where the Venusian prince is found lying on the floor of the god of war, whom he quickly throws over for Prince Kam. 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